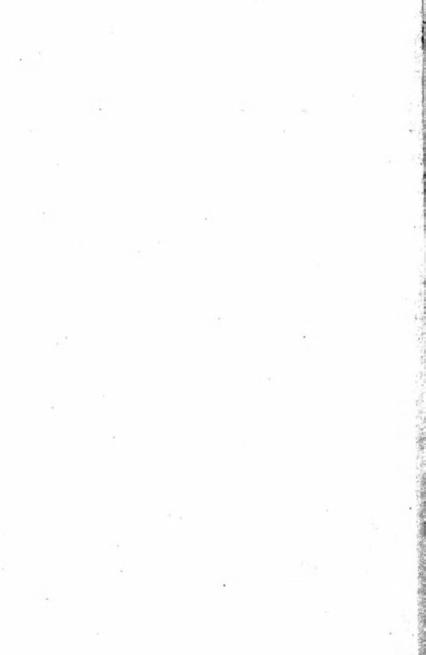
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GUIDE TO 14 ASIATIC LANGUAGES



GUIDE TO 14 ASIATIC LANGUAGES 12919

by ANDREW BOYD

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Foreword

I hope this handbook will smooth the path of some of the many English-speaking travellers who will, in the very near future, visit the newly awakened East. It is not a book for the pundit; in fact, I have tried to eliminate the high-flown language so dear to the Oriental grammarian, and so unhelpful to the traveller who is trying to make minor purchases in a small bazaar.

It may seem presumptuous to claim that one small book will be of real service as a guide to the thousand tongues of Asia. But it is surprising how far the dozen linguæ francæ of the East will serve the wanderer even in remote places. Arabic, Turkish and Persian between them will take him along all the shores, and through most of the interior, of the great region known as the Middle East, from North Africa to the frontiers of India. In India itself there are reckoned to be some two hundred languages and many more dialects; but the traveller is not likely to get into difficulty if he commands a few words of Hindustani (Urdu), Bengali and Tamil. Burmese, Siamese and Malay will serve most of his purposes in South East Asia, including the East Indies; the two forms of Chinese given in this book (Mandarin and Cantonese) will be of value not only in China, Manchuria and Formosa, but also in the countless centres of Chinese colonization between

Singapore and Manila; and Japanese too may be found useful in Korea and other places outside Japan proper, although it is fortunately no longer fashionable in Rangoon, Batavia or Shanghai. Finally, the increasing importance of the Soviet Union in Asiatic affairs prompts the inclusion of a vocabulary of Russian in this book. While Russian can in no sense be called an Asiatic tongue, no linguistic handbook for Asia would be complete if it omitted the language which dominates the northern half of the continent much as English dominates the southern littoral.

Asiatic languages are certainly no more difficult than European ones. Many, including Chinese, Siamese and Malay, possess a beautiful simplicity unmarred by any of the infuriating conjugations and declensions so prevalent in the West. Again the fact that stress is usually very even in an Asiatic language eliminates the bewildering business of 'swallowed' syllables, which often baffles the student of English-or, for that matter, of Russian. The absence of any equivalent for the English verb 'to have' may seem at first sight a deficiency in several of the languages included in this book; but at least it protects the beginner from the very natural but fatal error of inserting a dictionary translation of 'have' into idiomatic phrases intended to convey the English 'have you finished?' 'I have to go,' or 'he will have some made.' Where an equivalent for the basic meaning of 'have' exists, it is shown in the lists opposite 'possess'; where none exists the reader should refer to the notes at the end of

each section. These notes do not profess to cover the grammars of the languages concerned; but it should be possible for the beginner to construct simple sentences with no more aid than they provide.

The 'Glossary' contained in Part 4 of this book is intended to help the newcomer to the East to understand the commonest of the many strange words which he will hear on the lips of other English speakers, and which belong to no local language. Some, like toddy, godown, or mofussil are corruptions, often unrecognizable, of Asiatic words; others, such as chilli, dengue, peon, and tiffin, were brought to the East by early Europeans, and are firmly established in Anglo-Asiatic speech.

Throughout the four years of residence in various parts of Asia during which I compiled this book, I received invaluable assistance from many people of many communities; my special thanks are due to Miss Y. P. Loke, Colonel Stanley Lemin, Major Frank H. Burden and Subedar Jarasindh Singh Bisht. I must, however, take full responsibility for any errors which the more vigilant and expert reader may detect; and I would be most grateful for corrections, amplifications or suggestions from any quarter.

ANDREW BOYD.

Rangoon, 1945.

STANDARD PRONUNCIATION

as in 'à la carte, CENTRAL AROHASOLOGICAL VOWELS: Dale 19-10-48 ai as in 'bed' (final elist never silent)
as in 'grey' au aw as in 'law' ey as in 'grey' as in 'machine' as in 'robe' 0 oi as in 'join' as 'or' in 'work' ö as in 'rude' 11 ü as in German 'über'; as u in French 'du,' or ui in Scots 'guid'; a high sound almost resembling ee in 'keen' a swallowed sound or catch in the voice, as in 'that'll do,' 'h'm'

CONSONANTS:

- b, d, f, j, k, l, m, n, p, t, v, w, x, z as normally in English
- g as in 'gun'
- h as in 'hard' (except in combinations ch, gh, kh, dh, th)

ch as in 'church'

kh as ch in Scots 'loch' or German 'ach'

gh as in 'lough' or 'ugh'

dh as 'th' in 'clothing'

th as in 'cloth'

q as in 'quay' or 'quoit'

r always sounded; sporn would be pronounced like 'sporran,' not like 'spawn'

s as in 'say'

y as in 'you' (except in combination ey, above)

Part One

TURKISH

ARABIC (WESTERN)

ARABIC (EASTERN)

PERSIAN

HINDUSTANI (URDU)

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
above	yoqari	foq
absent	ghayib	ghayib
accident	hadise	hadis
address	khitab	khitab
after	badehu	ba'd
afternoon	ikindi	ba'd ed duhr
again	bir daha; tekrai	
age	yash	'omr
alive	diri ; hayya	hai; tayyib
all	hep ; külli	kull
all right	eyi; vesselam	
an right	cyr, vesserani	tayyıb, zen
allow	izin	azan; samah
alone	tenha	wahdo
also	da; dakhi	kaman
always	hemishe; dayima	a daiman ; kull
•		waqt
and	le; ve	wa
angry	darghin	za'lan
animal	haivan	haiwan
ant	qarinja	nimla
anything	her hangi biri	ai she
are	dirlar	_
arm	bazu ; qol	silah
army	ordu ; leshker	geysh
around	etraf	haw'l
arrangement	tertib	tartib
arrive	väsül ol-	wasal
ask	sor-; istid'a	saal; talab
	•	•

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
foq	bala	-ke upar
ghayib	ghayeb	ghair hazir
musiba	hadese	hadisa
kateb	invan	pata
ba'd	ba'd az	-ke bad
ba'd ed duhr	ba'd ez zohr	
tekrar	baz; dobare	
'amr	senn	umr
		zinda
hai; tayyib	zande	
kull	tamam	sab; tamam
tayyib; zen	khaili khub	ach'a; ba'ut ach'a; t'ik'e
semah; rakhkhas	ijazat dih-	ijazat de-
wahdi	tanha	akela
ham; aidhan		b'i; aur
daiman; kull waqt	*	hamesha
*****	Wa · O	aur
wa	Va; 0	khafa
za'lan	ghazabnak	
haiwan	janivar	janwar
nimla	murcha	chiunti
she	har chiz	koi chiz
_	and	hain

bazu qitf lashkar; artesh fauj jesh haw'l dor-i tadbir wasal rassaal; talab so'al kun-; talab kun-

bazu -ke as pas tamyiz; nezam bandobast pahunchpuch-; mang-

ENGLISH	TURKISH	arabic (w.)
at	-de; yan	'and
back (noun)	arqa; geri	gafa; dahr
bad	fena	battal; sharir
bag	khurj; kese	kis; gonia
bandage	sarghi	rubat
barber	berber	mizeyyin
basket	seped	sell
bath (tub)	hamam	hamam
bathe	yuqa-	isthamma
bathroom	banyo	hamam
be	dur; dir	-
beans	baqla; fasulya	fasulya
beautiful	güzel	gamil
because	zira; chünki	'ashan
become ·	lash-	shar
bed	yataq; dösheg	farash
bedroom	yataq odasu	odet en nom
before (time)	evvel	qabl
begin	bashla-	ibtada
behind	ard	wara; khalf
bell	chan; chingirdae	
below	alt	taht
bench	sura	maq'ad
best	en eyi	el ahsan
between	ara	ben
big	böyük ; iri	kebir
bill (account)	hisab	hisab
bird	qush; mürgh	ter
black	qara; siyah;	eswed

-

このは、からいないとのないのである

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
'and	dar; tu; ru	-ke pas; -men
jafa; dahr	pusht	pit'
sharir; kharab	bad; kharab	kh'rab
kis; jonia	kise; kif	bori
laffafa	laffafa	patti
mizeyyin	dallak	hajam; nai
sell	sabad; zanbil	tokri
hamam	hamam; ghusl	ghusl
tahammam	ghusl kun-	ghusl kar-
hamam	ghusl khana	ghusl khana
	hast	ho-
fasulya	lubiya	phali
latif; hasan	ghashang	khubsurat
min sebeb	chun (ke)	kiunkih
shar	shau-; bash-	hota ho-
farash	takht i khab	palang; charpai
jubbat en nom	khab-gah	sone ka kamra
qabl	pish az	-se pa'le
abda	shuru kun-	shuru kar-
wara; khalf	pusht-i	-ke piche
jur's	zang	ghanta
taht	pa'in	-ke niche
takhat	saku	chauki
el ahsan	bihtarin	sab se ach'a
ben	miyan-i	-ke darmian
kebir	buzurg	bara
hisab	hisab	hisab
ter	paranda; murgl	h chiria
eswed	siyah	kala

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
blacksmith	demirji	haddad
blanket	yorghan	hiram
blood	qan; dem	dem
blue	mavi; lajiverd	azraq
board ·	tahta	loh
boat	qayiq; filiqa	markeb
boil, to	qayna-; pishir-	salaq
bone	kemik	'adma
book	kitab	kitab
boot	chizmey	gazma
born, to be	dogh-	itwalad
box	sandiq	sanduq
boy	oghlan; chojug	walad
brass	pirinj	nahas
bread	ekmek; pidey	'esh
break, to	qir-; kesr et	keser
bribe, a	rishvet	reshwa; bartil
brick	tughla	tuba
bridge	köprü	kubri
brother	qardash; birader	akh
brush, a	fircha	fursa
build	bina et-; yap-	bena; 'ammar
building, a	bina; tamir	bina
bullock	tosun	tor
burn, to	yaq-; ihraq et-	
bush	chali	gaba
business	umur ; ish	shughl
buy	satin al-;	ishtara
	ishtira et-	
by	-le	'and; bi
	6	

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
haddad	ahenger	lohar
zuliya; planket		kambal
dem	khun	khun
azraq	abi	nila
loh	takht	takhta
markeb	qaiq ; kashti	kishti
fawwar	jush kun-	ubal-
'adma	ustukhan	haddi
kitab	kitab	kitab
qandara	putin	juta
mawlud	paida shan-	paida ho-
sanduq	sanduq; jaba	sanduq; bak's
walad	pisar	chokra; larka
prinj	birinj	pital
esh; khubz	nan	roti
keser	shikan-	tut-; tor-
reshwa; bartil	rishva	rishwat
tabuqa	ajur	int
jisr	pul	pul
akh	baradar	b'ai
farrach	burush	bras
bena; 'ammar	saz	bana-
bunyan	imarat	imarat
tor	gav	bail
ahraq	suz-	jala-
'uleq	butah	j'ari
shughl; tajara	tejarat	kam; bat
ishtara	khar–	kharid-
'and; bi	ba; az	-se;-ke sat'

В

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W).
call (for)	chaghir-	nadah
camp	ordu	mi'askar
can (is able)	-bil-	aqdar
cannot	-ma-	ma aqdarsh
candle	mum; sham	shema'
cane	qamish	'asaya
carpenter	dürger	naggar
carpet	hali; kilim	busat
carriage	araba	'arabia
cart	qanli	'arabia karo
cat	kedi	qutta
catch, to	tut-	mesck
cave	maghara; in	maghara
ceiling	tavan	saqf
chain	zenjir	salsil
chair	sandalya	kursi
change, to	deyish-; boz-	beddel
check (bill)	hisab	hisab
chief	sheykh; bash	rayyis; sheykh
child	chojug	walad
choose	ikhtiyar et-	ikhtar
church	kilisey	kanisa
cigarette	zigaret	zigara
city	shehr	wilaya; medina
clean	temiz	nedif
clerk	kyatib; mamur	katib
climb	turman-	issa'bat
clock	sa'at	sa'a
cloth	bez	gukh
clothes	chuqa; ruba	hidum
cloud	bulut	sahab
	0	

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
sah	sada kun-	bula-
mi'askar	urdu	
	tavan-	parao sak–
aqdar	na mi tavanad	na'in sak-
ma aqdarsh shema'	sham'	
	ta'limi	mom-batti bet
'asaya		mistri
najjar	najjar	
zulia	qali	dari
'arabia	kaliska	gari
'arabia karo	gari	gari
bazzuna	gurbah	billi
mesek	gir-	pakar-
maghara	ghar	ghar
saqf	saqf	ch'at
salsil	zanjir	zanjir
kursi		kursi
beddel	tabdil kun-	badli kar-
hisab	hisab	hisab
rais; sheykh	ra'is	sardar; khan
walad	bacha	bach'a
ikhtar	muntakhab kun-	- ch'un-
kanisa	kalisa	girja
zigara	sigari	sigaret; biri
wilaya; medina		shahr
nedif	pak	saf
katib	mirza; munshi	babu
issa'bat	bala rav-	char'-
sa'ad	sa'at	g'ari
kham; chit	parcha	kapra; sari
hudum	rakht; libas	kapre
ghema	ab'r	badal
9		

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
coat	setri	sitra
cock	khoroz; muslug	dik
coffee	qahva	qahwa
cold	sovuq; nevazil	barid
collar	yaqa	yaqa
comb	taraq; shaney	misht
come	gel-	ga
concerning	dayir	min gehet
cook, a	ashji	tabbakh
cook, to	pishir-	tabakh
corner	köshey; bujaq	zawia
correct	doghrul	sahih
cost (noun)	qimet	qima
cotton .	pamuq	qutn
count	sai-; tadad et-	'add
country	memleket	mcmleka; bilad
courtyard	havli	hosh
cover, to	ört–	ghatta
cow	inek	baqara
crowd	qalabaliq	zahma
cup	finjan	finjan
cupboard	dolab	dulab
curtain	perdey	sitara; parda
cushion	yasdiq	mekhadda
cut, to	kes-; qat et-	qata'
daily	günlük; yevmi	yomi
damage	zarar; saqatliq	darar
dance, to		ragass
danger		khatar

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
sitra	kot	kot
dik	khurus	murgha
gahwa	qahva	qahva; koffi
barid	sar'd	t'anda
yaqa	yaghey	kolla
misht	shaney	kangi
ja	a-	a-
min jehet	babat-i-	-ki babat
tabbakh	ash-paz	khansama;
	-	bawarchi
tabakh	paz-	paka-
zawia	gusha	kona
sahih	durust	t'ik
qima	qimat	qimat
qutn	pembey	rui
'add	shumar-	gin-
memleka; bilad	mulk	mulk
hosh	medan	angan
ghatta	pushi-	d'ak-
baqara; hasha	gav-i madah	gae
izdaham; jama'a	izdiham	b'ir
finjan; piala	finjan; piyala	piala
dulab	almari	almira
parda	pardah	parda
mekhadda	balish	gaddi
qata'; jass	bur-	kata-
yomi	har ruz	rozana; roz roz
darar	khesarat	nuqsan
raqass	raghsi-	nach-
khatar	khatar	khatra

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
dark	qaranliq; zulmet	mi'attim
date (day)	tarikh	tarikh
daughter	bint; dükhtür	
dawn	fejr; shafaq	fegr
day	yevm; ruz; gün	
dead	olü ; mürdey	meyyit
dear (in cost)	pahalu	ghali
deep	derin	amiq
die	öl–	mat
difficult	müshkil; güj	mushkil; sa'b
dig	qaz-; hafr et-	hafar
dinner	yemek; ta'am	ghada
dirty	kirli	wesikh
dish	tabaq ; qab	tabaq
district	sanjaq; qaza	markaz
do	et-	'amal
don't l	mey	la
doctor	hekim; tabib	hakim
dog	zaghar; tazi	kelp
donkey	eshek; khar	hamar
door	qapu; bab	bab
down	asha ·	taht
drain	laghim	masraf
dress, a		libs
drink, to	ich-	shereb
drive, to	git-	saq
drop (let fall)		waqqa'
ما در داد		1

ördek

toz

batta

turab

drop (let fall) duck

dust

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
mud'lim	mudlim	and'era
tarikh	tarikh	tarikh
bint	dukhtar	beti
fijr	sahar	prab'at
yom; nahar	ruz	din; roz
meyyit	murd	mar-gaya
ghali	giran	ma'anga
'amiq	darad	gahra
mat; tawaffa	mir-	mar–ja–
mushkil; sa'b	moshkil; sakht	
hafar	kan-	khod-
ghada; 'asha	sham	khana
wesikh	kasif	maila
ma'un	zarf	rikabi
nahiya	shahrestan	zila
sawwa	kun-	kar-
la	na	mat —o;
		mat karo
hakim; tabib	hakim; doktor	doktor
kelp	sag	kutta
hamar; zamal	khar	gad'a
bab	dar	darwaza
taht; hadr ·	pa'in	niche
mejra; saqia	ab dar-raw	nali
libs	rakht	poshaq; kapre
shereb	khor-; nushi-	pi-
saq	ran-	chala-
nezzel	chakani	gira de-
besh	urdak	batak
toz; 'ajaj	gard	mitti

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
each	her bir	kull
east	sharq	sharq
easy	rahat; qoley	sehl
eat	ye-	akal
egg	beyza	beda
eight	sekiz	tamanya
eleven	on bir	hidashar
empty	khali	farigh
end	uj; son	nehaya; akhir
enemy	düshman ;	'adu
•	khasim	
enough	kyafi	bes
enter	gir-; dakhil o	l– dakhal
envelop	zarf	zarf
evening	akhsham	maghrib
explain	izah et-	fesser
extinguish	utfa et-	taffa
extra	fazla	ziada
eye	göz	'ain
face	yüz; chehrey	wajh
fall, to	düsh-	wege'
family	khandaan	'ela
fan	yelpaze	marwaha
far	dur; uzaq	be'id
farmer	renjber	fallah
fasten	hala_	rahat

fasten balafat (stout) semiz
father peder
fear, to qorqfeast ziyafet; id

rabat semin ab; walid khaf 'id

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
kull	har	har; ek ek
sharq	mashriq	mashriq; purab
sehl; heyyin	sahl	asan
	khur-	kha-
akal	tukhm	anda
beda		
tamanya	hasht	at'
hidashar	yazda	gyara
khali	khali	khali
nehaya	khatima; sar	khatm; sira; akhir
'adu	doshman;	dushman
•	khasim	
bes; kafi	bas; kafi	bas; khafi
dakhal	dakhil shau-	andar ja-
d'arf	lifafa	lifafa
mesa	sham	sham
fesser	hali kun-	samja-
taffa	khamush kun-	
zayid	foghaladey	faltu
-	chashm	ankh
'ain	Chashin	ankn
, in the		ahihaa
wajh	surat; ru	chihra
weqe'; tah	uft-	gir-
'ela	ayal	balbach'e
maheffa	bad bi-zan	pank'a

'èla ayal
maheffa bad
be'id dur
fallah fallah
rabat; shedd band
semin gund
ab; walid pidar
khaf tarsi'id; diyafa id; 1

uftayal
bad bi-zan
dur
fallahi; zari
bandgunda
pidar; valid
tarsiid; mihmani

gir-balbach'e pank'a dur kisan band-mota bap dar-mihmani

ENGLISH feed, to female fence

fetch fever

few field fight, to find, to finger

finish fire

first fish five

flag flat

flood floor

flour flower fly, a

fog fold, to follow

food foot

for (prep.) foreigner

forest forget TURKISH

beslevdishi; madey

siper getirhümma

az; qalil sahra; tarla

qavgha etbul-

parmag bitiratesh

ilk; birinji baliq besh

bairag düz; yassi sel; tufan

döshemey un chichek

sinek duman qatla-

taqib etyem; yeyejek

pa; qadem ichin

ejnebi orman

unut-

ARABIC (W.)

wakkil nitaya zarbiya

gab sakhuna qalil

get taharab lega

sub' khallas nar

awwel semeka khamsa

beraq mihattat

gharaq ard tehin

zahra debana dabab

tabbaq teba'

ta'am; ekl qadam; rigl

'alashan; li egnabi ghaba nesi

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
ta'm	khurani-	khila-
nitya	zan; madey	aurat; aurat ka-
siyaj	divara	jangla
jab	ar-	la-
sakhuna	tab	bukar; tap
qalil	kam	kam; t'ore
mazra'a; medan	zera'at	khet; maidan
taharab; ta'arak		lar-
lega; wajad	yab-	pata laga-
sub'a ; usbu'	angusht	ungli
khallas; kemmel	tamam kun-	khat'm kar-
nar	atash	ag
awwel	avval	pa'la
semeka	mahi	machli
khamsa	panj	panch
beraq	bairaq	j'anda
'adil	musattah	hamwar
zod	sailab	sailab
ard	zamin	farsh
tehin	ard	atta
warad	gul	phul
debana	magas	makhi
dabab	mih	kohra
tawa	ta kun-	tah kar-
teba'	pushti-sar rav-	pich'a kar-
ta'am; ekl	khurak	khana
qadam; rijl	pa	paon
li ejel; khatir	baraye	-ke lie
ejnabi	khareji	ghair-mulkwala
ghaba	jangal	jangal
nesi	faramush kun-	b'ul-

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
fork	chatal	shoka
.fort	qala	qal'a
four	dört	arba'a
friend	dost	sahib
from	-den	min
front, in	ön	muqdim
fruit	meyvey	fakha
fry	tavada pishir	qala
fuel	kömür	hatab
garden	baghchey	ginena; baghcha
gate		harryaha
gather	qapu topla–	jema'
gentleman	effendi	efendi; khawaga
get	al-	gab
girl	qiz	bint
give	ver-	idda
glass (drinking)		kubbaya
glass (looking)	ayna	miraya .
glove	eldivan	guwanti
goat	kechi	tes
go	git-	rah; mesh
_	<u> </u>	

18

eyi; ala

allah

altun

daney

ot qabr

hükümeti

fistan; ruba

eshya; mal

tayyib

buda'a

deheb

fustan

habba

hashish

qabr

hukuma

allah; ilah

good

god

gold

gown grain

grass

grave, a

government

goods

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
chingal	changal	kanta
jil'a	qala	qila
arba'a	chahar	char
sadiq	dust	dost
min; 'an	az	-se
qadam	jilau–i	-ke samne
fakha	mivah	meva; phal
qala	sorkh kun-	tal-
hatab	hizam	jalne ki chiz
baghcha; bustan	bagh	bagh; baghicha
bab	bab	phatak
jema'	jama kun-	jama kar-
efendi; khawaja	agha	sahib
hassal	yab-	la-
bint	dukhtar	larki
a'ta	dih-	de-
kubbaya; glass		glass
aina; miraya	ayina	aina
keff	dast-kash	dastana
tes; 'anza	buz	bakri
rah; mesh	rau-	ja-
tayyib; zen	khub	ach'a
amwal	asbab; kala	saman
allah	allah	khuda; allah
deheb	zar	sona
hukuma	daulat	sarkar; hukumat
fustan	lebas	jubba
ta'am	dana	dana
hashish	'alaf	ghas
qabr	qabar	qabar

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
grease	yagh	dihn
great	azim; böyük	kebir
green	yeshil	akhdar
greet	selam ver-	salem 'ala
ground	yer; arsa	ard
grow	böyü–	nema
guest	müsafir	def
guide	rehber	dalil
gun	tüfeng	bunduqiya
hair	sach; qil	sha'ra
half	yarim; nim	nuss
hand	el	yed; id
handkerchief	mendil	mendil
handle	sap; qabzey	yed; id
happen	ol-	jara
happy	sa'adetli	sa'id
hat	shapqa	burneta
he	0	huwa
head	bash; ser; res	ras
hear	dinle-ishit-	seme'
heart	qalb; dil	qalb
heaven	firdevs; sema	sema
heavy	aghir	teqil
hedge	chit	zarbiya
hen	tavuq	farkha
here	bura	hena
high	yüksek	'ali
hill	depey	tel; gebel
hire, to	kirala-	kera
his	onun	-u

ARABIC (E.) dihn kebir; ad'im akhdar salem 'ala ard nema def dalil; museyyir tufka

gris; dihn buzurg sabz salam dihzam; zamin ruymihman rahbar tofang

PERSIAN

charbi bara hara salam dezamin ugmihman ra'numa bandug

bal

*HINDUSTANT

sha'ra nus f yed; id mendil; kefiya yed; id jara; sar sa'id; masrur shefqa; qapus huwa ras seme' qalb sema teqil siyaj dujaja hena 'ali tel; jebel kera $-\mathbf{u}$

mu nim dast dastmal dastgirey shau-; bashkhush-vaqt kulah in sar shinavdil firdaus sangin kharband makiyan inja buland; ali tappah kiraya gir--esh

ad'a hat' rumal karri; handal hokhush topi wuh sir sundil firdaus; bihisht b'ari j'arbandi murghi y'han; id'r uncha pahari kiraye par leuska

ENGLISH	●TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
home	ev; vatan	bet
home, at	evdey	istaqbil
honest	emin; sadiq	amin; sadiq
honey	bal; mikh; asal	
hope, to	ümmid et-	it'assim
horse	esb; at	husan
hospital	khastakhane	isbitalya
hot	sijaq	harr
hotel	khan	loqanda
hour	sa'at	sa'a
house	ev; beyt	beyt
how?	nijey	kef
how much?	ne'qadar	kam
hundred, a	yüz	mia
hunt, to	avla-	ed
hurt, to	injit	aza
husband	qoja	goz
hut	qulübe	issa
I	ben	ana
if	eyer	law
ill	meriz; hasta	marid'
immediately	o sa'at	halan
important	muhim	muhim
ink	mürekkeb	hebr
inn	khan	khan
insect	böjek	hashara
interpreter	müterjim	turguman
into	-e	fi
iron	demir	hadid

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
` '	khana	ghar
bet	khana	ghar men
fil bet		imandar
amin; sadiq		
'asal	asal; mikh	shahd
te-emmel	ummid dar-	umed kar-
husan	asb	g'ora
khastakhana	marizkhana	aspital
harr	garm	garm
loqanda	mihman-khana	hotel; sarai
sa'a	sa'at	g'anta
beyt	khana; manzel	makan
kef	che taur	kis tarah
sh'qadr	chi-qadr; chand	kitna
mia	sau	sau; ek sau
ed	shikar kun-	shikar kar-
'awwar	zakhm kun-	nuqsan kar-
zoj; rejul	shauhar	khawind
sarifa	kulba	basti
ana	bande	main
law; id'a	agar	agar
marid'; khasta	mariz; nakhosh	bimar
halan; bis sa'a	fauran	ek dam; fauran
muhim	lazim	zaruri
hebr	murakkab	siahi
khan	sarai;	sarai
	mihmankhana	
baqq	hashrat	kira
turjuman	tarjuman	tarjuman
fi		-men
hadid	ahin	loha
fi	tu; dar	-men

	ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
	is	dir	
٠	is not	deyil'dir	
	island	jezire	gezira
	it	0	huwa
	jewel	jevahir	gohara
	journey	seyahat	sefer
	judge, a	qadi; hakim	qad'i
	jug	desti	brig
	jump, to	sichra-	natt
	juice	su	'asir
	,		
	kettle	gügüm	abrig
	key	miftah	miftah
	kick, to	tep-	refes
	kill	öldür–	qatal
	kind (amiable)	tatli	safuq
	kind (sort) .	jins	gins
	king	q'ral; padishah	melek
	kitchen	ashkhane;	matbakh
		matbakh	
	knife	bichaq	sikkina
	know, to	bil-	dere; 'eref
			·
	lady	hanim	hanim; sitt
٠	lake	göl	buhera
	lamb	quzu	kharuf
	lamp	lamba	lamba; qandil
	land	qara	ard; mulk
	lane	yol	'atfa

arabic (e.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
	ast	hai; he
	nist	ne'hai
jezira	jazira	jazira
huwa	an; in	wuh
johara	javahir	jawahir
sefer	safar	safar
qad'i	ghazi	insaf
briq; jak	kuze	kuza
tafar	jastan kun-	kud-
'asir	shira; ab	ras
kidr	ketri	kitli
miftah	kalid	chabi
refes	lagad zan-	lat mar-
qatal	kush-	mar dal-
latif	az rahi lutf	mihrban
jins	jur; gune	qism
melek	shah; padshah	raja; badishah
matbakh	ashpaz-khana	bawarchi-khana
sikkina	kard	ch'uri
dere; 'eref	dan-; shinas-	jan-;
		-ko malum ho-
khatun	khanom	begam ; memsah'b
buhera	darracha	j'il; talab
tali	daryacha barra	b'er ka bach'a
	chiragh	batti
lampa ard; mulk	zam; zamin	zamin
shari'	kucha	gali; kucha
SHALL	Rucha 25	Ban, Audia

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W).
language	zeban; lisan	lisan
large	iri ; böyük	kebir
last	son	akhir
late	gej; sabiq	mitakher
laugh, to	gül–	dehek
law	qanun ;	qanun
144	shariyat	quita
lawyer	vekili; avoqat	abukato
lead, to	götür–	dall
leaf	yapraq	warqa
learn	tahsil et-	ta'allam
leave	tatil	rukhsa
(of absence)		
left (side)	sol	shemal
leg	bajaq	rigl
lend	ödünj ver–	sallif
less	az	aqall
letter	mektub	maktub; khatt
lie down	yat-	raqad
lift, to	qaldir–	rafa'
light, a	nur	nur
light, to	yaq-	walla'
light (weight)	hafif	khafif
line	chizgi; khatt	khatt
listen	dinley-	istanat
little, a	bir az	shwaya
live	yasha-	'ash .
lock	kilid	qifl
long (distance)	uzun	tawil
lose	yitir—	dayya
love	muhabbet	habb

ARABIC (E.)

lisan kebir akhir mitakher dahak qanun; shar'

PERSIAN

zeban buzurg akhir mu'attal; dir khandganun

HINDUSTANI

zaban bara se pichla; akhiri dcr se

hansqanun; qaida

wakil da'wa qad

warqa ta'allam rukhsa qanun-dan

barbarg yad girmurakh-khasi vakil

rah batapatta sikhch'utti

shemal rijl

aqrad' aqall

maktub; khatt nam

rafa'; shal nur sha'al

khafif khatt; satr

istema'

shweya; qalil seken; 'ash

qifl tawil deyya habb chap saq

qarz dihkam kaghaz

khwabi– buland kun–

chiragh rushan kunkhafif

khatt gush dih-

kami ziqufl

daraz; boland gum kundust dar-

27.

baen tang

qarz dekam

chitt'i letut'a-

roshni jala–

halka lakir sun–

t'ora

ji--; rah-tala

lamba gum kar-

gum karpiyar karenglish turkish arabic (w.) low alchaq wati

madam hanim; madama sitt; madama

yap-; imal et-'amal make insan; adam insan; ragil man choq ketir many kharta kharta map market pazar pus nikyah marriage gawaz effendi; agha sid master hasir hasira mat kibrit kibrit match minder farsha mattress beni -ni ; -i me lahm meat et deva medicine dawa rastgellaga meet igtima' ijtima meeting tamirsallah mend merchant tajir tajir midnight nuss el lel geje yarusu milk süd halib daqiqa minute daqiqa khata ghilit mistake fulus agjey money monkey maimun qird month shahr; mah shahr gamer; mah moon qamr ziadey ezyed; aktar more

subh; sabah

sabah

morning

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
nasi	pa'in	nicha
sitt	khanom	begam ; memsahib
sawwa	saz-	bana-; kar-
rejil; adami	mard	admi
ketir; wajid	khaili	ba'ut
kharita	naqsha	naqsha
suq	bazar	bazar
'urs	'arusi	shadi
ra'is	arbab	malik; sah'b
hasira	burya	chatai
kibrit	kibrit	kari; machis
doshek	dushak	gadela
-ni ; -i	-am	mujh(e)
lahm	gusht	gosht
dawa	dava	dawa
laqa; ijtema	mulaqat kun-	-se mil-
ijtima'	majlis	jalus
sallah	durust kun-	maramat kar-
tajir	tajir	saudagar
nuss el lel	nim-shab	ad'i rat
halib	shir	dud'
daqiqa	daqiqa	minit
ghelet	estebah	galti
fulus	pul	paisa
shadi	buzinah	bandar
shahr	mah	ma'ina
qamr	mah	chand
ezyed; aktar	bishta r	ziada; aur
subh; sabah	subh	subah

ARABIC (W.) **ENGLISH** TURKISH jami; mesjid mosque gami; masgid en ziadey el ekter most mader; ana mother umm otomobil tambil motor-car iebel gebel mountain aghiz; dihan mouth fumm qimildanmove, to harrak Mr. -effendi khawaga Mrs. -hanim sitt much choq ketir mud chamur tin mule qatir baghl musiqa music muziga benim my . nail (iron) ekser; mikh musmar ad; isim; nam name ism dar dayyiq narrow millet; ummet nation umma qarib yaqin near nearly heman taqriban necessary lazim lazm : daruri needle ibra iyney never hich; asla ebeden yeni; jedid gedid new khaber khabr news garida newspaper gazeta

next night yandaki gejey tani lel

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
jami; masjid	masjid	masjid
el ekter; ezyed	-tar az hama	sab se-
umm; walida	madar	man
tambil	otomobil	motor-gari; gari
jebel	kuh	pahar
halq; fah	dahan	munh
harrak	harakat kun-	ehal-
khawaga	agha-yi-	-sah'b
sitt	khanom-i-	-sah'ba
ketir	khaili	ba'ut
tin; wahl	gel	mitti
baghl	qatir	khach'ar
muziqa	musiqan	baja
-i	-am	mer'
bismar	mikh	mekh
ism	ism; nam	nam
dayyiq	tang	tang
umma	daulat; kashvar	qaum; jat
qarib	qarib; nazdik	nazdik
taqriban	taqriban	taqriban;
		qarib-qarib
lazm ; daruri	lazem	zaruri
ibra	suzan	sui
abadan	hich; hargiz na	kab'i na'in
jedid	nau	naya
khabr	khabar	khabar
jarida	ruznama;	akhbar
	akhbar	

ayanda shab 31 agla rat

tani; thumma lel

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
nine	doquz	tis'a
no	khair; hich	ma; la
noon	öylen	duhr
north	shimal	shimal
	burun	manakhir
nose		la; ma; mush
not	deyil hich	la she; mafish
nothing	пісп	
	1.1	haga
now	shimdi; elan	dilwaqt; alan
number	sayi; aded	'add
o'clock	sa'at	es sa'a
of	-in	-; min
office	idarekhane	diwan
officer	zabiti; mamur	dabit; mamur
often	ekseriya	marrat kitira
oil	yagh	zet
O.K. (all right)	eyi; vesselam	tayyib; zen
old	esgi	qadim; 'aguz
on	-de	'ala
once	bir kerrey	marra
one	bir	wahid
only	salt; anjaq	bes; faqat
open	achiq	maftuh
or	ya	aw
orange	portugal;	burtugana;
	narenj	naringa
order, to	emr et-	amar
other	akher; diger	akhar
our	bizim	-na
out	dishari	barra

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
tis'a	nuh	nau
lakhair; ma; la	khair	na'in; ney
duhr	zuhr	do pahar
shimal	shamal	shimal
khashm	demagh	nak
la; ma; mush	0	na'in; ney
hich; la she	hich na	kuch na'in
111011 , 111 0110		10011 110 111
alan; hessa	hala	ab'i
'add	numra	tadad; nam'r
es sa'a	sa'at-i	baje
	-i	-ka; -ki
idara	idareh	daft'r; ofis
dabit; mamur	afsar	afsar; sardar
wajid; kathir	aksar	aksar; ba'ut dafa
gaz; dihn	raughan	tel
tayyib; zen	khaili khub	t'ik 'e; ach'a
kabir; 'atiq	kuhna	purana; bud'a
'ala	bar; ru	-par
marra	yak dafa	ek dafa
wahid	yak	ek
bes; faqat	faqat	sirf; k'ali
maftuh	baz	khola
aw; yo	ya	ya
portugala	narangi	narangi
1 0	•	8
amar	hukm kun-	hukm de-
akhar	digar	dusra
-na	-a man	hamar'
barra	birun	bahar

ENGLISH	TURKISH	arabic (w).
pack up	sar-	hazam
pain	aghri; sizi	waga'
paper	kisd	waraq
path	yol; tariq	sikka
pay, to	öde–	dafa'
20200	musaleha	sulh; salam
peace	qalem	qalem
pen	qurshun qalem	
pencil		nas
people	millet; qavm biber	filfil
pepper		'etr
perfume	rayiha	shakhs
person	shakhs; adem	
picture	tasvir; resim	sura
pig	donuz	khanzir
pillow	yastiq	makhadda
pin	toplu	dabbus
pineapple	ananas	ananas
pipe	chibuq	shubuk
place	yer	makan; mahall
plain (ground)	ova	sahl
plant, a	fidan	nabat
plate	tabaq; qab	sahn
play, to	oyna-	le'eb
pocket	jeb	geb
poisonous	zehir	musim
policeman	polis	'askari bolis
pond	göl; havuz	birka
pony	midilli	sisi
porter	hammal	hammal
	malile tal	malale 4

melek

malik 'ol-

possess

	*	
ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
lemm	band-	band kar-
waja'	dard	dard
kaghid	kaghaz	kagaz
sikka	rah	pagdandi
wafa	pul dih-	talab de-;
4	•	paisa de-
sulh; salam	sulah; salam	sulah; aram
qalem	qalam	galam
qal'm rasas	madad	pensil
nas; shali	mardum	Îog
filfil	filfil	mirch
'etr	etr	khushbu
shakhs	shakhs	shakhs
sura; resm	taswir	taswir
khanzir	khenzir	suar
makhadda	balish	takiya
debbus	sanjaq	tachni
ananas	ananas	ananas
sabil	chupuq	huqa; nali
makan; mahall	makan; ja	jagah '
chol; barriya	medan; dasht	maidan
nabat	rustani	pauda
sahn	bushqab	rikabi
la'ab	bazi-	khel-
jeb	jib	jeb
musim	zahrdar	zahrila
'askari bolis	azhan; pazban	
birka	hauz	johar; talab
sisi	yabu	tattu
hammal	hammal	kuli; hammal
	•	/

dar

hammal malek

kuli; hammal (see note)

ENGLISH	TURKISH	arabic (w.)
post office	postahane	maktab bosta
pot	chanaq; qab	qidr
potato	patates	batatsa
pour	dök–	kabb
prayer	niyaz; rija	salwa
present, to be	bulun-	hidir
price	qimet; fiyat	taman; qima
priest	keshish; papas	qassis
prince	bey; shahzadey	emir; saltan
prisoner	esir; mahbes	mahbus
profession	san'at	iqrar
pull	chek-	garr
punish	mujazat et-	qasas
purse	kesey	kis
put	qo-; vaz et-	hatt
guarter	rub	rub'
quarter question	sival	suwal
quick	tez; chapuq	sari'
quick	tez, chapuq	Sall
rabbit	tavshan	arnab
rain	yaghmur	matr
raisins	chamish	zabib
rat	gerel	far
railway	demir-yol	sikka hadid
raw	chi	ni
razor	ustura	mus
read, to	oqu-	qara
ready	hazir	hadir
receipt	maqbuz	wasl
red	qirmizi	ahmar

ARABIC (E.)

bostakhana jidr; hibb bateta sabb sala had'ar qima; si'r qass

qass amir; saltan mahbus; asir wadifa

jarr qasas kis hatt

rub'

suwal sari'; khafif

arnab
matr
zabib
juredi
sikka hadid; rel
ni
mus
qara
hadir
wasl

ahmar

PERSIAN

post-khana dik

sib–i–zamini riz–

namaz tashrif dar–

qimat pir; murshid amir; shahzada

dastgir; pisha estekhdam kashsaza dih-

kisah nih-; guzar-

rub so'al zud

khargush barish kishmish

mush relwey kham tigh

khanhazir rasid sorkh HINDUSTANI

dak-khana bartan : lota

alu dal–

namaz; puja hazir ho-

qimat mulla; pujari raja; maharaja

qaidi pesha khench saza de t'aili; kis rakh—

pao sawal jaldi; tez

khargosh barish kishmish chuha rel kach'a ustura par'-

taiyar

rasid

lal

ENGLISH	TURKISH	arabic (W.)
relation	agriba	qarib
remember	der khatir et-	itzakkar
remove	qaldir-	shal
repair, to	tamir et-	sallah
reply, to	jevab ver-	gawab
rescue, to	qurtar-	khallas
rest (repose)	rahat	raha
return (go back) dön-	rigi
rice (raw)	pirinj	ruzz; shileb
rice (cooked)	pilav	ruzz; timen
rich `	zengin	ghani
ride, to	bin-	rekeb
rifle	tüfeng	bunduqiya
right (side)	sagh taraf	yamin
right (correct)	haq; doghru	sahih
ripe	olmush	mustawi
rise, to	qalq-; yuksel-	qam
river	irmaq; nehr	nahr
road	yol; [addey	sikka; tariq
roof	dam	sat'
room	oda	oda
rope	ip; halat	habl
rotten	chürük	mi'affin
rough	qaba	khashm
rug	kechey; kilim	sagada; zuliya
run	qosh-	giri
sack	chuval	kis
safe	emin; salim	emin; salim
salt	tuz	melh
same	zat	zat
sand	qum	raml

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
•		
qarib	khish	rishtadar
tedekker	yad dar-	yad kar-
shal	bar-	leja-
'ammar	durust kun-	maramat kar-
jawab	jawab kun-	jawab de-
khallas	khalas kun-	baeha-
raha	aram	aram
rejey	bar-gard-	wapas ja-
shileb	birinj	chawal
timen	birinj ; pilau	b'at .
ghani; zengin	ghani	amir
rekeb	savar kun-	sowar kar-
tufka ; matli	tofang	raif'l; banduq
yamin	rast	da'ina
munasib; tamam		t'ik; durust
mustawi	rasida	pakka
qam; sa'ad	pa-shau-	ut'∸
nahr; shatt	rud-khana	darya
tariq; darb	rah	rasta
sat'	bam	ch'atri
gubba; ghurfa	utaq	kamra
habl	tanab	rassi
fasid	pusida	sara hua; k'rab
khashm	zebr	khurdura; kach'a
sajada; zuliya	qalicha	dari; qalieha
reked'	dav-	daur-
goniya	guni	bori; guni
amin; salim	iman	salamat
melh	namak	nimak
zat	hamin	ek jaisa
raml	rig	ret

ENGLISH	TURKISH	arabic (w.)
sandals	sandal	na'al
sauce	salcha	marqa
savage	yabani; vahshi	_
•	de-	qal
say scissors	maqas	maqas
school	mekteb	medresa; mekteb
screen	perdey	sitara
	vida	barrima
screw	deniz	bahr
sea	yer	matrah
seat second	ikinji	tani
	gör–	shaf
see seek	ara-	dawwar ala
seek	sat-	ba'
	gönder-	ba'at
send	yedi	seb'a
seven several	bir qach	ketir
	dik-	khayyat
sew shallow	sigh	mush gawit
	trash et-	meyyen
shave, to shawl	shal	shal
		ghanama
sheep she	qoyun	hiya
	charshaf	farkh
sheet	Charshai	IOZAII
ship	gemi	markab
shirt	gömlek	qamis
shoe	qundura	markub
shoot, to	at-; vur-	darab
shop	dukkian;	dukan
*	maghaza	

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
na'al	give	champal; chapli
marqa; sas	chashni	chatni
wahshi	vahshi	jangli
qal	gu-	bol-; kah-
maqas	qaichi	qainchi
maktab; medresa	madrasa	madrassa; skul
hajiz	parda	parda; chiq
burghi	pich	pech; skru
bahr	bahr; darya	samundar
kursi; skamli	ja	chauki ; kursi
tani	duvum	dusra
shaf	bin-	dek-
dawwar ala	ju-	talash kar-
ba'	farush-	bech-
ba'at	firist-	b'ej-
seb'a	haft	sat'
ketir; 'adid	chand	ba'ut; chand
khayyat	duz-	si-
gesh; ma qalil		ch'ichla; t'ora
meyyen	tarashi-	hajamat bana-
shal	shal	shal
ghanama; kebsh	gusfand	b'er
hiya	in; an	wuh
charchafm	chadar	chadar
warqa		
markab; safina	jahaz	jahaz
qamis	pirahan	kamis
qandara	kafsh	juti
rama	tir andaz	goli mar-
dukan	dukan	dukan

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
short	qisa	qasir
shoulder	umuz	qitf
shout, to	bar-	sah
show, to	baqit-	beyyen; shawaf
side	janib; taraf	ganib
sign	alamet; nishan	'alama
sign, to	imzala-	emda
silk	ipek	harir
silver	gümüsh	fedda
since	beri	min waqt
sir	effendi	effendim
sister	hemshirey	ukht
SISTEL	110111011110)	
sit	otur-	qa'ad
six	alti	sitta
skin	deri	giled
skirt	etek	tanura
sky	gök yüzü	sema
sleep, to	uyu-	nam
slow	aghir; bati	mitani; bati
small	küchük; saghir	sughair
smell, a	qoqu	riha; shemm
smoke	düman	dukhan
smoke, to .	tüt–	sharab dukhan
snake	yilan	ti'ban
snow	qar	tel'g
so	öyle	keda
soap	sabun	sabun
socks	chorab	shurab
soft	yumshaq	na'im
soil	pislik	ard; turab
3011	Poster	

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
qasir	kutah	ch'ota; kami
qitf	shanah	kand'a
sah	seyah kun-	chilla-
beyyen; rawa	nama-	dikha
janib	pahlu	kinara; taraf
'alama	nishan	nishan
emda	emza kun-	dastkhat kar-
harir; ibrisam	abrishami	resham
fedda	nuqra	chandi
min; madam	chun	-se
effendim	agha	sah'b
ukht	hemshire;	bahin
	khahar	
qa'ad	nishin-	bait'-
sitta	shish	ch'e
jiled	pust	khal
tanura	daman	daman
sema	aseman	asman
nam	khab-	so-
thaqil; bati	ahista	a'ista
sughair	kuchik	ch'ota
riha; shemm	bu	bu
dukhan	dokhan	d'uan
sharab titen	kashi-	(tambaqu) pi-
hayya	mar	sanp.
tel'j	barf	barf
hakeda	antor	aisa
sabun	sabun	sabun
jawarib	jurab	moze
leyyin	narm	narm
ard; turab	khak	mitti .

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
soldier	asker; nefer	'askari
some	bir qach	ba'd
something	bir she	she
sometimes	ba'zi defa	fi ba'd el ahyan
son	oghul	ibn
song	türkü; mani	ginwa
soon	bir azdan	halan
sorry	mükedder	haznan
sort	soi; dürlü	gins
soup	chorba	shorba
_	-06	
sour	ekshi	hamid
south	jenub; qibley	ginub
speak	qonush-	haka; tekelem
spectacles	güzlik	manzar
spend	sarf et-;	saraf
	kharja-	
spices	baharat	baharat
spoon	qashiq	ma'laqa
spring, a	punar; bahar	'ain
stable	tavia	tola; istabl
stairs	merdiven	salalim
stamp (postal)	pul	bul; tabi' bosta
stand, to	dur-	qam
star	yildiz; sitare	negma
starch	qola	nisha
start, to	yola chiq-	mesha; ibteda
station, police	meuqi	karakol

qal-; otur-chal-

station, railway istasyon

stay, to

steal

mahatta

saraq; bakhira

baqa

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
'askari	sarbaz	sipa'i
ba'd; she	qadri; chand	kuch'
she; ferd she	chiz-i	kuch na kuch'
ba'd waqt	gah gah-i	kabi kabi
ibn	pisar; walad	beta
naghma; pesta	avaza	git; gana
bil 'ajel; halan	zud	jald; jaldi se
mute-essif	mota-asef	afsos se
jins	jur; gune	qism
shorba	shurva; ab-i-	sĥorva
Onula	gusht	
hamid	talkh	khatta
jinub	junub	janub
haka; tekelem	gu-	bol-; kah-
mand'ara	enak	chashma
saraf	kharj kun-	kharch kar-
baharat	adviya	masala
khashuga	qashuq	chamcha
'ain	chasma	chashma
tola .	tavila	astbal
derej	pilla	sirhi
bul	tamr	tikat
qam	ist-	khara ho-
nejma	setara	tara; istara
nisha	nishasta	kalaf
mesha; ibteda	shuru kun-	shuru kar-
markaz polis	kalantari	t'ana
mahatta	istgah	isteshan
baqa	man-	rah-
saraq; baq	duzd-	chura–

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
steamer	vapor	markab bukhar
steel	chelik	bulad
stick	deynek	'ud
sting, a	iney	las'a
stocking	chorab	shurab
stomach	mi'de	mi'da
stone	tash	hagar
stop, to	dur	waqaf
storm	furtuna	zoba'a
story	hikiaya	hikaya
straight	doghru	elil gubal
stranger	gharib	gharib
street	soqaq; mahalle	sikka; shari'
strike, to	vur–	darab
string	ip; sijim	khait
strong	quvvetli	qawi
study, to	chalush-	deres
sugar	sheker	sukkar
summer	yaz	sef
sun	günesh	shems
supper	akhsham ta'ami	'asha
swamp	batqluq	mustanqa
swim	yüz–	am
table	sofra; masa	sufra; mez
tailor	terzi	khayyat
take away	al-; qaldir-	shall
take (hold of)	al-; zabt et-	misik
talk, to	laqirdi et-	haka
,	*	
tank (reservoir)	sahrunj	hud; tanka

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
markab dukhan	kashti-yi-bukhar	jahaz
fulad	pulad	faulad
'asa	chub	lakri
las'a	nish	dank
jawarib	jurab	jurab .
meda	shikam	pet
hajar	sang	pat'ar
waqaf	va ist-	rok-
fortona	tufan	tufan
hikaya	qissa	qissa
elil jubal	rast	sid'a
gharib	ajnabi	ajnabi
shari'; darb	kheyaban	rasta; gali
darab	zan-	mar-
khait; sutli	risman	d'aga
qawi	ghavi	mazbut
deres; tala'	amuz	ghaur kar; sikh-
sheker	shakkar	chini; shakkar
sef	tabistan	garmi (mausim)
shems	aftab	suraj
'asha	sham	rat ka khana
hor	mashila	daldal; j'il
sebeh	shena kun-	tair-
me7	miz	mez
mez khazarat		derzi
khayyat wada	bar-	leja-
		qabu kar-; le-
lezem ; qad' haka	gir-	bol-
пака	gu-;	001-
had a saules	guftugu kun-	talah
hud; tanka	hauz; daryacha	talab

ARABIC (W.) **ENGLISH** TURKISH chai chai tea teach talim etallam muallim; hoja muallim teacher telghraf telegraf telegram qal; khabbar tell, to söile-; deheykel; ma'bed hekal temple ash'ra ten on chadir khema tent min -dan than o; shu that ili: dikha their -lari; anlerin -hum then sonra; badehu waqtaha hinak there ога therefore imdi lid'alik onlar they huma; hum thick qalin; siq takhin khirsiz thief harami; sariq rafi' thin injo thing ish; shey she; haga think düshün ifteker this bu; shu da thousand bin elf tel; iplik khait thread three üch talata throw, to at rama ticket bilet teskera baghla-· tie, to rabat-

galai; teneke

waqt

teneka

vagit

time

tin

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
chai	chai	chai; cha
allam	dars dih-	sikha-
muallim	muallam	ustad; guru;
III Garage		munshi
teleghraf	talagraf	tar
haka	gu-	bata-
hekal	ma'bad	mandir;
		gurdwara
ash'ra	dah	das
khema	khaima; chador	tambu
min	az	–se
ili; had'ak el	an	wuh
-hum	-ishan	unka
t'umma	pas	to
hinak	anja	wahan
lid'alik	ta	islie
huma; hum	anha	wuh
takhin; matin	kuluft	mota; ghana
sariq; bawaq	dozd	chor
raqiq; khafif	nazuk	patla
she; amr	amr; chiz	chiz; bat
ifteker	khiyal kun-	khayal kar-
hada	· in	yih
elf	hazar	hazar
khait	risman	sut
talata	si	tin
rama; deb	andaz-	phenk–
teskera	tikit	tikit
rabat; shed	band-	band-
waqt	vaqt	waqt
teneka _	ghuti	tin; daba

,	FNGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
1	to today together tomorrow tonight too (much) tooth torch towards towel tower town track trade, to train (railway) translate, to traveller trec tribe trousers true try, to turban twelve twenty twice two	TURKISH -e; -a bu gün beraber yarin bu akhsham ziyade dish meshala doqun— doghru havli kuley; burj shehir yol tijaret et— demir yol qatari terjeme et— seyaha et— seyah aghaj qabile don; shalvar doghru chalish— sariq on iki yirmi iki def'a iki	ila; li en naharda wiya ba'd bukra el lela bizyada sinn mash'al lamas li gihet beshkir burg belad sikka tagar
1.	umbrella	shemsiye	shemsiya
		10	

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
1	bi	-ko
ila; li	amruz	aj
Helyon	hamra	ek sat'
Wiya Da G	farda	kal
Dukta	amshab	aj ratko
el icia	khaili	ba'ut; ziada
zayid	dandan	dant
SHIII	mash'al	batti
masn ar	zan-	ch'u-; hat laga-
123	bi taraf-i	-ki taraf
Ha tar x	dastmal	tauliya
beshkir	_	burj; minar
burj	burj shahr	shahr
belad		pagdandi
sikka	rah	beopar kar-
tajar; bedel	tijarat kun-	rail-gari
qatr; tren	ghetar	tarjuma kar–
tarjam	tarjuma kun-	safar kar-
safar	safar kun-	musafir
musafir	musafir	musam darakht
shejera	darakht	
'ashira; qabila	il	qaum; jat
pantalon; sirwal	shalvar	patlun; paijama
sahih; haqiqi	sahih; rast	sach
jarrab	kushish kun-	koshish kar-
im'ma; lefa	pagri	pagri
itnashar	duwazda	bara'
'ashrin	bist	bis
marraten	do dafa i	do dafa
itnen	do	do
Ittlett		
shemsiya	chatr	ch'atri
offitter) a	51	12919

ENGLISH

under understand TURKISH

alt; dib fehm etARABIC (W.)

taht fehem

uniform

up 118

useful

uniforma bala bizi

faideli

kiswet et tasrifa foa

-na mufid

valley value

vegetables veil very village

visit, to

dere gimet sebzevat yashmaq pek

köi ziyaret etwadi gima khadarat

burqu ketir balad

zar

wages wait, to

wake, to walk, to wall

want, to

war warm was

wash, to washerman

watch (clock) watch, to watchman

üjret; ailiq bekleuyandir-

yörü divar; hisar

isteqavga; harb sijag

idi yiqa-

chamashurju

shariya istanna sahha meshi hait; tof az

harb dafi

kan; kunet ghasal ghasala

sa'at gözlebekji

sa'a gafar gafir

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
taht; hadr	zir–i	-ke niche
fehem	fahm;	samaj-
	multafit shau-	,
hudum resmiya		wardi
foq	bala	upar
-na	-aman	hamko
mufid; nefa	mufid	kam ka
wadi	tang	wadi; dara
qima; temen	qimat	qimat; dam
khadarat	sabzi	sabzi
pushi	chador	burqa
ketir; kullish	khaili	ba'ut
qarya; koi	dih	gaon
zar	zeyarat kun-	mulaqat kar-
-hanista e tramitra	marraiih	+alab
shariya; yomiya		talab
istandar	sabr kun-	t'air-
wa'a	bidar kun-	jaga-; jag'ut-
meshi	piyada rau-	paidal ja-
hait; tof	diwar	diwar
rad; 'az	khah-	chah-; mang
harb	jang	jang; larai
dafi; fatir	garm	garm
kan; kunet	bud	t'a
ghasal	shur-	d'o-

ghasal shurghasala rakht-shur; gazir sa'at sa'a natar negar kuntofangchi natur 53

d'obi g'ari nazar rakh-chaukidar

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
water	su .	maya
water, drinking	ichilir su	maya hilwa
way	yol	sikka; tariq
we	biz	ehna
weak	zayif; hafif	da'if
weapon	silah	silah
week	hafta	goma'
were	idiler	kanu
west	gharb	gharb
wet	islaq; yash	mablul
what?	ney	ey; esh
wheel	tekerlek; charkh	charkh; 'agala
when?	ne vaqit	lamma
where?	ney rey	fen
which?	han'gi	min
white	aq; beyaz	abyad
who?	kim	min
why?	ney ichin	ley
wide	enli; genish	'arid
wife	qari	mara;
110 (0 00)		ginab el khatun
will (shall)	-jek-	
wind (air)	yel; ruzgiar	hawa
window	penjerey	shibbak
wine	sharab	sharab; nibit
winter	qish	shita
wire	tel	silk; tel
with	-ley	ma; bi; wiya
without	-siz	bi dun
woman	qari	mara
	24	

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
maya	ab	pani
maya hilwa	ab baraye	pine ka pani
tariq; darb	rah	rasta
ehna	ma	ham (log)
da'if	da'if	kamzor
silah	aslehe	hat'yar
joma'; usbu'	hafta	hafta
kanu	budand	t'e
gharb	maghrib	maghrib;
		pach'im
murtib; nedi	tar	b'iga
esh; shinu	chi "	kya
charkh	charkh	pahiya; chakkar
yinta; metta	ke	kab
wen; en	kuja	k'han; kid'r
yahu; ya; e	kudam	kaunsa
abyad	safid	safed
min	ki	kaun
lesh	chira	kiswaste
'arid	pahn	chaura
harma; zoja;	zan	biwi; sat'i
jinab el khatun		,
_	khahad	-ega
hawa	hawa; bad	hawa
shubbak	daricha	k'irki
sharab	sharab	sharab
shita	zamistan	sardi
tel; sim	sim	tar
ma; bi; wiya	ba	-se; -ke sath
bi dun; bila	bi-; baghair az	
mara; harma	zan	aurat

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
wood word work (noun) workman worse	aghaj; odun söz; kelam; lafz amel; ish ameley; ishji dah'a kötü; beter	khashab z kelema shughl sanayi arda
worship wound, a wrap up write wrong	ibadet yara sar- yaz-; tahrir et- yanlish; khata	
year yellow yes yesterday you young your	yil; seney; sal sari evet; beli dün siz genj; dahil –iniz; sizin	sana asfar aiwa; na'am embareh enta sughair -ek; -kum

ARABIC (E)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
khashab	chub	lakri
kelema	sokhan; lafz	lafz
shughl	kar	kam
sanayi	kargeramaley	karigar; mazdur
arda	bad-tar	ziada kh'rab
abada; sala	ibadat	ibadat; puja
jurh	zakhm	zakhm
lef	band-	band-; lapet-
keteb	navis	likh-
ghalat	ghalati	galat
sena	sal	sal; baras
asfar	zard	pila
ey; na'am	bale	han
embareh; ems	diruz	kal
enta	shuma; ghorban	ap; tum
sughair	javan	jawan
−ek; −kum	atan	apka; tumar'

TURKISH

Notes:

PRONUNCIATION: The stress in most words is on the last syllable.

WORD ORDER: Verbs always take last place in a sentence. 'The' is omitted. 'A, an' is bir. A definite object always precedes the subject; thus 'you saw the man' becomes '(the) man you saw'.

PREPOSITIONS: As in English, these precede the noun; but 'of', 'in', 'with', 'from' and 'to' are translated by case-endings which are added to the noun; thus 'of the stone': tash-in; 'to the stone': tash-a; 'in the stone': tash-da; 'from the stone': tash-dan; 'with the stone': tash-ley.

VERBS: Add the following endings to the roots given in the word-lists to show tense, etc:

Root-in command (e.g. 'Go!') present ('I am going') Root-yor-im Root-r-im negative ('I don't go') Root-me-im . Root-di-im past ('I went') Root-ajak-im future (' I will go ') Root-mish past participle (e.g. 'eaten', 'beaten') infinitive ('to go,' 'to eat ') Root-mak Root-n (or l)-im passive ('I am beaten')

Root-abil-im . can (' I can go ')
Root-ame-im . can't (' I can't go ')
Root-mali-im . must (' I must go ')

The present tense of the verb 'to be' is as follows: 'I am': im. 'You are': sinez. 'He is,' she is,' or 'it is': dir (or dur). 'We are': iz. 'They are': dirler.

To form 'you go,' 'he goes,' 'we go,' 'they go,' etc., change im in the above list of endings to siniz, dir, iz, dirler.

There is no verb 'to have.' 'To have' is trans-

lated thus:

I have a (book): My a (book) there is: benim bir (kitab) var dir.

I have no (book): My a (book) not is: benim bir (kitab) yoq dir.

I have the (book): In me (book) is: benda (kitab) dir.

Plurals: Nouns form the plural by adding ler: kedi (cat), kediler (cats). Adjectives, as in English, do not change in the plural.

FORMING WORDS: You can greatly increase your vocabulary by adding the following endings to words in the word-list:

-lesh	eyi (good)	eyilesh (to get better)
-li (or-lu)	ry (place)	. yerli (local, native)
-lik (or luk) -siz	gün (day) para (cash)	. günluk (daily) . parasiz (penniless)

Many new verbs can also be formed by combining nouns or adjectives with the verbs et— (do, make), ol— (be), and olun— (become): thus azad (free): azad et— (liberate); hasta (ill): hasta ol— (to be ill).

Most adjectives can be used as adverbs without

change.

TURKISH

Special List:

Albania	•			albann
Albanian				arnavud
Aleppo				haleb
America				ameriqa
American		•		ameriqali
apple				elma
apricot				qayisi; zerdali
Arab .		•		arab
Arabia				arabistan
attack	•	•	•	hüjüm
battalion				tabur
battle	•	•	•	müdareba

brigade .			liva
brigadier .			miri-liva
buffalo .			jamus; manda
Bulgarian .			bulghar
Darburr			
cabbage .		•	lahana
cake	•	•	qurabiye
camel	•	•	jemel; üshtür
cannon .		•	top
captain .			yuzbashi
caravan .		•	kervan; qafile
Caucasia .	•	•	qafqasiya
cherries .	•	•	kiraz
China .	•		chin
Chinese .	•		chini
Christian .			khristyan; isave
Circassian .		•	cherkes
come! .			haide
colonel .			miralai; qaimaqam
company (mily	y.) .	•	bölük
conquest .			fet'
Constantinople	е		istambol
Crete .		•	girid
Cyprus .	٠.		qubrus
Damascus .	•	•	sham
division (mily.	.) .		firqa
Dutch .	•		filemeng
Egypt .	•		misir
England .		•	ingliz
English .	•		inglizi
		_	

Europe		avropa
European		avropali
France		fransiz
French		fransizi
general (mily.) .		sardar; feriq
German		alman
God forbid! .		mazallah
God forgive me!		estaghfirullah
God is good! .		allah kerim
good-bye		hoshja qalin
grapes		üzüm
holy (or Saint) .		hazreti
Holy Prophet, Th	e .	resulu ekrem
how long? (time)	•	ne qadar vaqit?
I think (probably)		allehem
ice-cream	i	dondurma
if God wish .	•	inshallah
India	•	hindistan
Indian	•	hind
it is (2) o'clock .	•	sa'at (iki) dir
Italian		talyan
Jerusalem		andro
Jewish	•	qudus
leminii	•	yehudi
Kurdish		kürd
et us go		haiden
ieutenant		mulazim evvel

(2nd-lieutenant:			mulazim sani)
lime, lemon			limon
loaf	•		somun
Magyar .			majar
major (mily.)			binbashi
malaria .			isitma
meat, fried			qavurma
meat, roasted			qizartma
never mind			ehemiyeti yoq
no good .	•		avara
no, thank you			ziade olsun
(it is too mu	ch)		
nut .			findiq
Palestine .			filistin
pardon .			afv
parrot .			papaghan
peace be with ye	ou l		salamun alekum
(the usual gree	eting)		
peach .			sheftali
pear			armud
Persia .			iran
Persian .			irani; ajem; farisi
please .			lutfen; kerem et-
plum			erik
pomegranate			nar
private (mily.)	•	•	nefer
Rumanian .	•		rum
Russian :	•		mosgof
		6	ig .

secret	. sirr ; gizli
sergeant	. sira chavushu
Smyrna	. izmir
Spanish	. ispanyol
sugar-plum .	. shekerleme
Syria	. suriya
thank God .	. elhamdullah
thanks!	. eyvallah
thank you	. teshekur ederim;
man jou	memnun
treacle	. bekmez
Tripoli	. tarablus
Turkish	. turkiyali
Turkey	. turkiya
Turkish delight .	. loqum
a difficility doublest .	· rodan
welcome!	. hosh geldiniz
well done! .	. aferin
what's the matter?	ne var ?
what time is it?	. sa'at gach dir?
what drife is it: wheat (crushed) .	
wolf	
	. qurd
women's quarters	. harem

ARABIC

Notes:

Two forms of Arabic are given in the word-lists. Western Arabic is spoken in Egypt and northern Africa, Eastern Arabic in Syria, Iraq, and Arabia proper. There are, of course, numerous local variations in the many Arabic-speaking countries, but the main division of vocabulary and idiom is represented in the two forms given in this book.

Word order: In a simple sentence, the order is very similar to that of English. 'A, an' is omitted. 'The' is el; when el is followed by a word beginning with d, n, r, s, t, or z, the l is replaced by a corresponding letter; thus 'the man': er ragil (er rejil); 'the soap': es sabun. Adjectives come after nouns, and when a noun is preceded by 'the,' a second 'the' is inserted between the noun and the adjective; thus, 'the old book' becomes 'the book the old,' el kitab el qadim. El kitab qadim would mean 'the book is old'.

PREPOSITIONS: These come before the noun; when they end in a vowel and are followed by el, they merge into it; thus, 'in 'is fi; 'in the 'is 'fil'.

PLURALS: Many nouns have irregular plurals which can only be learnt individually, but others form the plural by adding -in, -a or -(a)t. Adjectives form their plural by adding -in.

VERBS: Arabic verbs have no root in the strict sense. They show their different tenses and persons by changing internally as well as adding prefixes and suffixes. In the word-lists verbs are given in the accepted basic form, which is the third person singular of the past tense. The regular verb is conjugated thus:—

Basic form: katab (he wrote)

Present:

I write aktib
you write tiktib
he writes yiktib
we write niktib
they write yiktibu(m)

The Future is shown by placing rah in front of the Present forms, or simply by the Present forms alone.

Past:

I wrote katabt
you wrote katabt
he wrote katab
we wrote katabna
they wrote katabu(m)

Imperative:

write | iktib

Participles:

writing katib
written maktub

Negative:

he did not write ma katabish or mush katab

(ma . . . (i)sh and mush can also be used with pronouns; thus, ma lish ('not to me,' i.e. 'I don't have')

The verb 'to be' is generally omitted.

Many verbs conjugate irregularly, and these must be learnt individually.

Most passive participles, are used as nouns. Thus, maktub, means 'written' or 'a letter'.

ARABIC

Special List:

WESTERN EASTERN ' alabaster. marmar Alexandria iskandaria America amerika: bilad el malakan American amrikan: malakan tiffaha . tuffaha apple mishmisha . mishmish apricot Arab (adjective) 'arabi; 'arab Arab (man) ibne 'arab Arab (horse) husan 'arab Arabia bilad el 'arab Arabic 'arabi banana . moza battalion. orta

waqa

muharaba

battle

Note: In this list the Eastern Arabic form is only given where it differs noticeably from the Western

			WESTERN		•	EASTERN
Bedouin			badawi			
beer			bira			
beggar	•	•	shahat	•	•	mugeddi
cabbage			kurumb			lahana
Cairo	•	•	masr khalifa	•	٠	el qahira
caliph camel			gamal			jemel
camel-dri	ver		gam'mal			jam'mal
canal			tira			tura
captain			yuzbashi			yozbashi
caravan			karwan			•
chess			shatrang			satranj
China(-es	e)		es sin; s	ini		sin; chin
Christ			el masih			
Christian			nusrani			nasrani; masihi
colonel			miralai;		-	
			qai	maqa	m	
come her	e l		ta'ala hin	a		
company	(mily	.)	buluk			
Copt	•		qibti (plu	ıral :		
				iqba	t)	
date (frui	t)		balah			
Damascus	3		esh sham	. —		
Damietta			dumyat			
Delta, the	:		ed delta			
desert, a		•	khala	•		chol; barr
dragoman		•	turguman		•	turjuman
Egypt .	•		masr			
(Upper E	gypt	•	es sa'id)			
			68			

	WESTERN	EASTERN
Egyptian	. masri	
England .	. bilad el Ingliz	anglaterra
Engush .	. ingliz(i) khasi	anglez(1)
eunuch .	biled al afronce	
Europe .	. bilad el efrang; uruba	uropa
European	. efrangi; rubawi	farnji; uropawi
fanatic .		muta'asib
fez cap .	. tarbush	
fig .	tina	
nea .	. dargnut .	barguth
French .	. fransawi	
Friday .	. yom eg'guma .	yom el juma
general (mily	qaid'am; mushir; fariq	
German .	. almani	allamani ; jarmani
Germany	. almanya	bilad el jarman; allamanya
Gibraltar	. gebel tariq .	jebel tariq
gipsy .	. ghagari	kawli
go away!	. imshi	
God be praise	d! el hamdulillah	
God bless yo	u! allah yibarik fik	
God preserve	allah yisallimak	
yo	u!	
God provide		
for yo	u! allah yirzuqak	
(used to dism	iss a beggar)	
	69	

	WESTERN	EASTERN
God willing!	insh'allah	
good-bye	salem aleykum;	sellem aleykum;
8 - 7	ma'es salama	fi aman illah
good evening;	leyltak sa'ida	
good night		
grapes	'inab	'anab
Greece	bilad er rum	bilad el yonan
Greek	rumi; egrigi	yonani
how are you?	izzeyak	kif el-hal
•		
in the name of	bismillah	
God!		
Indian	bilad el hind	hindustan;
		el hind
Indian	hindi	
infidel	kafir	
'Italian .	talyani	italiyani
Japan .	yaban	
Jerusalem .	el quds	
Jew	yahudi	
	•	
Koran, the .	el quran	
2.07.111, 1.10	7	
lemon	limun	
Levant	esh sharq	
220.4114	el aqrab	
lieutenant .	mulazim	
loaf	righif	samuna
	70	

		WESTERN			EASTERN
matter, it do major (mil		ma'aleys binbash			
matter,					
		el khaba			esh aku
Mediterran	ean	el bahr	el aby	ad	
					el mutawassit
		madna		•	manara
Mohammed Mo	ian, siem	muslim			
Moor .		maghrat	i		
Morocco		marakisl	1		
pardon .		ef afw'			
peach .		khokha			
peace be					
A	you!	salam al	evkum	1	sellem aleykum
peasant .		fallah	•		
Persia .		bilad el a	gam		bilad el ajem;
			•		iran .
Persian .		agami			ajemi; irani;
					farsi
please .		min fadl	ak	-	min fadlek
Pharaoh .		fara'un			
pilgrim .		hagg			haji; zayir
piastre .		qirsh			qursh
pound (20s.) .	gineh	•		pawn; lira
prophet .		nabi; re			nebi; resul
pyramid	•	haram	:	•	herem
regiment		tabur			
_					

		WESTERN	EASTERN
Rosetta .		rashid	
Russia .		bilad el miskof	rusia
Russian .		miskofi	rusi ; muskofi
sacred .		muqaddas	
scarab .		gu'ran .	ju'ran
scorpion		aqraba .	aqrab
sergeant .			chawush
		abd	
sphinx .		abul hol	
Sudanese		sudani	
sultan		sultan	
Syria .		esh sham	sham; suria
Syrian .		shami	suri
thank you	٠	katar kherak	mimnun ; muteshekker ; ket'ter khairek
Tripoli .		trablis el gharb	
Turk(-ish)		turk(i)	turki; osmanli
Turkey		bilad et turk .	

PERSIAN

Notes :

PRONUNCIATION: The stress in most words is on the last syllable.

Word Order: Verbs always take last place in a sentence. 'The' is omitted. 'A, an' is either yek, placed before a noun, or the ending -i added to it: thus, 'a book' can be yek kitab or kitab-i. Adjectives follow the nouns they belong to, and -i-is inserted between noun and adjective; thus, 'big book' kitab-i-buzurg. In translating a phrase including 'of', the English order is used; thus, 'the book of the child' is kitab-i-bacha. 'The child's big book' would be kitab-i-buzurg-i-bacha.

PREPOSITIONS: As in English, these precede the noun.

Verbs: The following prefixes and endings are added to the roots given in the word-lists to show tense, etc:—

be-Root-id . command (e.g. 'Go!')
mi-Root-am . present ('I am going')
Root-(i)d-am . past ('I went')
Root-(i)dan . infinitive ('to go')

The present tense of the verb 'to be' is as follows:—

'I am' am

'You are' id
'He is,' 'she is,' or 'it is' ast
'We are' im
'They are' and

To form 'you go,' we go,' they go' etc., change am in the list of endings given above to id, im, and. (Ast is not used as a verb ending; 'he goes,' he went' and similar forms are simply mi-Root, Root-(i)d). The future tense of verbs is identical with the present.

Plurals: Nouns form the plural by adding -ha. Adjectives, as in English, do not change in the plural.

FORMING WORDS: You can increase your vocabulary by adding the following endings to words in the word-lists:—

garma (heat) -a e.g. garm (hot) baghban (gardener) -ban bagh (garden) -i khub (good). khubi (goodness) Isfahan Isfahani (of Isfahan) shirin (sweet) shir (milk) . gul (flower) . gulistan (garden) -istan umid (hope). umidvar (hopeful) -var

Many new verbs can also be formed by combining nouns or adjectives with the verbs kun- (do, make) and shau- (become); thus safar kun- (make a journey, i.e. travel); kharab kun- (make bad, i.e. spoil, damage); kharab shau- (become bad, i.e. be spoilt). The passive of any verb can also be formed as follows: Root - (i)da followed by shau- with the appropriate ending.

Most adjectives and many nouns can be used as adverbs: thus, zud (quick, or quickly); shab (night, or: at night).

PERSIAN

Special List:

America amrika apple sib apricot zardalu Arab 'arab Arabia arabistan topkhana artillery attack hamala battalion gerdan be careful! khabar dar beer ab-i-jo beard rish brigade tip camel shutur captain sarvan Caspian Sea bahr-i-khazar Caucasus . kuh-i-qaf; qafqaz cellar (used as a livingsardab room in hot weather) cherry gilas; alubalu China chin Christian isavi colonel sarhang company (mily.) gerdan

date .			khorma
date-spirit	•		araq
			mesr
Egypt .	•	•	inglestan
England	•	*	inglestan
English .	•	*	inglis
Europe .	•	•	farangistan
European	•	•	farangi
excuse me	•	•	bebakhshid
fig .			anjir
France .			feransa
A LULIVO			
general (mily.)	•		sartip
Germany .			almanya
good-bye .			khuda hafiz
good-day .			shadzi
grapes .			angur
Greece			yunan
headman .			kadkhoda
how long? (tim	ie)		ta ke
			• •
I don't know	•	•	namidanam
if God wills	•	•	inshallah
(i.e. perhap	s)		
in the name of	God	. [bismillah
India .			hindustan
Iran .			iran
Iranian .			irani ; farsi
It is (2) o'clock			sa'at-i-(do) ast
jackal .	•		shaghal

Japan	•	•	•	zhapan
kerosene	•			naft
lemon				limu
lieutenant				setvan
lizard				bozmaja
loaf				nan
locust				malakh
major (mi	ly.)			sargerd
meat, roa	sted	on		kabab
,		kewei	rs.	
meat, boil	ed wi	th ric	e	pilao
melon		_		hendovana
melon, wa	ter			kharbuza
moron, wa		•	•	
never min	d			eb nist
nightingale		_		bulbul
n.c.o.				goruhban
nut	•	•	•	joz; fondogh
nuc	•	•	•	joz , tondogn
oil		•		naft
pace (20 i	ns.)			ghadam
peace be	with v	l uov		salam alekum
(the	usual	reeti	nel	
peach			0/	holu
pear	•	•		golabi
Persia	•	•	•	iran
Persian	•	•	•	irani ; farsi
please	•	•	•	be-farma-id
•	•	•	•	alu
plum	•	•	•	
				77

pomegranate	anar
Russia	rusya
scorpion	pir agharb ziyarat mast araq
date-palm sheepskin coat	pustin
thank God! thank you Turkey	elhamdullah mamnun ; motashakkar torkiya ʻ
vulture	kargas
1.0	qalyan aferin; bakh bakh sa'at chand ast in che chiz ast gurg andarun

HINDUSTANI

Notes :

PRONUNCIATION: When a consonant is followed by an apostrophe indicating a 'swallowed-sound,' this often indicates a very light aspirate, which in popular speech is generally omitted, or reduced to a mere catch in the voice.

WORD ORDER: The verb always comes at the end of a sentence. 'A, an,' and 'the' are omitted; but ek (one) is sometimes used where in English we would use 'a'. Adjectives precede nouns. Prepositions (properly called postpositions) follow the nouns they apply to, and in a phrase such as 'the brother of Krishna' the order is 'Krishna: of: brother' (Krishna ka b'ai); this corresponds to the English use of 'Krishna's brother.'

VERBS: Add the following suffixes to the roots given in the word-lists to show the various tenses:—

- -t' Present (e.g. eats, is eating, am eating, are eating)
- -' or -a. Past (ate, was or were eating)
- -'g' . Future (will eat)
 -o . Command (eat!)
 -ie . Request (please eat)

'I am' is main hun; 'you are,' ap hain (less politely, tum ho); 'he, she or it is,' wuh hai (he); 'they are,' wuh hain.

· WORD FORMING: Verbs can be formed from most nouns by adding the verb kar-(do, make); thus, safar (journey): safar kar-(travel).

Have: There is no equivalent verb for 'have' in Hindustani. 'Krishna has X' is expressed by 'X is near Krishna;' the Hindustani order being 'X: Krishna: near is': (X Krishna k' pas hai). When a pronoun is used in such a phrase, k' is omitted, and instead of 'I,' 'you,' 'he,' 'she,' 'we,' etc. the possessives 'my' 'your,' 'our,' etc. are used; thus, 'we have a dog' becomes 'dog: our: near (pas); is' (kutta hamar' pas hai).

HINDUSTANI

Special List:

80

mag'r

areca-nut.			pan
attendant, orde	erly	•	chaprassi
banana .			kela
basil (plant)			tulsi
basin .			chilamchi
be careful!			khabardar
betel-nut .			(see areca)
bird similar to	star	ling	maina
boatman .			manji
brave .			b'hadur
butler .	•		abdar
butter, clarified	i		g'i

alligator

camel	unt
canal	nahr
canopy	pandal
cantonment	ch'aoni
charm, sacred	011 4031
formula (H)	mantra
China	chin
cobbler	mochi
court, assembly	darbar
crocodile	mag'r
	. •
crown	taj tarkari
curry	
custom	dastur
deed, agreement .	sanad
deer (large)	sambur
doorkeeper	darwan
doorkeeper	dat wait
elephant	hat'i
emperor	badshah
England, the West,	Dadozania
Europe	bilayat
England	inglistan
	angrezi
English	atigiczi
fair (religious)	mela
	tarbush
fez cap	hilsa
similar to salmon	mahsir
	mansn
food: meat cooked on	kabab
small spits	MAUAU
pancake of un-	
Tanana da Larrada	- h)
leavened bread	ch'patti

food: sweetened	
pancake	puri ; p'ratta
rice, meat, etc,	
fried together	pilao
sweets, confec-	r
tionery, etc.	halwa
	1101440
split peas, pulse,	d'al
lentils, etc.	mali
gardener	
greetings:	salaam;
	ram ram (H);
	namaste (H);
	salaam
	aleykum (M);
	sat s'ri
	akal (S)
gully, dry watercourse	nala
	Lashandan
hcadman	lambardar
hermit	sanyasi (H)
T 1"	hind; hindustan
India	
it is (2) o'clock .	(do) baje he
ingled.	shaghal
jackal	Silagilar
known	malum
know, I don't	malum ney
anow, I don't	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
landing-place	g'at
landowner	zamindar
lemon, lime	nimbu
lemonade	nimbu pani
iomonate	82
	0.4

loin-cloth, draped low	d'oti (H)
mail, post	dak
made in India	swadeshi
	am
melon	kharbuza
mendicant (religious).	
merchant	mahajan; bania
molasses, coarse sugar	gur barsat
monsoon, the rains .	
morning tea	chota hazri
mosquito	mach'r
mosquito-net	mach'rdani
pilgrim	haji (M)
Persian	farsi; irani
pipe, for smoking	•
through water .	huqa
pith (helmet)	sola (topi)
platform built as stand	0011 (cop-)
for hunter	machan -
	tanga
	k'ad
preacher	
preacher	mulla; maulvi (M)
ranks:	
Viceroy's	
Commissioned	
Officers:	risaldar
	subadar
	jemadar
sergeant	havildar
corporal	naik
-	83

A

regiment		paltan; risala (cavalry)
rogue		badmash
Russia(n)		rus(i)
saint		pir (M)
scullery-boy (original	Iy -	
torch-bearer)		masalchi
self-government		swaraj
servant		naukar
show, entertainment		tamasha
staff, pole		lat'i
stone blockhouse		sangar
strike, a		hartal
sweeper		mehtar
tanner		chamar
teacher (of law, religio	on	
etc.)		pandit (H);
		munshi, maulvi (M);
		guru (S & H)
thank you .		mirbani; shukria
tiger		bag'
tip, alms		bakshish
titles:		
leader		sardar (S)
lion		singh (S & H)
lord		khan (M)
prince		rana; rao; rai (H)
trees:	•	1414 , 140 , 111 (11)
ficus indica .		bar .
(banyan)	•	
ficus religiosa.		pipal
(peepul; bo)	•	hihar
(peepur, bo)		94

trees: azadirachta indica nim (neem)

trooper . . . sowar

veranda . . . baramda village council . . panchayat

white man . . . gora wise man . . . mantri women's quarters . zenana

NOTE: (H), (M), and (S) indicate words used by Hindus, Muslims and Sikhs respectively.



Part Two

JAPANESE

CHINESE (MANDARIN)

CHINESE (CANTONESE)

SIAMESE

BURMESE

		*
ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
above	kami	shang-to
absent	rusu	bu dzai
accident	wazawai	shi-shan
address	shuku-sho	ju–jö
after	nochi; go	liau–ho
afternoon	hiru-sugi; gogo	ho ban dien
again	mata	dzai
age	toshi; nenrey	nien-ji
alive	ikite	hwaw
all	mina	do; van
all right	yoshi	hau–la
allow	yurus-	rang
alone	hitori	dan
also	mo ; yahari	yeh
always	mai–do .	jang jang
and	to	hö
angry	haratachi	shang chi
animal	dobutsu	chu shang
ant	ari	ma-i
anything	nan de mo	dung shi
are	(arimas'; des')	
arm	ude; te	go pey
army	rikugun	lu jün
around	gururi	go bien
arrangement	yakusoku ; kimari	ban va
arrive	chaku sur-	dau

chaku sur— dau kik-; tanom- wan; yau -ni dzai

ask

at

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
tzoi-song	k'ang-bon	a-tet-ma
m'tzoi	mai-yu	ma-yauk
si pin	aksiden	pyit-chin
tey-po	ti-yu	ma-za-leyk
yi hau	k'ang-lang	nauk-ma
ha chau	weyla bai	mun-lwe
		a-cheyn
tzoi	ik ti	ta-pan
nin key	ayu	a-thet-a-yue
sang-tik	ahkat	a-that-shi-thaw
yat-chai	tang-mot	a-lon
ho	tok-long	kaung-ba-byi
chun	yawm	a-kwin pey
tok	dio	ko di
yik	duey	li
si si	samö	a-mye
tung	le	hnin
nau hey	krot	a-myet
kam sau	sat	tha
ma-ngai	mot	pa-yuet-seyt
yong yong	arai	ta-zon-ta-khu
	pen	pyit
sau pey	k'an	let-maung
lok kwan	kong tap	thu-ye-dat-su-ji
si wai	rawb	pat-le
pai lik	kan chat kan	thabaw-du-sa- jok
tau	tüng	yauk
man; man sün	tam; k'aw	mey; taung
tzoi	ti	ma; ni

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
back (noun)	ushiro; senaka	ho bey
bad	warui; aku	bu hau
hag	fukuro	ko tai

bag fukuro ko tai
bandage hotai bu
barber kami-yiu di do va ta
basket kago kuang dzö

bath (tub) furo-ba pan mizu wo abirshi dzau bathe bathroom furo-ba shi dzau wu he (ar-; ir-) do dzö beans mame hau kan beautiful uruwashii kara vin wey because chang become nar-bed nedoko chwang bedroom nema; nebeya wo vang before (time) mai; -zen chien to chi lai begin hajimerbehind -no kage ni ho to bell kane ling dang below shimo di shia seki bench i dzö dzui hau mottomo ii best dzai jung jien between -no naka ni big da okii; dai bill (check) kanjo jing dan

tori niau ö
kuroi hey
tekko tieh jang
furanketto jan dzö

bird

black

blanket

blacksmith

CHINESE (C.)	SLAMESE	BURMESE
pui m'ho; ok	lang leo; chua	chaw-gon ma kaung; so
toi	ka-pao	lwe-ait
pong po	pa pan pla	chat-si-ya
fey fat lo	chang tat pom	
lam	ka-chat; ka-chao	thaung
chung lõng pun	tang na	mwe-thi
sai san	ap nam	yey-cho
chung löng fong	hong nam	yey-cho-gan
	pen	pyit
tau	tua	pe
mey lai	ngam; suey	ĥla
yan wai	praw wa	jaung
sing	pen	pyit; pyit-lo-thi
chong	tiang	ka-din
fan fong	hong-nawn	eyk-ya-gan
yi chin	kawn	a-yin-ga
hoi sau	röm	a-sa-pyu
hau pin	k'ang lang	nauk-ma
chung	krading	si–li
ha tai	k'ang lang	auk-ma
chong tang	ma nang	thai-khun-shi
chui ho	di ti sut	a-kaung-son
kang ku chü	rawang	sat-cha-ma
tai	yai	chi; ji
chong muk	bill	sa-yin
chök	nok	nget
hak	dam	me
ta tit chong	chang lek	pa-be
chin	pa hom	saung
	0.1	

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
blood	chi	shieh
blue	aoi	lan
board	tana	ban dzö
boat	kobune	jwan
	wak-; nir-	ju
boil, to	hone	gu do
bone		shu
book	hon; shomotsu	
boot	kutau	shüeh dzö
born, to be	umare-	shang
box	hako	shiang dzö
boy	musuko	hai dzö
brass	shinchu	tung
bread	pan	mien bau
break, to	or-	ta paw
bribe, a	naimai	hui lu
brick	renga	jwan to
bridge	hashi	chiau
brother	ue .	gaw gaw
brush, a	hoki	shwa dzö
build	tater-	gai
building, a	tatemono	vang wu
bullock	ushi	gung niu
burn, to	yak-	shau
bush	bara	dzau
business		shi
	gyo ka-	mai
buy	-ni	
by	-111	jin; dzai

yob-92 call jiau

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
hüt	lüet	thwey
lam sik	si nam ngön;	•
	si fa	apya
pan	kra-dan	pyin
sam-pan	rüa	tham-pan
kwan	tom	pyok-thi
kwat	kra duk	a-yo
sü	nang süa	sa-ok
hai	rong tao	but-p'nat
chut sai	köt	mwe-pwa-thi
siong	hib	thit-ta
nam tzi	dek pu chai	lu-galey
tung	tong lüang	chey-wa
min pau	k'anom pang	mon
ta lan	hak; tamtak	cho
fui kok	sin bon	a-ku-sa-thi
chün	it	ok
kiu	sapan	ta-da
hing tey	pi chai; nong chai	nyi
chat	prang	wet-min-bi
hey	sang; s'rang	sauk
uk	tük	a-saung
ngau	ngua; wua	na-ti
siu	pao	mi laung
chong lam	pum mai	chon
sang yi	ngan; kam	a-lok-a-kin
mai	sü	we
kan pey	döi	pyin
kiu	tam ha	kaw; laik

ENGLISH

camp can cannot candle carie carpenter carpet carriage cart cat catch, to cave ceiling

chain chair change, to check (bill) chief child

choose

church

cigarette city clean clerk climb clock cloth clothes cloud

JAPANESE

ya'ey dekimas dekimasen rosoku tsue daiku shiki-mono basha basha neko tera'erana tenjo kusari isu kawarkanjo

maki-tabako

kyokwaido

kashira

ko erab-

tokai kirey shoki nobortokey kire kimono kumo

de bu de la tang dzö mu jiang tan dzö che ma che mau iieh chiu dung dzö dien hwa ban saw lien dzö i dzö hwan jing dan

CHINESE (M.)

ying pan

yen ju'ö chang gan jing shu ban dang gau piau bu i-shang yün

torö

tiau

hai dzö

jiau dang

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
kwan ying	k'ai	sa-kan
nang	dai	nin
m'cho tak	mai dai	ma-nin-bu
lap chuk	tian	pa-yaung-ding
tang	mai; wai	dok
muk chiong	chang mai	let-tha-ma
te tzin	süa	kaw-zaw
che	rot	ya-ta
che	kwian	le
mau	meo	chaung
chuk	chap	pan-zi
san ngam	tam	ku
uk löng	pedan	myet-na-jet
ti lin	so	cho-ji
yi tang	kao	ka-la-ting
wun	plian	pyaung
chong muk	bill	sa-yin
tau	hua na	tik th'ji
sai man tzai	dek	ka-ley
kan	lüek ; luk	ywe-thi
lai pai tong	rong suat	thudamma- za-yat
yin	buri	sey-leyk
seng	müang; nakon	myo
ching key	sa'at	sin
si ma yün	samian	sa-yey
pan	pin	tet
chung	nalika	mat-tat na-yi
po	pa	tha-ga-lat
i-söng	süa pa	a-wut
wan .	mek	mo-dey

CHINESE (M.) **ENGLISH IAPANESE** uwagi gwa dzö coat cock on-dori gung ji coffee kohi ga vey cold samui; lang tsumetai collar kara ling dzö comb kushi mu shu come, to kuk-; mairlai concerning -ni tsuite go bien cook, a chu dzö ryori-nin cook, to ryori sur-; ju takkado; sumi ji jiau ö corner dui law correct honto cost (noun) ne dan iia chien cotton mien hwa momen kazocrpaw jüeh count country shu; kuni gwaw courtyard niwa yuen dzö cover, to gai shang shimerushi COW mu niu crowd ozey da cha cup wan bey cupboard todana wan ju curtain maku jang dzö cushion makura dien dzö

daily damage dance, to

cut, to

nichi nichi kizu; itami odor-

kir-

tien tien sun tiau wu

ころからのはないので

la

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
sam	süa	in-ji
kai kung	kai tua pu	chet-pa
ka fe	kafa	ka-pi
lang	nao	ey-jîn
leng	plawk kaw	le-bat
saw	wi	bi
loi	ma	la
kwan yü	kio ka	sing yuey
choi tzi	k'on k'rua	o–thu–ji
chü	tam k'rua	chet
kok	mum; hua lio	daung
chök	tuk	hok
ka chin	kha	а-ро
min fa	fai; samli	waw-jun
sün	nap	ywi
kwok	patet; pen din	chi-daw
ting cheng	suan	u-yin
kam	k'lum	ok
ngau	wua	nwa-ma
taw yin	mu ; kawng	lu–su
pui	tuey	kwet
kwai	tu	thit-ta
lim	man	ka–la–ga
yu tzam	mawn	mi-on
kawt	tat	kok

yat yat sun sat tiu mo tuk wan kwan sia-hai ten ram ney-zin a-cho-pyet-chin ka

ENGLISH	JAPANESE ·	CHINESE (M.)
danger	kennon	shien
dark	kurai	va hey
date (day)	nichi	ji dzö
daughter	musume	gun yang
dawn	yo-ake	li ming
day	nichi	tien
dead	naku	sõ law
dear (cost)	takai	guey.
deep	fukai	shan
die	naku nar-	wang
difficult	muzukashii	nan ·
dig	hor-	pau
dinner	hiru	wan van
dirty	kitanai	ang dzang
dish	ozara	pan dzö
district	kinjo	shien
do	sur-; nas-	dzaw
don't l	 inasanna 	bey-
doctor	isha	i sheng
dog	inu	go
donkey	roba	lü
door	to	man
down	sh'ta	shia
drain	umedoyu	go
dress, a	kimono ; ifuku	vu ran shan
drink, to	nom-	haw
drive, to	basha nor-	je vu
	.0	•

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CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
ngai him	kwan antarai	be
ye hak	müd; si-ke	nyo
yat tzi	wan ti	ney-zwe
nöi	butri	thami
ley ming	yam rung; rung chao	mo-lin-za
yat	wan	ney; yet
si	tai	they-bi
kwai	peng	a-po-chi
sam	Ĭük –	net
si	tai	they
nan	yak	ke
wat	k'ud	tu
man chan	ahan yen	mun-lwe-za
wu cho	sok kaprok	nyit
tip	chan	pa-gan-bya-ji
tey fong	tambon;	
	changwat	tik; ne
cho	tam	pyu; lok
pat yu-	ya	ma - ne
yi sang	maw	sey-sya; sey-thama
kau	sunak	kwey
löi	la	mye
mun	pratu	ta-ga
ha	long	auk-tho
köi	tam hai hang	myaung
yi sam	krüang tang tua	ga-ga-ya
yam	düm	thauk
cha che	k'ap; lai	pyaw
	99	_

	W 4 V2 4 3 7 7 7 7 7 7	OMBIECE (M.)
ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
drop (let fall)	otos-	diau shia chü
duck	ahiru	ya dzö
dust	gomi	chan tu
each	zutsu; mai	mey
east	higashi	dung
easy	yasui; yo-i	jung i
eat	taber-	chi
egg	tamago	(ji) dan
eight	hachi; ya	ba (gaw)
eleven	ju-ichi ; ju-itto	shi i (gaw)
empty	kara	kung
end	sue; owari	wan; we
enemy	teki	cho ren
enough	takusan na ; buri	go
enter	(ha–)ir–	jin
envelope	jobukuro	vang tau ö
evening	ban	wan shang
explain	tok-	jiang
extinguish	kes-	mieh
extra	hijo	ja'i gö
eye	me	yen jing
face	kao	mien mau
fall, to	ochir-	shi wey
family	saishi	jia
fan	uchiwa	shan dzö
far	toi	yuan gaw
farmer	hyakusho	dien hu

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
lok ha	tam tok	lut
ар	pet	wumbe
chan	fun	pon
möi	tuk; la	-si
tung	tit t'wan awk	a-shey
yung yi	ngai	lwe
sik	kin	sa
tan	k'ai	chet u
pat	pat	shit
sap yat	sip et	se ta
hung	wang	lut–lat
mey; cho yün	plai; lao	a-son
tik yen	satru	yan–thu
chuk	paw lao	lauk; taw
yap	k'ao	win
son fung	sawng	sa-eyk
ai man	(weyla) yen	nya-ney
kai	atibai	pya
mit	dap	nying-thi
yü ngoi	piset	lun
ngan	ta	myet-si
men (min)	na	myet-na
tit lok	tok	cha
ka	krawb krua	a-myo-a-nwe
sin	pat	yat-taung
yün .	klai	wey
nung fu	chao no	le-lok-thama
0		

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
fasten	shimer-	gün
fat (stout)	futotta	vey
father	otosan;	vu chin
	gosompu	
fear, to	osorer-	pa
feast	matsuri;	shi
	gochiso	
feed, to	tabesaser-	wey
female	mesu	mu di
fence	hey	li ba
fetch	motte kur-	na lai
fever	netsu	jaw bing
few	sukunai	shau
field	hatake;	tien di
	nohara	
fight, to	tataka-	da jia
find, to	hiro-	dzau
finger	yubi	ji to
finish	sum-	wan
fire	hi	hwaw
first	dai ichi	to i gaw
fish	sakana; uwo	yü
five	go; itsu	wu gaw
flag	ĥata	chi dzö
flat	taira	ping
flood	de-midzu	sha shue
floor	yuka	di ban
flour	kona	bai mien
flower, a	hana	hwa
fly, a	hai	tsang ying
fog	kiri	wu
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CHINESE (C.) SIAMESE BURMESE kau mat lon-chon fey au-en tok fu bida; paw a-pey klua pa so-yeyn-jin yin chan ngan kin liang pwe-ney ha ahan wai chwe nöi sing pu ying meyn-ma li pa rua; kawk win ning pai ao; song yu-la fat siu peng kai pya-na siu noi ne tin rai; tung na le-ya ta kau taw su sit-tik-thi ha wan twey sau tsi ni mü let-chaung cho yün set a-sa-that faw fai mi tai yet ti nüng pa-ta-ma yü pla nga ng' ha nga key tong a-lan ban peng pya söi cham yey-det nam tuam lau pan pün chan min fan pang sali mon-nyet fa dok mai pan

maleng wan

mawk

yin-gaung

nin

u ying

en mo

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
	or-	dieh
fold, to	• -	ho ben
follow	tsug-	chi shi
food	tabemono ; gohan	
foot	ashi	jiau
for (prep.)	no	gey
foreigner	gwaikoku-jin	wai gwaw ren
forest	hayashi	shu lin
forget	wasurer-	wang ji
fork	hoko	cha dzö
fort	shiro	bau dai
four	shi; yo(-tsu)	sö (gaw)
friend	tomodachi	pang yo
from	-kara	dzung; ju
front, in	saki	chen do
fruit	kudamono	gwaw dzö
fry	abur-	ja
fuel	nenryo	bi jai
garden	niwa	yüan dzö
gate	mon	man
gather	atsumar-	jau ji
gentleman	shinshi	jün
get	er-	de
girl	musume;	nu hai ö
0***	onna no ko	
give	kurer-; okur-	gey; sung
glass (drinking)	koppu	baw li
glass (looking)	kagami	jing dzö
0, 0,	704	

(-)		
CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
chip	pap	khaut-thi
kan	tam	lik
sik mat	ahan	sa-zya
kiok	k'on ngo	chi
pey	samrap	bo
ngoi kwok yan	chao tang pratet	da brey tha
sü lam	pa; kanon; dong	taw
mong key	leyum	mey lyaw
cha	sawm	ka-yin
pau toi	pom (kai)	dok
ŝi	si `	ley
pang yau	puen	meyk-swey
yau	jak	ga
min chin	k'ang na	she
kwaw tzi	pon (-lamai)	thi
tzin	tawt	chaw-thi
yin liu	tan fai	chauk-mi-thwey
fa ün	suan	u-yin
mun	pratu	ta-ga
sau chap	kep	su-wey
sin sang	supara burut	th'kin
law	pai ao	ya
nöi tzai	dek pu ying	meyn-ka-ley
pey	hai	pey
paw le pöi	tuey keo	pan-ga-don
min keng	gra'chok	man

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
glove	tebukuro	sho tau
goat	yagi	shan yang
go	mair-	chü
god	tenshu; kami	shang di
gold	kin	jin
good	ii; yoi; yoshi	hau
goods	shina (-mono)	ho wu
government	seyfu	jang vu
gown	kimono	vu ran shan
grain	ko-mugi	liang shi
grass	shiba	tsau
grave	haka	van
grease	abura	yu
great	okii; dai	da
green	aoi; midori	lu
greet	keyrey sur-	dau shi
ground	tsuchi	di
grow	sodats-	jang
guest	kyaku	ko ren
guide	annai	ling lu di
gun	ho; teppo	chiang
hair	kami; ke	mau
half	hambun	i ban
hand	te	sho
handkerchief	hanafuki	sho bu
handle	e; te	sho pa
happen	arr-; okor-	chang
happy	shiawase	shi hwan
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CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
sau to	tung mü	let-sut
yöng	pa	seyt
höi	pai	thwa
söng tai	pra chau	pa-ya-th'kin
kam	tong	shwey
ho	di	kaung
faw mat	sin ka	pyit-se
ching fu	rataban	a-so-ya
ро	süa klum	ga-ga-ya
kuk	mlet; met kao	a-the-a-nan
cho	ya	myet-pin
fan mo	u mong; lum fang sop	thin-jin
yau	nam man	si
tai	yai	chi; ji
chang	si kio	seyn
fun ying	sadang kwam yindi	ma-ba-i-la
tey	din	myey
chöng tai	kün	to
hak	kak	a-ye-thi
höng to	kon nam tang	
chöng	pün	yik-pat
fat	fom	sa-bin
yat pun	küng; krüng	ta-wet
sau	mü	let
sau kan	pa chet na	let-king-ba-wa
pang	ti chap	ta-zai
pong to	göt kün	mi
fai lok	sabai	chan-tha

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
hat	boshi	mau dzö
he	ano shto	ta
head	kubi; atama	nau dai
hear	kik-	ting
heart	shin	shin
heaven	ten	tien
heavy	omoi	jung
hedge	hey	li ba
hen	niwatori	mu ji
here	kochi ; koko ni	ja li
high	takai	gau
hill	yama	shan
hire, to	karir-; yato-	gu
his	ano shto no	ta di
home	uchi; taku	jia
home, at	o taku de	dzai jia
honest	shojiki	shi chang
honey	mitsu	vang mi
hope, to	kibo sur-	bang wang
horse	uma	ma
hospital	byo-in ·	jün
hot	atsui	nwan haw
hotel	yado	geh yö
hour	jikan	i dien jung
house	uchi; taku; ie	vang dzö
how?	do	dzan maw
how much?	ikahodo; ikura	
hundred, a	hyaku	bai
hunt, to	rio sur-	jui
•	0	-

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
mo	müek	tho-ok-tok
köi	kau	thu
tau	hua	ok-kaung
teng	dai yin	cha
sam	hua chai	nit-lon
tin	sawan; fa	mo
chung	nak	ley
ley pa	rua; rua	si–dan
	ton mai	
kai na	ma kai	chet-ma
ni chü	ti ni	di-ma
ko	sung	myin
san	kao; pukao	taung
cho	hai chao	nga
köi	kong kau	thu
ka	ban; rüan	eyn
choi ka	tiban	eyn-nik
sing sat	sü trong	pyaung-mat
mat tong	nam püng	pya-yi
hey mong	wang	myaw-lin
ma	ma	myin
yi yün	rong p'yaban	thu-na-dan
yit	rawn	pu
löi tim	patakan; hoten	
tim chung	chua mong	na-yi
ok	ban; rüan	eyn; tik
tim yöng	tao rai	be ne
key to	tao rai	be lauk
yat pak	roi	t-ya
ta lit	la	lik

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
hurt, to	itamer-	sun
husband	otto; teyshu	jang vu
hut	koya	dzau vang
I	wata(ku)shi	waw
if.	naraba	jaw
ill	byoki	yu bing
immediately	jiki ; sugu	jan dzai
important	taishita	bi yau
ink	sumi	maw
inn	yado	lü gwan
insect	mushi	jung
interpreter	tsuben	tung i kwan
into	ye	li bien
iron	tetsu	tieh
is	(arimas'; da ; des')	(shi)
is not	arimasen	pu (shi)
island	shima; jima	ĥai dau
it	are	ta
jewel	tama	sho shir
journey	ryoko; tabi	lü shing
judge, a	saiban-nin	tsai pan kwan
jug	yakan	gwan dzu
jump, to	tob-	tiau gwaw chü
juice	shiru; midzu	shui ö
1 4.1.	4-4 L !	There has

kettle key kick, to kill tetsubin kagi ker– koros– shwe hu yaú shi ti sha

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESB	BURMESB
ta söng	tam antarai	na chi
chong fu	sami	lin
pang	katawm	eyn-gok
ngaw	chan	ch'nok
yök	ta	lyin
peng	puey	na
lap hak	tanti	ta ka di
kan yu	samkan	ga-yu pyu-bwe
mak	mük	min-yi
hak chan	hoten	tamin-zing
chong	malang	po-gaung
fanyik yan	lam	sa-ga-byan
löi	nai	de-tho
tet	lek	than
(hai)	piu; mi	
m' (hai)	mai piu	mabu
to	ko	chun
ta	mau	to
po sak	krüang pet	ta-za
löi hang	kan dön tang	ka-yithwa
fat kun	popipaksa	taya-thuji
söi wu	yüak	ka-ya
tiu	kadot	kon
chap	nam lok mai	si

wu saw si tek shat ka nam luk kunchai tae ka yey-nwey-o thaw kan-the that

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
kind (amiable)	shinsetsu na	shan
kind (sort)	shina; shurui	yang dzö
king	0	gwaw hwang
	•	811411 11114116
kitchen	katte	chu vang
knife	hocho	shiau dau dzö
know, to	shir-;mitomer-	
	,	,
lady	fujin	tang kaw
lake	kosui	hu
lamb	kohitsuji	gau yang
lamp	rampu	tang
land	riku	di
lane	michi	hu tung ö
language	kotoba	hwa
large	okii	da
last	suye no	dzui ho
late	osoi	wan
laugh, to	wara-	shiau
law	kisoku; ho	va
lawyer	bengoshi	lü sör
lead, to	hik-	ling
leaf	ha	shu yeh dzö
learn	nara-	shüeh
leave (of	itoma	gau jia
absence)		•
left (side)	hidari	dzaw
leg	ashi	tui
lend	kas-	chiö gey
less	motto sukunai	shau
letter	tegami	shin
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CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
yau sam	chai di	nu-nyan
yöng	yang	a-mye
wong	prachao	shin-ba-yin
	pandin	•
chöi fong	hong kroa	ta-min-jet-yon
to	mud	da
chi to; shik	ru; ruchak;	thi
	trap	
nöi tzi	supap satri	th'kin-ma
wu	ta sap; baw	in
yöng tzai	luk ka	nye-tho
tang	takieng	mi-eyn
tey	ti din; bok	kon
hawng	krawk	lan
wa	pasa	pyaw-jin
tai	yai; to	chi-che; ji
chöi hau	ti sut	nauk-son
chi	sai	nauk-kya
siu	huaro	ye
fat löt	kot mai	ta-ya
löt si	tanai kwam	shey-ney
tai	nam (hna); song	lan-bya
yip	bai (mai)	a-yuet
hok	rien	thin
ko ka	la pak	a-kwin
chaw sau	sai (mü)	let-we-bet
kiok	k'a	chi-dauk
tsia	yüm	chi
siu	noi kwa	tet
sön	chot mai	ma-za

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
lie down	fuser-	dang
lift, to	mochi-ager-	jü chi lai
light, a	akari	ji gwang ö
light, to	tak-	dien
light (weight)	karui ; usui	chen
line	suji	dau
listen	kik-	ting .
little, a	shosho;	shau
	sukoshi	
live ·	ikir-; sum-	ju
lock	jomae	saw
long (distance)	nagai	chang
lose	ushina-	sun hai
love	aisur-	ai
low	hikui	ai
madam	okusama	dai dai
make	sur-	dzaw
man	otoko	ren
many	taksan	daw
map.	chizu	tu
market	ichi	shi
marriage	kon-in	shi shi
master	shu; danna	dung jia
mat	tatami	shi
match	machi	yang ho
mattress	futon	jwang dan
me	wata(ku)shi ni	waw
meat	niku	jo
medicine	kusuri	yau
meet	ni a-	shiang hui

CHINESE (C.)

fan ta'i koi tang faw tim heng sin

SIAMESE

nawn long yok daking chut fai bao siu fang ta noi

BURMESE

eyk chi a-lin tun paw cho-ji na ne ne

sang chün saw

chöng sit oi

ta'i

teng

taw siu

tai tai cho yan

ho taw tey to kai si

fan yan chü yan tsek

faw chai söi yuk

ngaw yuk yök

kin

yu kunchai

yen; klai tam hai rak

tam

nang tam

pu chai lai

kan dang ngan nai hang

süa

mai kit fai

chan nüa

ya pop

pan ti talat

tiang

a-thet shin thaw-eyn

shey shon chit-chin neyn

kadaw pyu

yauk-ya mya

mye bon zey

let-tat-chin th'kin

pya mi-jit mi-jey-ya ch'nok a-tha

sey-wa twey-chon

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
meeting	kwai	hui
mend	naos-	jin bu
merchant	akindo; shonin	~
midnight	yonaka	ban yeh
milk	chichi	niu nai
minute	fun	i van jang
mistake	chigai	tsaw law
money	kin; kane	chien
monkey	saru	ho dzö
month	getsu; tsuki	yüeh
- moon	tsuki	yüeh
more	mo(-tto); nao	daw
morning	asa	dzau chi
mosque	kaikyo jiin	höi höi dang
most	ichi-ban	ding
mother	okkasan ;	mu chin
	gobodo	
motor-car	jidosha	ji jo
mountain	yama; -san	shan
mouth	kuchi	dzui
move, to	ugok–	dung
Mr.	san	shien sang
Mrs.	sama	dai dai
much	yohodo;	tai daw
	takusan	
mud	doro	ni
mule	raba	lo dzö
music	ongaku	yüeh
my	wata(ku)shi no	waw di
nail (iron)	kugi	ding dzö
-		9

CHINESE (C.) STAMESE BURMESE kin min kan pop twey-chon-thi ka po' pyin-zin söng yan k'on kai kong sing-the weyla ting kün pun ye tha-gaung nai nom; nam nom na-no fan nati minit chaw sing ti pit a-mo ngan ngön nwe ling hau myauk yüt düan la yüt prachau la taw on; the cho san (weyla) chao ma-net miu wat; bost' kek mosjid ti sat taw so a-zon mo chan mama a-mey hey che rot-yon ma-taw ta-sa (pu)kao san taung-ji pak hau pa-zat yuk pai shwey kin-bya sin sang nai fu yan th'kin-ma nang

nai doi loi yam ngawk ngaw ke

ho taw

klon la pleng kong chan

shun mye bun ch'nok

mya-zua

teng

tapu

mak

twe-at

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
name	na(-mai)	shing
narrow	semai	jai
nation	koku-jin	gwaw jia
near	chikai	jin
nearly	hotondo	cha i dien
necessary	iriyo	bi yau
needle	hari; nuibari	jan
never	itsu moen	lau bu
new	shin; atarashii	shin
news	shimbun	shin wan
newspaper	shimbun (-shi)	shin wan bau
next	tsugi	ja i go
night	yo (-ru)	yeh
nine	ku ; kokono (-ts)	jiu gaw
no	iiye	bu jieh
noon -	shogo; hiru	shang wu
north	kita	bey
nose	hana	bi dzu
not	-en; nai	bu; mey
nothing	nani moen	mey yu
now	ima	shien dzai
number	kazu; su	dzö
o'clock	-ji	dien jung
of	-no; teki	(-ti)
office	jimusho	jü
officer	shoko; shikwan	wu gwan
Officer	GAIOILO 3 DALLANTINIA	1

furui 118

yoku

abura

yoshi

often

O.K. (all right)

oil

old

chang

hau la

yu

lau

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
sing ming	chü	a-myi
chak	kap	pa
kwok ka	chati	pyi-thu
kan	klai	ni
chöng kan	küap	lu
pit sui	cham pen	ga-yu pyu-bwe
cham	kem	at
wing pat	mailöi	ta-ka-mya-ma
san	mai	thit
san man	k'ao	thadin
po tsi	nangsü pim	thadin sa
key chi	tat pai	a-ni-zon
ye man	(weyla) lang kum	nya
kau	kao	ko
m'hai	plaw	ma-hok-pu
an chau	(weyla) tiang	mun-te
pak	tit nüa	myauk
pey	chamük	na-kaung
pey m'	mai	ma
mo ye	mai mi arai	ba mya ma
yin choi	dio ni; bat ni	ya-ku
so muk	lek ti	nam-bat
tim chung .	mong; nalika	na-yi
(ke)	k'ong	(i)
pan kong sat	ti tam ngan	yo-ne; ofis
kun chöng	nai ta han	sit-bo
si söng	boi boi	a-kyeyn-jeyn
yau	nam-man	si
ho	tok-long	kaung-ba-byi
kau	kao	haung
		0

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
on	-no ue ni	shang to
once	ichi do	i hui
one	ichi ; shto (-ts)	i (gaw)
only	dake; tada	ji 💝 🧪
open	aker-	kai chaw
or	ka	hwaw
orange	mikan	jü dzö
order, to	meyjir	van vu
other	ta	bieh
our	waga	waw men di
out	kara	chu
pack up	tsumer-	jwang
pain	itami	dang
paper	kami	ji
path	michi	shiau lu
pay, to	ur-	gey chieh
peace	anraku	tai ping
pen	pen	(i kwan) pi
pencil	empitsu	jien pi
people	jin	ren min
pepper	kosho	hu jiau mir
perfume	niwoi	shiang wey
person	shto; nin; jin	ren
picture	e	hwa ö
pig	buta	ju
pillow	makura	jan to
pin	hari	bang jan
pineapple	ananas'	bo lo mi
pipe .	kiseru	yen dai
place	toko (-ro)	di vang
	700	

chinese (c.) choi yat si yat tuk hey wak che chang ming ling

ngaw tey ke

ngoi

bon
ti nung
nung
tao nan
pöt
rü
som
sang
ün
k'ong rao
nawk

a-paw-ma
ta-li
ta
tha
pwin
tho-ma-hok
leym-maw
a-meyn-pey
acha
do
a-pyin-ma

pau tung chi lo fu waw peng mak söi pat yün pat yan wu chiu hiong söi yan söng; wa chü cham tau cham paw law yin tau tey fong

gep-k'ong puet gradat tang dön chai suk samran pakka pinsaw k'on pruk tai nam hom k'on rup mu mawn mut saparot klong (satan) ti

tok na-jin sa-yet-ywet chi-lan pey-sat-thi yan-gun kalaung ke-dan thu-mya nga-yok-kaung a-nan thu; lu jok-pon wet gaung-on twe-at na-nat sey-dan · а-уа

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
plain (ground)	maki-ba	su di
plant, a	kusa; ueki	shu yang
plate	sara	pan dzö
play, to	hara-; asob-	wan shwa
pocket	kakushi	do dzö
poisonous	doku na	du yau
policeman	junsi	shun bu
pond	ike	chö
pony	ma	ma
porter	ninsoku	gung ren
possess	mots-	yu
post office	yubin-kyoku	yü chang chü
pot	hachi	gwaw
potato	imo	shan yau
pour	tsug-	dau chu lai
prayer	inori	dau gau
present, to be	sanka sur-	shi; dzai
price	ne (–dan)	jia chien
priest	senkyoshi	ji su
prince	kimi	chün wong
prisoner	horyo; shunin	jien fan
profession	shokugyo	hwaw
pull	hik-	la
punish	tsumi sur-	ji dzui
purse	kane-ire	jien gia dzö
put	ok-	gaw shia
	•	•

quarter question quick shibun no ichi gimon; mondai hayai

sö fan ji i i wan kwai

CHINESE (C.) SIAMESE BURMESE ti rap kwin peng tey a-pin ton mai sü chan pa-gan-bya tip len ka-za wan sa eyk ka pao toi pen pit tuk a-seyt a-mu-dan king chat tam ruat in sa; nong tawng ma krap myin ma tsai kon kon kong kuli kök fu shi mi yau yau ching kuk titamkan prais'ni det-yon po maw 0 a-lu haw lan sü man farang thun cham tey su-daung-thi key to kam suat pyit tzoi yu ka chin raka a-po sa-ya waw söng pra momchan min-tha tai tzi nak tot a-kyin-tha fan yan ngan achip a-lok chik yip lak; düng swe-ngin lai a-pyit-dan long tot che tsi tha-yey-eyk ka pao ngön ho pau sai fong ta se fun yat 310 ta-zeyt kam tam a-mey man

reo

fai

lyin

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
rabbit	usagi	shan mau
rain	ame	yü
raisins	hoshi budo	pu to kan ö
rat	nezumi	hau dzö
railway	tetsudo	tieh dau
raw	nama	shang
razor	kami-sori	gwa lien dau
read, to	yom-; tokusho sur-	kan shu
ready	shitaku	hau law
receipt	uketori	sho chü
red	akai	hung
relation	shinrui	shüeh dzu
remember	oboer-	ji da
remove	ugokas-	naw
repair, to	naos-	shiu
reply, to	kotacr-	da bien
rescue, to	tas'ker-	jiu ji
rest (repose)	yasumu	shiu shi
return (go back)	kaer-	hui lai
rice (raw)	ine	dau dzö
rice (cooked)	han; meshi	mi van
rich	kanemochi	vu yu
ride, to	nor-	chi
rifle	shoju	lai vu jiang
right (side)	migi	yu sho
right (correct)	honto	dui law
ripe	jukush'ta	sho law
rise, to	agar-	chi lai
river	kawa	haw
road	michi	lu -
roof	yane	vang ding

CHINESE (C.)

SIAMESE

BURMESE

to yü katai fon

po tai tzi

luk angun hang lo sü

nu

rot fai tit lo dip sang

mit kon

tuk yü pey sau tan

tai to

hung

wö i

kau

bai rap si deng

chun chik ke tak vi tung sau ching

iam yai ka tawp

on sit fan höi mai

fan yau chin ruey

ke chöng yau sau

ying koi suk

hey haw lo uk tang an set yat chuey nawn pak klap pai k'au san k'au suk

k'i pün k'wa tuk

suk (luk) k'ün ma nam

tanon lang k'a thimbaw-yon mo yua jin sa-byit-thi-jauk chuet

mi-y'ta lun

seyn thin-don pat

pyin-zin pyey-za

ni a-myo mat-mi yu-thwa pyin-zin tu-j'yey ke-tin eyk-pyaw pyan-thwa san; z'ba

ta-min kyu-e-wa

yik-pat let-ya-bet

man me ta myit lan a-mo

ENGLISH
room

room rope rotten rough rug

run

JAPANESE

heya nawa k'satta arai ketto hashirCHINESE (M.)

wu dzö shang dzö vu bai law ma ja jan dzö pau

sack safe salt same sand sandals sauce savage say scissors school screen screw sea seat second see seek sell send seven several

sew

shallow

fukuro daijobu shio hito; do suna waraji; zori kakeshiru; shoyu mugoi; yaban na i-: moshasami gakko shoji neji umi seki dai ni mirsagasurokur-; yanana (-ts); shichi oku no nuasai

ko dai bau shien bai yen tung sha dzö tsau gwa da ö dziang yeh shwaw iien dzö shüeh shiau jang dzö law sö ding hai dzo wev di ö chiau jau mai sung chi (gaw) ji gaw vang chien

CHINESE (C.)

fong sing sok wai hai tey chin

SIAMESE

hong chüek nao kru kra from wing

BURMESE

a-kan cho-ji ma kaung kyan kaw-zaw pyey

toi tet kiu yim tung

pau

tung
sa
taw hai
chöng
san fan
kong (wa)
kau chin
hok tong
lim

law si hoi cho wai tai i kin cham

mai key chat

key yöng lün chin kasawp prawt fai klua

müan gan sai; trai rong taw ta nam saws

du klao tagrai rong rien lap la sikru tale

ma nang ti song du tio ha k'ai

song lai yep weyla tün kwey-eyt lon-chon

sa
a tu tu
the
chi-nin
sa-me
a-myet
pyaw
kat-chi

sa-thin-jaung ka-la-ga twe-at pin-le

ka-la-ting du-ti-ya myin sha yaung

phot-thi ku-nit taw daw mya

chok tain thi

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
shave, to	sor-	gwa lien
shawl	kesa	bey vang
sheep	hitsuji	yang
she	ano onna	ta
sheet	uwa-shiki	bey dan ö
ship	fune	chwan
shirt	shatsu	han shan
shoe	kutsu	shieh
shoot, to	ir-	vang
shop	mise	pu dzö
short	mijikai	twan
shoulder	kata	jien bang ö
shout, to	donar-	ku
show, to	miser-	jau gan gan
side	kata; ho	bien
sign	shirushi	dzö
sign, to	kimey sur-	ming
silk	kinu	sö
silver	gin	yin
since	irai	sung
sir	san	nin na
sister	ane	jieh jieh
sit	suwar-	dzaw
six	roku; mu	liu gaw
skin	hifu	pi
skirt	suso	jün dzö
sky	ten; sora	tien
sleep, to	ner-	shui
slow	osoi	man
small	chi'isai ; semai	shiau
smell, a	nioi	wan i wan

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
tai	kon nuet	san yeyk
pey fung	pa pan kaw	ta-bet
yöng	ka	tho
küi	k'au	thu (-ma)
pey tan	papu ti non	a-chut
sün	rüa; kampan	thim-baw
chan sam	süa chöt	kambiza
hai	rong tao	chi-nin
ta	ying	th'nat pyit
tim	hang	sing
tün	san; tia	to
pawk tau	ba	pa-kon
ai	takon	kaw; laik
yü	s'dang	pya
pin	kang	na-bey
key ho	krüang mai	yok-pon
chim	kian chữ	let-mat to
si	mai	po
ngan	ngön	ngwey
key yin	tang ta	nauk
sin sang	kra pom	bo-ji ; kin-bya
chi mui	pi saw; nong saw	a-ma
chaw	nang	ting
luk	hok	chauk
pey	nang · ·	a-yey
kwan	sarong	lun-ji
tin	fa	mo kaung gin
süi	nawn	eyk-pyaw
man	cha	ney
siu	lek	nge; they
mey .	klin	a-nan

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
smoke	kemuri	yen
smoke, to	nom-	chi yen
snake	hebi	chang chung
snow	yoki	shüeh
so	so	(i yang) di
soap	shabon	i dzö
socks	kutsu-sh'ta	wa dzö
soft	yawarakai	jwan
soil	tochi	di
soldier	gunjin; heysots'	bing ding
some	aru	shieh haw
something	nanzo	dung shi
sometimes	itsu ka	yo di shö ho
son	musuko	ö dzö
song	utau-mono	chang
soon	chikai uchi	kwai
sorry	kinodoku	gan
sort	shina	yang
soup	soppu	tang
sour	suppai	swan
south	minami	nan
speak	hanas-	shwaw
spectacles	megane	yen ching dzö
spend	tsuka	vey
spices	kosho	la'
spoon	saji	chi dzö
spring, a	izumi	jing
stable	maya	ma hau
stairs	hashigo	ti dzö
stamp (postal)	yubin-sey	yu biau
stand, to	tats-	jan ju

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
yin	kwan fai	mi-go
sik yin	saup	thauk
se	ngu	mwey
süt	yesi hima	mo-bwin
kam yöng	dang nan	to-tho
kan	sabu	sat-pya
mat	tung tau san	chi-zut
yün	awn	pyaw
tey mai	din	myey
ping	ta-han	sit-tha
key	bang	t'cho
yau mat	kong bang yang	t'zon t'ku
yau si	bang ti	ta-ka
chai	but chai	tha
kaw	pleng	bun
chöng kan	reo-reo ni	my ma-kya
haw sik	ser-chai	seyt-pu jin
yong	kanat; yang	a-myo
tong	kang chüt	a-pyok-yi
sün	priu	chin
nam	tit tai	taung
kong	put	SO
ngan keng	wan ta	myet-man
sai chin	chai	pey-sat-thi
hiong liu	krüang tet	nga-yok-kaung
chi kang	chawn	zun
chün	(nam) pu	yey-san
ma fong	rong ma	nwa-tin-gok
lau tai	gra dai	ley-ga
yau piu	prais'ni yakawn	t'zaka kaung
key	yün	yat
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ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
star	hoshi	shing shing
starch	nori	dian
start, to	hajimer-	chi lai
station, police	keysatsusho	ging ja gü
station, railway	teyshaba	ho je jan
stay, to	nokor-	dzai
steal	uba-; nusum-	to
steamer	jokisen	lwan jwan
steel	hagane	gang
stick	tsue	tang dzö
sting, a	hari	ku tung
stocking	nagakutsu-sh'ta	wa dzö
stomach	hara	du dzö
stone	ishi	shi to
stop, to	tomer-	jan ju ba
storm	arashi	bau vang
story	hanashi	shau hwa
straight	zutto	ji
stranger	tanin	kaw ren
street	tori	jieh
strike, to	buts-	da
string	ito	shang dzö
strong	kitsui ; jobu	yu jin ö
study, to	manab-	shüeh
sugar	sato	tang
summer	natsu	shia dien
sun	hi; taiyo	tai yang
supper	yumeshi	wan van
swamp	numa	ni
swim	oyog-	vu shue

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
sing	dao	che
chiong fan	pang	Si
hey tau	awk chak; röm	a-sa pyu
king chat kuk	rong pak; satani	dana
ho chet chan	satani rot fai	bu da yon
hit	yut yu	ney
tau	k'a moi	ko
faw sün	rüa fai	mi thim-bay
kong	lck	than-mani
sü kan	mai	dok
chi	lek nai tüa püng	kok
mat	tung tao yao	chi-zut-shey
to	tawng	baik
sak	hin	chauk
ting	yut	yat
tai fung	payu	mon-ding
ku	rüang	vi-thu
chik	trong	pyaung
ngoi hak yan	kon plak na	da byey tha
kai '	tanon	eyn-dan-lan
ta	ti	kok
sin	chüek	cho-ji
köng	keng reng	sun-ma
hok	rien	thin
tong	nam tan	tha-ja
ha tin	na ron; rüdu ron	nwey-u-du
tai yöng	pra atit; dat	ney
man chan	ahan yen	nya-za
sap tey	nong; büng	seyn-myey
yau süi	wai nam	vev ku

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
table	tsukue	jaw dzö
tailor	shitateya	tsai veng
take away	tor-	ba
take (hold of)	tor-; nigir-	na
talk, to	henji sur-	shwaw
tank (reservoir)	midzutame	jö
tea	cha	cha
teach	oshier-	jiau
teacher	kyoju	giau shi
telegram	dempo	dien bau
tell, to	kikaser-	gau sö
temple	jinja; tera	sö; kwan
ten	ju; to; jippiki	shi (gaw)
tent	temmaku	jang bang
than	yeri	bi
that	are; sore	na gaw
their	ano sh'to no	ta men di
then	sono toki	ho lai
there	sochi; soko ni	na li
therefore	sore des kara	so yi
they	ano sh'to	ta men
thick	atsui	ho
thief	dorobo	dzey
thin	hosoi	bau
thing	mono	shu ching; tung shi
think ·	omo-	shiang
this	kore	ja gaw
thousand	sen	chien
thread	ito	shien
three	san; mi	san (gaw)
throw, to	nager-	jang

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
toi	to	sa-bwe
choi fung	chang yep pa	a-chok-thama
law	rip; aw pai	yu-thwa
cha	chap; song	yu
kong	kui	pyaw; so
chi	kra pang; tang	yey-gan
cha	nam cha	la-pet-yi; l'pey
kau	sawn	thin-cha
sin sang	kru	saya
tin po	(kam) tor'leyk	kyey-nan
kong	bok	pyaw
miu	wat	zey-di
sap	sip	ta se
chöng mok	k'ai	tai
pey	kwa	det
kawkaw	nan	to; ho
köi ke	k'ong k'au	thu-do
kaw si	leo	to a-ka-nik
kaw to	ti nun	ho-ma
so yi	fro chanan	to-jaung
köi tey	k'au	thu-do
hau	na	pyit; tok
chak	ka moi	tha-ko
pok	bang	pa
kin si; mat kin	kong; tu ra	a-ya
siong.	kit	tin
ni ko	ni	thi
yat chin	pan	taung
sin	dai	chi
sam	sam	thon
pek	ting; yon	pit
K	135	•

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
ticket	kippu	biau dzö
tie, to	shibar-	jieh
time	toki; tabi	shi ho ö
tin	suzu	ma ko tieh
to	-ni	(key)
today	. kyo	jin tien
together	kanete	dung
tomorrow	myonichi; ash'ta	ming tien
tonight	komban	gin .wan
too (much)	amari; yokey	ding
tooth	ha	ya
torch	tai-matsu	(i jan) dang
touch, to	sawar-	ti
towards	ye	shang
towel	tonogui	sho gin
tower	yagura	ta
town	tokai	chang
track	michi	lu
trade, to	akina	shang yeh
train (railway)	kisha	o je
translate, to	honyaku sur-	tung i
travel, to	ryoko sur	lü shing
traveller	tabi-bito	yu li geh
tree	ki	shu
tribe	shuzoku	cha
trousers	zubon	ku dzö
true	shin	jan
try, to	mir-	shi i shi
turban	hachimaki	dau gan
twelve	ju ni (–tto)	shi ö (gaw)
twenty	ni ju	ð shi (gaw)

CHINESE (C.) SIAMESE

piu tua pong kan fuk weyla si dibuk sek (to) su; ti kum yat wan ni yat chai pa kan ting yat prung ni kün ni kam man tai gönpai fan nga

faw pa fai-chai; tai

mo ta
hiong pai su
min kan pa k'on
tap haw
seng müang;

seng müang; chiang lo tang (pa) tso sang yi k'a k'ai faw che rot fai

fan-yik pla löi hang tong tio ; dön tang

löi hak nak tong tio sü ton mai

chuk chat

fu kang keng chan ching

si long tau kan muak

tau kan muak kek sap yi sip-song

yi sap yi-sip

BURMESE

let-mat
lon-chon
ka-la
than-byu
ko; tho; a
ya-ney
nin-a-tu
ma-net-pyan
ya-ku-nya

lun thwa

let-neyk dam-mi

ti to tho

let-thok-pa-wa

dok
myo
lan
yaung
ya-ta
pyan zo
ka-yi-thwa
da byey tha

chon

pyi-thu pyi-tha

baumbi man san

gaung-baung

se na na se ENGLISH twice two JAPANESE nido ni; fta (-ts); fu CHINESE (M.) liang bien liang; ö

umbrella under understand uniform up us kasa
-no shita ni
wakagumpuku
uye ni
watashi domo
choho

san shia shau dö hau i shang bien waw men yu yung

valley
value
vegetables
veil
very
village
visit, to

tani
atai
yasai
kinu-katsugi
yohodo; taiso
sato; mura
homon sur-

shan gu gwey jung di dzai su lien dzö han; ding tsun jwang ö bai

wages
wait, to
wake, to
walk, to
wall
want, to
war
warm
was
wash, to
washerman
watch (clock)

kyukin
matsme ga samerarukkabe
nozomikusa; senso
attakai
deshta
arasentaku-ya
tokey

gung chien
dang
shing law
dzo
chiang
yau
jan jang
nwan haw
la
shi
shi i-shang ti
biau

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
liong bai	song ti	na
liong; yi	song	na
che	rom	ti-let
ha tai	tai	auk-ma
ming	k'ao chai	na-le
chai fuk	krüang bab	sin du
söng ko	k'ün	a-paw-tho
ngaw	tey rao	do-go
yau yung	pen prayot	a-thon-win
san kak	hup k'au	ching
ga chin	k'a	а-ро
choi	pak	hin-yuet
lim	pa klum na	myet-na-pon
kek chi	mak	te
hiong chun	(mu) ban; tambon	ywa
tam	pai yiam	twei
kung chin	ngön duan	nwe
tang	raw	ney
ching seng	pluk	no
lo hang	dön	thwa
chiong	kampang	ta-ding
oi	tong kan	chin
ching	song-kram	sit
nün	un	nwey; ik
hai	dai (pen)	-de; -pyi
sai	sak; lang	sey
sai yi yan	k'on sak pa	ka-wa-the
piu	na-lika	na-vi-gwet

na-yi-gwet

sai yi yan piu

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
ENGLISH watch, to watchman water water, drinking way we weak weapon week were west wet what? wheel when? which? white who? white who? white wide wife will (shall) wind (air) window	mamor—bampey mizu nomi-mizu tori watashi-domo yowai bu-ki shukan deshta nishi shimeppoi dore; nani kuruma; wa itsu dochi dono; dore shiroi dare naze hiroi nyobo; okusan -u desho kaze mado	gwan gan man di shue hö di shue dau; lu waw men me yö chin jün giai i li bai la shi shi law shan maw lun dzö daw dzan na li na gaw bai shui haw gu kwan vu ren yau vang chwang hu
wind (air)	kaze	vang
wine	budo–shu fuyu	jiu dung tien
winter wire	tesen	die sö
with without	-de ;-to naku	gen; na wu
woman	onna	nü ren

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
chöng	hen; du	zaung
hon sau yan	k'on yam	ta ga zaung
söi	nam; tuk	yey
yan ke söi	nam kin	thauk-yey
lo	tang	lan
ngaw tey	rau	ch'nok do
yök	awn a	a-ne
ley hey	awut	len-net
lai pai	atit; sa pa da	a-bat
hai	dai (pen)	-de; -pyi
sai	tit t'wan tok	a-nauk
sap	piek	80
mat ye	arai	ba
lön	law	sat-they
ke si	mürai	be daw le
pin chu	ti nai	be le
pin yöng	an nai	be thin
pak	si kao	pyu
pin kaw .	k'rai	be thu
tim kai	tam mai	ba jaung le
fat	kwang	kye
fu yan	panyara	ma-ya
oi	cha	me
fung	lom	ley-tik-chin
chöng mun	na tang	pa-din-bauk
tsau	lao angun	sa-byit-yi
tung tin	na nao; rüdu nao	
tung sin	luet	cho-ji
kung	duey	nin
mo .	mai mi	ma-shi-be
nui yan	pu ying	meyn-ma

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
wood ki word kotoba work (noun) gyo; hataraki workman shokunin worse motto warui worship rey-hai wound, a kega wrap up tsutsum- write kak(er)- wrong warui		mu to dzö hwaw; gung gung ren gang bu hau bai shang ko bau chi lai shieh tsaw law
year yellow yes yesterday you young your	nen ; toshi ki~iroi hey kino ; sakujitsu anata wakai anata no	nien hwang shi di dzaw tien ni nien ching ni ti

CHINESE (C.) SIAMESE

muk mai kam wa kung fu ngan si fu k'on tam ngan leo kwa kan wai bucha pai pla söng pau pan kien se m'chok

pit

a-lok tha ma tha yuey so su-daung a-na a-sa tok yey-tha

ma man; ma-lwe

BURMESE

dok

sa

nin wong hai

ney

nün

ney ke

tsawk yat

pi si lüang krap müa wan ni tan; k'un num; dek k'ong tan

nit wa ho'ba ma-ney kin-bya a-thet nge maung-min

JAPANESE

Notes:

WORD ORDER: 'The' and 'a, an' are omitted. Prepositions (properly called postpositions) follow the words to which they refer. Adjectives precede nouns. Pronouns are often omitted. The verb always comes at the end of each sentence.

VERBS: Add the following endings to the roots given in the word-list to show tense, etc:—

Root-imas'. . present (e.g. 'I am going')

Root-imasen . negative ('I am not going')

Root-imasho . future ('I will go')

Root-imasumai . negative future ('I won't go')

Root-imash'ta . past (' I went')

Root-imasen-deshta negative past ('I didn't

Root-inasai. . command ('Go 1')

Root-anaide-i-i . negative command

(' don't go!')

o-Root-ikudasai . request ('please go')
o-Root-ikudasaimas'na negative request ('please don't go')

Verbs do not change to indicate different persons;

thus, 'he goes' can only be distinguished from ' they go ' by the context.

Plurals: Nouns and adjectives do not change to indicate the plural.

Numerative Particles: When a number is used with a noun, a numerative particle (similar to the word 'piece' in the Pidgin English phrase 'one piece house') must be used. The commonest particles are:

ka or ko
for almost any noun
hai
for cupfuls, glassfuls, etc.
hiki
for animals, fish, etc.
ken
for buildings

mey or nin for people . for documents

The order is: noun, number, particle. Thus, one soldier becomes 'soldier one person' (heyshi ichi-mey).

OTHER PARTICLES: These play an important part in the make-up of colloquial Japanese. The commonest are:

. indicates the nominative case.

. indicates a question. ka

no . generally links a noun to an adjective or a verb.

. emphasizes the word it follows.

wo . indicates the accusative case.

ya . normally suggests doubt.

These particles follow the words to which they refer.

JAPANESE

Special List:

ancestor.	•	•	•	senzo
bamboo .				take
bean curd				tofu
be careful!				ki wo tsukero
bicycle .				jitensha
boatman.				sendo
bowl .				wan
box, lacquered				jubako
brush, writing				fude
Buddha, a				hotoke
Buddhism				bukkyo
Buddhist pries	t	•		bosan
camera .				shashinki
China .				shina; kara
cherry tree				sakura
chopsticks				hashi
coat, Japanese				haori
coolie .				ninsoku
crab .				kani
Christianity	•	•		yasokyo
don't mention	it			do itashimash'te
England				eykoku; igirisu
emperor				kotey
European cloth	ies			yof'ku
excuse me!				moshi; gomen kudasai
•			_	, 0

famous place .			meysho
fireworks .			hanabi
flea			nomi
fried food .			suwaki
Formosa			taiwan
Germany .			doitsu
go away! .			achi ike
god (Shinto) .			kami
godown, warehouse			kura
goodbye .	•	•	sayonara
good morning .	•	•	o hayo
good night .	•	٠	oyasumi nasai
	•	•	budo
grapes	•	•	budo
I don't know			shira
	•	•	
it is (2) o'clock	•	•	(ni)-ji
Japan			nihon; nipon
	•	•	_
Japan, made in	•	•	wasey
Japanese Empire	•	•	teykoku
Jesus .	•	•	yaso
77			1
Korea	•	٠	chosen
local appointing			meybutsu
local speciality	•	•	nicybasa
Manchuria .			manshu (koku)
melon	•	•	uri
	•	٠	
millet	•	٠	awa
Occident, the West			seyo; o-bey
		•	shikwan; kwannin
official	•	•	Sinkwan; kwamun

onion	•	•	•	•	negi
pagoda			•		to
palace					yash'ki
parasol		•			kasa
peach					momo
pear	•				nashi
persimme	on				kaki
photogra		r)	•		shashin (-ki)
please, if				•	doka; dozo
rice-field					**
rickshaw		•	•	٠	ta kuruma
			•	•	
rickshaw.	-pune	r	•	•	kurumaya; shafu
rumour	•	•	•	•	hyoban
Russia	•	•	•	•	ro-koku; rosha
scroll (ha	nging	()			kakemono
shrine		,			miya
singing-g	irl				geysha
soya	•				shoyu
squat, to					suwar-
suicide					jisatsu; harakiri
sweetmea	t mad	ie of	beans		
		and	d suga	ır	yokan
sweet pot	ato				satsuma-imo
sword		•	•	•	katana
temple (S	Shinto)			jinja; yashiro
	Buddh				tera
thank you	1				arigato
that won'	t do				ikenai
,			-	-	

U.S.A. . . . beykoku; gashukoku
veranda . . . engawa
volcano . . . kwazan

warrior . . . samurai

wrestling . . sumo; judo; jujitsu

what's the matter? . . nanda

what's the time? . . mo nanji des

Names of Countries: Add -go or -kotoba to these to form the name of the corresponding language; add -jin to indicate a man of the country concerned; add -no to form the simple adjective applying to that country.

CHINESE

Notes:

PRONUNCIATION: The Chinese languages are tonal; that is to say, the meaning of a word varies according to the tone in which it is uttered. The only way to master the correct tones for Chinese words is to listen to a Chinese speaker.

There is no clear distinction in the Chinese languages between hard and soft consonants (e.g., k and g, p and b). Thus, g sounds like something

between the English g and k, and so on.

In Cantonese a final k, p or t is cut short, and it is barely possible to distinguish a final k from a final p or t.

ORDER: The Chinese prefer short, terse sentences, and omit all superfluous words. In simple phrases the order is generally the same as in English. 'The' and 'a' are omitted.

PLURALS, ETC.: Chinese nouns, adjectives and verbs do not change; there are no endings or prefixes such as in other languages denote gender, case, tense, mood, number, etc.

PREPOSITIONS: Some precede the noun, some follow. Where in the word-lists a preposition is followed by a dash, it precedes the noun; where it is shown preceded by a dash, it follows the noun. 'Of' is translated as if it were English ''s'; the

order in Chinese is therefore not 'top: of: mountain' but 'mountain: of ('s): top.'

VERBS: Tense is sometimes indicated simply by the context, sometimes by a word placed before or after the verb, just as in English we use 'will', 'did,' etc.

yau before the verb indicates the future ('will') tsang before, or la after, the verb indicates the past ('did', 'was', etc.)
pey before the verb indicates the passive.
ba after the verb indicates a command.

QUESTIONS: In a question the word order remains the same as in a plain statement, but the sentence must end with an interrogative word such as 'how', 'who', or 'when', or with one of the interrogative particles ma, maw and mi; these correspond roughly to the English particle 'eh' at the end of a question.

Numerative Particles: When a noun follows a number (including the number 'one'), a numerative particle (corresponding to the word 'piece' in the Pidgin English phrase 'One piece house') must be placed between number and noun. The commonest particles are:

(Mandarin) (Cantonese)
for almost any noun . gaw . chak (piece)
for animals . . . to . taw (head)
for clothing, houses, etc. jien . tso (part)

Thus 'one man' becomes 'one piece man', i.e.: i gaw ren (Mandarin): yat chak yan (Cantonese).

CHINESE

Special List:

	T.	
amber America apricot	MANDARIN hu paw ya-mey-li-ka shing dzö	cantonese fu pak ya-mey-li-ka moi
bamboo banana be careful!	ju dzö shiang chau do gai	chuk kung tsiu siu sam
camel China chopsticks crab crackers (squibs) Christian	law taw jung gwaw kwai dzö pang shieh bien ji du	lok to chung kwok fai tzi hai pau chöng chi tu; ye-su chau-yan
dragon	(i diau) lung	lung
England Europe excuse me	ying gwaw o-lo-pa dwey bu ju	ying kwok ngau chau toi pat chu
fig fireworks	wu hwa go bien	mo fa kwaw yin faw

tai wan

va gwaw

Formosa

France

toi wan

fat kwok

fruits:

lai chi (akin to grapes) li–chi kam kwot (small orange) kin kü lu kwot (peach-like) pi-pa ning mung (lemon) shiang tau bai hui fui (lime) hiong kwa shiang gwa (melon) dau dzö (peach) to li ley (pear) li dzö (plum) moi muk kwa mu gwa (quince)

Germany de gwaw tak kwok ghost maw gwey kwai go away! ni jü ba chau hoi good-bye dzai chen choi wöi good morning ni hau mo ni ho ma

have you eaten your rice? (usual greeting)

ni chi la fan ni sik yün fan mey yu? mey a? ngaw m'tzi to wo bu dzi u dau I don't know India yin du yen to löng tim chung it is 2 o'clock ö tien jung chiong nga ivory shiang ya

Japan ri ban gwaw yet pun kwok

lantern dang lung tang lung

mah jong ma jong ma chök

mandarin, official monsoon	gwan fu dien	kun fu fuk tien
never mind nut	bu ai sirr haw ö	mo man tai hat tze
opium	ya pien yen	a pen
pagoda please, if you prawns	ta jing bien ma	tap ching ne ha
Russia	o gwaw	ngaw kwok
satin	cho dzö	tün
teapot temple thank you	cha hu miau shieh shieh ni	cha u kwan taw tze
veranda	chwan lang	tin toi
what is the time? what's the matter?		ke tim chung cho m'si

Military words (Mandarin only):

general					shang giang
colonel		•			shang siau
major	•	•	•	•	shau siau
captain		•		•	shang we
lieutenar	it	•	•		rung we
sergeant	•				rung shi

private				•	bing	ding
company		-			lien	
battalion	٠		•	•	ying	
brigade	•				lu	

Names of Countries: By dropping gwaw and kwok and adding hwa (Mandarin) and wa (Cantonese), these become the names of the corresponding languages; and by substituting ren (Mandarin) and yan (Cantonese), they come to denote a man of the country concerned. Thus, in Cantonese, ying kwok is England, ying wa English, and ying yan Englishman.

STAMESE

Notes:

Pronunciation: Like Chinese, Siamese is tonal; there are five different tones, and the meaning of a word varies according to the tone in which it is pronounced. The only way to learn how to pronounce a Siamese word in the correct tone is to listen to a Siamese saying it.

WORD ORDER: 'The' and 'a, an' are omitted. In general, word order is the same as in a simple English sentence.

PREPOSITIONS: These are often omitted; when used, they usually precede the noun.

VERBS: Each verb has only one form; there are no endings or prefixes. Tense, mood and person are shown either by context (e.g. 'I go yesterday'; 'I go next week') or by the presence of cha ('will') and dai ('was') and the personal pronouns chan ('I'), tan ('you'), kau ('he' or 'she'), mau ('it'), rau ('we') and kau ('they').
The verb 'to be' is generally omitted.

Plurals: There is no change for the plural in nouns, adjectives or verbs.

QUESTIONS: Interrogative words such 'where?', 'who?' and 'how?' are placed at the end of a sentence.

NUMERATIVE PARTICLES: When a noun is linked to a number (including 'one') a particle is placed after number and noun on the model of the Pidgin English phrases 'one piece shoe', 'three piece fish', ctc. The commonest particles are:

an . . for any class of noun bai . . for flat things (dishes

. for flat things (dishes, pages, sheets)

. for packets, parcels, etc. haw

k'on . for people

luk. . for round things (e.g. fruit)

lang . for buildings

. for trees and plants ton.

tua. for animals, clothes, furniture, and wooden or iron things such as

tools.

The order in a phrase of this kind is: noun, number, particle. Thus 'five soldiers' becomes soldier five piece' (tahan ha k'on).

SIAMESE

Special List:

Annamite, -ese . yuan Ayuthia krungkao

bamboo mai pai; pa pai

. kluai banana krungtep
kong pan
kang rop Bangkok battalion

battle

betel-nut (palm). mak; (ton mak)

boat, flat-bottomed		kuhle
bring that here .		au nan ma ni
Buddhism	•	putasasana
buffalo		kwai ; wua
Burma, Burmese.		pama
bush country .		pa hya
		P
captain		nai roi ek
Cambodian .		kamrat müang kamen
cart-track		tang kwian
Ceylon		ko langka
Chinese		chek; chin
Chinese temple .		san chau
Chinese theatre .		ngiu
cholera		ahiwa takarok
clan		puak
clearing in jungle.		tang pa; pa la mo
cocoanut		(pon) maprao
cocoanut palm .		ton maprao
crab		pu
crocodile		choroke
custard apple .		noi na
colonel		nai pan ek; nai pan to
corporal (mily.) .		nai sip to
company (mily.) .		kong roi
		_
Danish		hang pratet denmak
Denmark		denmak
division (mily.) .		kiak kai; kong pon to
do you understand?		kau chai rü
dry season		rüdu leng
durian		turien

elephant	chang
elephant-driver	kwan chang ·
English	angkrit
European	farang
ferry	rüa cheo; ta rüa chang
fire-crackers	pratat
foot (approximately 12")	küp
French	farangsat
general (mily.)	nai pon ek
German	yerman
good-bye	la (pai kon)
government office	sala rataban
government department	krom
harbour	ta rüa
headman	pu hyai ban; chao müang
howdah	kup
how do you do?	tan sa-bai di rü
image	rup kao rop
	kek ·
Indian temple	wat kek
is it true?	ching rü
it is true	ching pen na
Japan	yipun
jungle fever	kai pa
jungle, dense	dong tüp
jungle mixed with culti-	
vated land	pon pa
	•

junk (Chinese sh	ip)		tapao
Karen .			krieng namman kat
kerosene .	•	•	Halimian Kat
landing-place			ta nam
lizard .			chin chok
lotus	Ť		dok bua
iotus	•	•	don bun
magistrate (rural).		kamnan
major (mily.)			nai pan tri
malaria .			kai püa yung
Malay .			malayu
mango .			mamnang
mangrove .			pa lampu
mile (approximat	ely)		si sip sen; mail
monastery.			aram
monks (Buddhist)		pra
monsoon .			lam ta pao
monsoon season			rüdu lom
mosquito .			yung
mosquito net			mung
never mind	•	٠	mai pen-rai
opium .	•	•	ya fin
paddy-field			tung na
palace .			wang; prasat
palm tree .			ton tan; ton lan
Penang .			ko hmak
picul (133 lbs.)			hap
I (-22)	-	-	F

plantation				rai suan
priest's cel	1.			kuti
private (m	ily.)			pon ta-han
	- /			•
quinine				ya kao ke kai
-				•
regiment				kong krom
rest-house				sala; rong asai
rhinoceros				ret
rickshaw				rot chek
rice-fields,	count	ryside		na
,				
scorpion	•			malang pong
sergeant				nai sip ek
shark.				pla chlam
Siam .				sayam
Siamese				t'ai
sweet potat	0			man teyt
sword				dap
take care!				rawang
tamarind				makam
teak .				mai sak
theatre			•	la-kon
ticul (forme	erly 29	i	•	bat
tiger .	CIAY 40	•/	•	süa
uger .	•	•	•	544
veranda				rabiang
very well	•	•	•	sabai cha
TOLY WOLL	•	•	•	Junai Cita
warehouse				kotakan
waterfall	•		•	nam tok
water-lily	•	•	•	bua .
waren - mil	•	•	•	oua .

BURMESE

Notes:

PRONUNCIATION: Final k or t is cut very short. There is no clear distinction between hard and soft consonants (e.g. k and g, t and d). Like Chinese and Siamese, Burmese is a tonal language; a single word may have three different meanings, distinguishable only by the tone in which it is uttered. These tones can only be learnt by listening to a Burmese speaker.

Word Order: Verbs are placed at the end of sentences. Adjectives either follow nouns, or are placed before nouns with the syllable -thaw-between adjective and noun. Prepositions (more properly called postpositions) follow nouns. 'The' and 'a' are omitted. Pronouns and other words are often omitted when they are not required to make the meaning of a sentence clear; e.g. 'I do not know' becomes simply 'not know'. Word order does not change in asking questions; the question is shown by placing the syllable -la after the verb.

Plurals: The plural of nouns is usually shown by adding -mya (for inanimate things) or -do (for people and animals).

VERBS: The following syllables are added to verbs to show tense:

-thi or -de . . present -pyi or -de . . past -mi or -me . . future -ba . . . command

Negative forms:

m' - Verb -bu . ordinary negative m' - Verb -ne . negative command

Passive form:

a - Verb -kan

Verbs do not change to indicate plural or gender.

Numerative Particles: When a noun follows a number (including the number 'one'), a particle (corresponding to 'piece' in the Pidgin English phrase 'one piece house') must be used. The order is: noun, number, particle. The commonest particles are:

yauk for people: thus, lu ta yauk: man one (person)

kaung for animals: thus, nwa ta kaung: ox one (animal)

ku for other things: thus, le ta ku: cart one (thing)

BURMESE

Special List:

banana Bassein be careful! Buddhist	•	n'pyaw-thi p'theyn thadi pyu-ba teyt-teyt bok-da-yan ba-ma
cholera China		wan-yaw-ga ta-yok-pyi ka-yit-yan on-thi ga-nan chaung hin aw-za
deer (barking-) dragon durian dysentery .		ji na-ga du-yin thwey-wan-na
elder (in a village) elephant England Europe go away! . gong good-bye .		lu-ji sin inga-leyk u-yaw-pa thwa-lik maung thwa-on-daw; thwa-daw me-naw th'ji
how do you do?	•	ma-ba-i-la

I am well			ma-ba-i
I don't know			ma thi-bu
India .			eyndia; k'la
it is (2) o'clock			(na) na-yi
Japan .	•	•	za-pan
landing-place			thim-baw-zeyk
lemon .			shauk-chin
lizard .			eyn myaung; tauk-te
malaria .			net-pya
Malay .			pa-shu
mango .			tha-yet-thi
Martaban			mot-ta-ma
Mergui .			beyt
mongoose			mwey-ba
monk .			pon-ji
monastery			pon-ji chaung
monsoon.			mo-u-du
never mind!			a-twet ma shi-ba-bu
Heact Huifer:	•	•	a-twet ina sin-ba-bu
pagoda .			pey-ya
papaya .			thimbaw-thi
parrot .			chet-tu-yuey
peacock .			daung-bo
petroleum			yey-nan; das-si
pigeon .			ko

Prome pyi

yan-byey 165 Ramree .

Rangoon . . . yan-gon

ricefield . . . le

robe . . thin-gan

rupee . . . t'jat

Siamese . . . yo-da-ya

spirit, ghost . . nat

Tavoy . . . twe teak . . . chun

thank you (rarely used) kyey-zu tin-ba-thi

tide . . di tiger . . ja

veranda . . . ka lauk swe
villager . . . ywa-tha
well done! . . kaung bey
what's the matter? . ba pyit-tha-le

what's the time? . be-na na-yi she d'la

yam . . myauk-yaung

Names of Countries: By adding -lu-myo, these become the corresponding adjectives. Thus: ingaleyk-lu-myo, English.

Part Three

MALAY

TAMIL

BENGALI

RUSSIAN

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
above	di'atas	meyl
absent	tid'ada	illadha
accident	chilaika	abath'thu
address	alamat	meyl vilasham
after	l'pas	-pin
afternoon	p ³ tang	maley
again	lagi s'kali	thirumba
age	umor	ayu
alive	hidop	uyirulla
all	samoa	shagala
all right	baila	nalla
allow	kasi terbulan	idang kodu-
alone	sorang sahaja	thaniyey
also	juga	-um
always	s'lalu	yeporludhum
and	dan; pun	-um
angry	marah	kobam-ulla
animal	binatang	mirugam
ant	smut	yerumbu
anything	apa-apa	yad'onnu
are	ada	_
arm	tangan	kai
army	tentra	padey
around	kliling	-shurla
arrangement ·	aturan .	udanpadu
arrive	sampai	sher-
ask	tanya; minta	kel-
at	di	-il
back (noun)	blakang	mudhugu
bad	kurang bai'	ketta
	r68	

BENGALI RUSSIAN opor nad; naverkhu onupost'it atsutstvyushchi bipod nyeachastni sluchai t'ikana adres pore posle bikal polden abar snova bo'esh starost jibonto zhivoi shob vsye ach'a khar'sho korte deorasreshit ekla odin; odno takzhe; tozhe aro shorbodar vsyeghda ar birokto razserzheni janoar zhivotnoye pipre muravey kich'ui shto-nibut hat' ruka armiya polton charidike vokrug bondobosto ustroistvo po'unchanpriyekhat jigesh kor-; chao sprosit п

pit zad k'rap; mondo plokho

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
bag	pundipundi	shakku
bandage	kain	kattu
barber	tukang chuko	pariyari
basket	bakul	kudey
bath (tub)	mandi	snanam
bathe	mandi	kuli–
bathroom	bilek mandi	snana arey
be	(ada)	-
beans	kachang	ulundhu
beautiful	chantek	alagiya
because	s'bab	padiyal
become	m'njadi	agu-
bed	t'mpat tidor	kattil; padukey
bedroom	bilek tidor	padukey-y'arey
before (time)	dulu	-mun
begin	mula'i	thuvakku
behind	di blakang	pinney
bell	locheng	mani
below	dibawa	-in kirl
bench	bangku	vangu
best	yang bai'	uththanam
between	antara	-udey
big	b'sar	peria
bill (account)	surat hutang	bil
bird	burong	parawey
black	hitam	vishukoth'u
blacksmith	tukang b'si	kollan
blanket	selimut	kambal
blood	dara'	iratham
blue	biru	nilam
board	papan	palagey

t'oli kapor napit tukri

gusl chan kor-

gusl k'ana

RUSSIAN

chemodan bandazh

parikmakhair

korzinka vanna

kupatsya

vannaya komnata

shim shundor

karon ho'o-

charpai shobar-g'ar

-purbe

shuru korpech'ane g'anta

nichu choki

shob che'c b'alo majk'ane

boro hishab pak'i

kalo lohar–mistri

kombol

rokto nil

tokta

fasol krasivo

patamu shto stanovitsya krovat spalnaya

da

nachinat s'zadi

zvonok pod

skamya luchshi sredi

balshoi s'chyot ptitsa

chawni kuznets

odeyalo krov

galuboi; sini

doska

ENGLISH MALAY TAMIL sampan; pra'u padagu boat kodhir'bus boil, to velumbu tulang bone pustakam kitab; buku book nedun-chapathu s'patu boot piraberanak born, to be petti p'ti box shinavan buda' boy pithaley t'mbaga kuning brass rotti roti bread break, to bikin pechal inı– kai-kuli bribe, a suap shengal batu-bata brick palam i'mbatan bridge shagodharan brother saudara burus sikat brush, a build buat kattuvidu building ruma yerudhu bullock l'mbu yeribakar burn, to

call (for) pang-gil
camp kampong
can (is able) boleh
cannot ta'boleh
candle dian

bush

buy

by

cane

business

vangu-al

arleyur
-(k)akudum
-(k)akudadhu
merlugu vathi
kai-kol

chinne cheri

aluval

pokok

kerja bli

oleh

rotan

noka; dingi

shid'o korhar

kitab; boi

juta

janm– baksho

ch'ele pitol

ruti

b'anga– g'ush

int

pul b'ai

burush toeri kor-

kuti

bolud

porangach bebsha

kin-

die

daktambu

par- na

mombati

chori

RUSSIAN

lodka

kipyet kost

kniga batinok radit

karobka

malchik latun

khleb slomat

dar kirpich

most

brat sh'chyotka

stro'it zdaniye

bik zhech

kustarnik

dyelo kupit po; s'

zvat

lager mozhet

nye mozhet

svyecha palka

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ENGLISH TAMIL MALAY tachan tukang kayu carpenter shamukalam permadani carpet karattey carriage kreta chikar karattey cart kuching puney cat tangkap pidicatch, to lobang arey cave areymeyt kattu ceiling atap shangili - chain rantai natkali chair kursi uba mattuchange, to check (bill) surat hutang bil k'pala nayagan chief shinavan anak child piley therindheduchoose haleyam church greja kretek sigret cigarette nagaram city negri shuttamana clean bersi clerk kumastha krani climb panjat yeyrukadiyaram clock am adey kain cloth pakaian adey clothes cloud awan meygam shattey baju coat sheyval cock ayam jantan

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dingin; s'juk

kopi

krag

sisir

kappi

kallar

shippu

kulirchiyana

coffee

cold

collar

comh

ch'utor dari

gari gari beral

gangob'or ch'at

shekor cher

bodol korhishab

shordar bach'a

poch'ondo korgirja

sigret shohor saf babu

ut'g'ori kapor

kapor chupor meg'

kot morog kafi

t'anda kalar chiruni RUSSIAN

plotnik kovyor

vagon telyezhka

koshka poimat

pogreb patalok

tsep stul

peremenit s'chyot nachalnik

rebyonok; ditya

vibirat tserkof papirosa gorod chisti sluzhishchi

vlezat ch'si sukno

adyezhda tucha; obl'ko

syurtuk pyetukh kofe khalodni varatnik

greben

ENGLISH

MALAY

TAMIL

come concerning cook, a cook, to corner correct

cost (noun) cotton count

country courtyard cover, to

cow crowd cup cupboard

curtain cushion cut, to

daily

damage dance, to danger

dark date (day)

daughter dawn day

dead dcar (cost) datang; mari! deri hal

kuki masa tanjang b'tul harga

kapas hitong negri; b'nua

k'bun tutop l'mbu b'tina

kumpolan mangkok lamari tirai

bantal potong

s'hari hari rosak

m'nari bahia

glap hari-bulan

anak prempuan pagi-pagi

hari mati

mahal

va--peyril kokki adu-

muley niyayamana

viley panju yennunadu mutham mudumaru kuttam koppey kappordu

thirey methey aru-

nadorlum nasham aduabayam

karutha nal

magal vidiyal nal sha

viley

BENGALI ash-

RUSSIAN pri'idti

bishoi

pri

baburchi rann-; kor-

povar gatovit

kon t'ik

ugʻl

dam

pravilni ts'na

tulo gunkhlop'k s'chitat

desh ut'an

str'na dvor

d'akgoru b'ir

pokrivat korova t'lpa

bati; peyala almari

chashka shkaf zan'vyes

porda balish kat-

padushka rezat

rojkar k'hoti

nach kor-

yezh'dnyevni ubit'k tantsovat

apasnost

bipod ond'okar tarikh

tyomni data doch

z'rya

meye b'or-bela; protush

din mora

dami

dyen myortvi dar'goi

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ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
deep	dalam	arlamana
die	mati	sha-
difficult	susa	prayasamana
dig	gali	kindu–
dinner	makanan	thini
dirty	kotor	alukulla
dish	ping-gan	pingan
district	negri; desa	taluka
do	bikin; bua'	shey-
don't!	jangan	-adeyyum
doctor	dukun; doktor	vaithiyan; doktor
dog	anjing	nai
donkey	kaldai	kaludhey
door	pintu	kadhavu
down	bawa	kirley
drain, a	parit	kan
dress, a	pakaian	adey
drink, to	minum	kudi-
drive, to	jalang kreta	ottu-
drop (let fall)	jatohkan	kirley vidu-
duck	itek	vathu
dust	habok	thushi

each	masing masing	adhu-adhu
east	timor	kirl
easy	s'nang	leshana
eat	makan	un-
egg	t'lor	muttey
eight	d'lapan	ettu; en
cleven	s'blas	padhin-onru
empty	kosong	verumeyana

BENGALI	RUSSIAN

B gob'ir gluboki um'rat morshokto trudni k'urk'pat rater k'aoa abyet moila gryazni blyudo t'hala jela okrug dyel't kor--o na! nye daktar doktor kukur sabaka gad'a asyol dver dorja niche vnizu vad'stok nali kapor; sari platye pit pan kor-; khayekh't chalanphelr'nyat utka hansh d'ulo pil

kazhdi protek prabdik v'stok lyogki shahoj yest k'ayaitso dim at vosyem adinatsat egaro k'ali pustoi

end enemy enough enter envelope evening explain extinguish extra eye

hujong muso chukop maso' emblop p'tang kasi tau bikin mati l'bey

mata

mudivu
virodhi
podhum
piraveyshikadudashi urey
maley
sholirumicham
kan

face fall, to family fan far farmer fasten fat (stout) father fear, to feast feed, to female fence fetch fever few field fight, to find, to

muka iato isi ruma kipas jau peladang ikat g'mok bapa takot makanan b'sar makan prempuan pagar ambil d'mam s'dikit padang berklahi dapat

mugam virlukudumbam vishiri nediya shamushari puttuparutha thandhey payam virundu meypen veyli kondu vajuram shila vayal shandey sheykandu pidi-

shesh; k'atom dushmon; shotru joteshto d'ukk'am shond'e bujiye deobond kor baki chok

muk' porsombond' pak'a dur krishan; chashi bondmota baba; pita boy kor-; dorboro-din ahar korstrilok bera anjor gota-kotok mot'

mar-

paw-

RUSSIAN

k'nyets vrag davolno vo'idti kanvyairt vyecher abyasnit g'sit sverkh glaz

litso pad't syemya vyair daly'ko krestyanin privyaziv't tolsti atyets bayatsya prazdnik kormit samka zag'rodka po'idti za likharadka nyemnoghie polye dratsya nakh'dit

forcer jari viral	
finger jari virai	
finish bikin habis iru-	
fire api anal	
first pertama mudal	
fish lian min	
five lima anju	
flag b'ndera kodi	
flat rata thatteyans	à
flood ayer ba vellam	
floor lantai thalam	
flour t'pong ma	
flower bunga pushpum	
fly, a lalat i	
fog kabut mashi	
fold, to lipat madi	
follow ikut pin shel-	
food makanan thini	
foot kaki adi	
for (prep.) bagi -aga	
foreigner orang dagang varli-pokl	an
forest utang kadu	
forget lupa mara-	
fork garfu mul	
fort khota kottey	
four ampat nal; nan	gu
friend kawan kuttali	
from deri –il	
front, in di muka munbu	
fruit bua param	
fry goring adu-	
fuel kayu api viragu	

BENGALI	RUSSIAN
angul	palyets
k'atom kor	konchit
agun	agon
poila	pyervi
mach	riba
panch	pyat
nishan	flag
chepta	ploski
joar	p'top
meje	pol
ata; moida	tyesto
p'ul	tsvet'k
machi	mukha
koasha	tuman
noan	sgibat
pichu dor-	sledavat
k'abar–jinish	yeda
pa	n'ga
–jonno	dlya
ajnabi	in'stranets
jongol; bon	lyes
bule ja-	z'bit
kanta	vilka
prashad	fort
char	ch'tire
bondu	drug
-hote	ot
-age	pyer'd
p'ol "	plod
b'aj-	zazharivat
kat-koila	topl'vo
	T 8 2

N

topl'vo

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
garden	k'bun	tottam
gate	pintu	totta wari
gather	kumpol	kuttu-
gentleman	tuan	thurey
get	dapat	vangu-
girl	anak prempuan	
give	kasi; bri	i–
glass (drinking)	glas	thambalar
glass (looking)	chermin muka	kannadi
glove	sarong tangan	keyurey
goat	kambing	kera
go	p'gi	shel-
good	bai'	nalla
goods	barang barang	shaman
god	allah	theyvan
gold	'mas	pon
government	saltanat	sharkkar
gown	pakaian	adey
grain	gandom	akkam
grass	rumput	pul
grave, a	kubur	pireydhak kurli
grease	minyak	korluppu
great	b'sar	periya
green	nijau	pashu
greet	kasi tabek	yettu-kol-
ground	tana	nilam
grow	tumbo	perugu-
guest	tamu .	virundu
guide	pandu	varli-kattu-
gun	snapang	vedi thokku

bagan

p'otok

shongroho kor-

shaheb pao-

meye

deo-

g'lash

arshi; aina

dostana chagol

jao-

b'alo; uttom

mal

(porom-) ishor; alla

shona

sharkar poshak; sari

b'usa

g'ash gor; kobor

tel

boro; mohot

kancha; anari nomoshkar deo-

mati

bar– bondu

prodorshok

bonduk

RUSSIAN

sad

dver

sob'rat

g'sp'din dabitsya

dyev'shka

dat st'kan

z'rkalo

Z IKAIU

pyerchatka k'za

idti

kh'roshi

t'var

bawg zol'to

pravit'lstvo

platye

tr'va yama

salo

balshoi; veliki

z'lyoni pazdr'vlyat

z'mlya r'sti

gost

prav'dnik

ruzhe

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
hair	bulu	mayir
half	s't'nga	arey
hand	tangan	kai
handkerchief	sapu tangan	lenji
handle	tangan	kai
happen	jadi	neyridu-
happy	suka hati	nalla
hat	topi	thoppi
he	dia; ia	avan
head	k'pala	taley
hear	d'ngar	kel-
heart	hati	irduhayam
heaven	shorga	paralogam
heavy	brat	paramana
hedge	pagar	veyli
hen	ayam b'tina	pettey
here	sini	ingey
high	tingi	uyaramana
hill	bukit	maley
hire, to	sewa	vadageyku edu-
his	dia punya	avan; aval
home	ruma	vidu
home, at	di ruma	vidu
honest	tulus	neyrana
honey	manisan leba	theyn
hope, to	harap	kathiru-
horse	kuda	kudhirey
hospital	ruma sakit	aspital
hot	panas	shudana
hotel	ruma tumpangan	hotel
hour	jam	mani

chul; kesh

ad hat

hat-chadar

hat ho'o-

shukhi

tupi se; tini

mat'a

shun-

ridoi ; kolija shorgo

b'ari

gacher bera murgi

ek'ane

unchu pahar

b'ara kor-

tar

g'ar barite

shad'u mod'u

asha korg'ora

hashpatal

gorom; topto

hotel

g'onta

RUSSIAN

vol'si pal'vina

pai vina r'ka

nas'voi pl'tok

ruchka sluchatsya s'chastlivi

shlyapa

on gal'va

slish't syertse

nyebo ty'zholi

zabor kuritsa

zdyes visoki

kholm; g'ra

nanimat yevo

dom doma chestni

myed nady'yatsya

losh'd b'lnitsa zharki

g'stin'tsa chas

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ENGLISH

house how? how much? hundred, a hunt, to hurt, to

MALAY

ruma b'gi-mana brapa s'ratus pembuluka laki pondok

TAMIL

vidu yeppadi vevalavu nuru kolnovup-paduthupurushan chinne vidu

I if

husband

hut

ill immediately important ink inn insect interpreter into iron is is not island

jewel journey judge, a jug jump, to juice

it

saya kalau sakit skarang ini brat dawat; tinta pasangrahan binatang juru basa k'dalam h'si ada tid'ada

permata perjalanan hakim t'mpat ayer lompat ayer bua

pulau

dia: itu

nan anal viyadhiyula udaney periya mai hotel thupashi -ukku

alla thivu adhu

irumbu

panidhi pirayanam nidhipadhi kudam oduyenney

bari kemon; ki-kore koto sho; shoto shikar korkoshto deoshami

kure; kutir

RUSSIAN

dom kak skolko sto akhotitsya vredit muzh izba

ami
jodi
oshusto; rogi
tok'oni
aboshokio; joruri
kali
shorai; choti
poka-makor
dob'ashi
-bitore; -mod'e
loha
(ache)
ney
dip
ta

ya
yesli
balnoi
seychas
vazhni
ch'rnila
kh'rchevnya
nas'kom'ye
tolmach
v'
zh'lyezo
—

nyet

ostrof 'no

gohona; olonkar braman bicharpoti kacher shorai lapharosha drag'tsen'stp'yezdka sudya kruzhka skakat sok

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
kettle	cherek	kettal
key	anak kunchi	shavi
kick, to	t'ndang	udhey-
kill	buno	kol-
kind (amiable)	berkasehan	kuttali
kind (sort)	macham	ach'u
king	raja	arashu
kitchen	dapur	kushini
knife	pisau	kathi
know, to	tau; k'nal	ari–
lady	nonya; mem	thurey-shani
lake	tasek	yeyri
lamb	anak domba	atuk-kutti
lamp	plita; lampu	vilakku
land	tana	tharey
lane	lorong	aru
language	bahasa	pashey
large	b'sar	periya
last	akhir	mudivu
late	lambat	thamadham
laugh, to	tertawa	nagey-
law	undang-undang	shattam
lawyer	wakil	vakil
lead, to	impin	mudhi-ppo-
leaf	daun	iley
learn	blajar	padi-
leave (of absence)	hari l'pas	vidudhi
left (side)	kiri	idadhu
leg	kaki	kal

ketli chabi

pa marmere fel-

d'ir rup raja

baburchi-kana churi

jan-

potni

rod berar bacha

bati; alo stol; mati

goli basha

boro akhir

haler hash-

ain ukil

pot-dekha-

pata shik-

ch'uti

bam; ba

RUSSIAN

k'tyol klyuch

udaryat ubivat dobri

k'rol kukhnya nozh

znat

rod

dama oz'ro

b'rashek lampa z'mlya

darozhka yazik balshoi

pasledni pozdni

smyeyatsya z'kon adv'kat

vyesti list

uchitsya atpusk

lyevi n'ga

ENGLISH

listen

live

little, a

madam

MALAY

TAMIL

lend
less
letter
lie down
lift, to
light, a
light, to
light (weight)

pinjamkan kurang surat baring angkat trang rengan pasang baris d'ngar s'dikit tingal

kunchi

panjang hilang

kase'i

r'nda

iraval kodushattu kagidham paduthukku oli chinne anal nul kelshattu shiviputtu nediya irlaanbu kirley

lock long (distance) lose love low

mem
bua'; bikin
orang
banya'
p'ta
pasar
kawin
tuan
tikar
korek api
tialm
saya

daging

amma
akkumanidhan
pala
theysha-padam
karey teruö
kaliyanam
yeshaman
pai
machis
methey
yeney
mamisham

make
man
many
map
market
marriage
master
mat
match
mattress
me
meat

dar deo-

kom chiti-kana

shue por-

utan-; tol-

alo

alo jalhalka

shuta

shon-

kom

bach-; bash kor-

kulup; tala lomba

haran-

balo bashnicha

saheba toiari kor-

manush bohu; onek

naksha

bajar; hat bie; bibaho

monib galche

diashlai

bichana amake

mansho

RUSSIAN

s'suzhat

myenshe

pismo lyezhat

padnimat

svet asvy'tit

lyogki

linia slushat

nyemnogho

zhit

z'mok dlini ty'ryat

lyubit nizki

g'sp'zha

dyel't muzhchina

mnogie karta

rin'k

brak kh'zain

kovrik spichka

matras mnye

myaso

ENGLISH

MALAY

TAMIL

medicine meet meeting

merchant

midnight

. mend

obat jumpa

tukang berniaga

susu

milk minute mistake money monkey month moon more morning mosque

minit sala wang munyit bulan bulan lagi; lebi pagi masjid paling

motor-car mountain mouth move, to Mr.

most mother

Mrs. mem much banya' mud lumpur kaldai mule

my

music

nail (iron) name

perkumpolan m'mbaiki

t'nga malam

mak k reta gunong mulut bergra' tuan

bunyi bunyian saya punya

paku nama marundhu shandhikuttam

parludhu parvarthagan nadu rathiri

nimisham pishagu panam kurangu masham nila miga kaley masjid uththamam

amma gari; motor maley wai irluyeshaman thurey-shani

miga sheyru karudhey shangidham

yen ani peyr

oshüd

deka kor-

saksat

meramot kor-

bonik

dupur–rat dud; kir

minit

bul taka

banor mash

chand

aro onek; boi shokal

moshjid

beshi; odikansho

ma; mata

gari porbot

muk

nor-; nora-

shaheb shaheba

onekta doba

k'ochor bajna

amar alpin

nam

RUSSIAN

myed'tsina vstr'chat

vstrecha

pach'nyat kupyets

poln'ch mal'ko

minuta ashibka

dyengi

abyezyana myesy'ts

l'na bolshe

utro

musulmanski khram

sami

mat

mashina; avt'm'bil

g'ra rot

dv'gat g'sp'din

g'sp'zha. mnogho

gryaz mul

musika

moi; maya

gvozd imya

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
narrow	s'mpet	melliya
nation -	bangsa	shanam
near	d'kat	andheyil
nearly	hampir	konjang kureya
necessary	usa	periya
needle	jarom	ushi
never	ta'perna	oru kalum illey
new	b'aru	ila
news	khabar	sheydhi
newspaper	surat khabar	kagidham
next	k'mdian	andheyil
night	malam	ira
nine	s'mbilan	onbadhu
no	tida'	illey
noon	t'nga hari	mathiyanam
north	utara	vada
nose	hidong	mukkö
not	tida'	alla
nothing	tid'apa	onrum illey
now	skarang	ippo
number	angka	ilakkam
o'clock	pukol	mani
of	punya	-in
office	ofis	opis
officer	afsar	ofiser
often	banya' kali	adikkadi
oil	minyak	yenney
O.K. (all right)		nalla
old	lama; tua	parla
		• •

atas

on

parla -in meyl

RUSSIAN

shoru

jati kache

prai dorkari chunch

kokono na

notun; nobo khobor; shonbad

akhbar porcr

rat noi

na dupur

uttor nak

na kichu-na

ek'on somkya; gonona

bejeche

-er

apish; doptor ofsar

prai; kub

tel ach a

purano; bura

-upor(e)

uzki

narod blizki p'chti

nuzhni igolka

nik'ghda novi

izvestia g'zyeta

sleduy'shchi

noch dyevy't nyet poldyen syever nos

nye

nishto; nish'vo

t'pyer nom'r

chas(of)

k'ntora

kam'ndir; ofitser

chasto maslo khar'sho stari na

ENGLISH MALAY TAMIL s'kali orutharam once satu; sa onnu; or one only sa'aja mathiram terbuka thira open alladhu or atau orange jeruk manis naranju order, to katpisuro other lain para kita punya yen-gal OUL luar thira out pack up bungkuskan adukkupain sakit no paper kertas kagidham path jalan aru bayer pay, to damai shamadhanam peace kalam pen peney

pencil patlut people orang-orang lada pepper perfume bau s'orang person gambar picture pig babi pillow bantal pin pniti pineapple nanas pipe panchuran place t'mpat

plain (ground)

pensil shanam milagu moppam al shittiram panni thaleyaney ani anashi-parlam pili thalam maidanum

padang

ek gun; ek-bar ek k'ali k'olkimba; otoba komla-lebu ordar deo-; ajna onno; opor

RUSSIAN

adin raz adin tolko atkriti ili ap'lsin zak'zat drugoi nash'

jinish potro badkoshto

kagoj (shoru) rasta taka deoshanti kolom

amader

ba'ire

penshil lok morich

pran bekti

chobi shuor balish alpin anarosh

nala mati

shomotol bumi

uklad'vat mucheniye bumaga

tr'pa pl'tit mir

vnye

py'ro kar'ndash lyudi

pyerets blago'khanie

litso; chel'vyek kartina

svinya padushka bulavka ananas

trubka myesto ravnina

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
plant, a	poko'	nattu
plate	pingan	pingan
play, to	main-main	vileyadu-
pocket	kochek	shakku
poisonous	bisa	nanju
policeman	mata-mata	polisu
pond	tase'	yeyri
pony	kuda k'chil	kudhirey
porter	kuli	shumeykaren
possess	berole	pattu-
post office	post-ofis	tapal-opis
pot	b <u>l</u> anga	kudam
potato	ubi b'ngala	uruley-kirlangu
pour, to	tuang	var–
prayer	minta do'a	shabam
present, to be	ada	ingey
price	herga	viley
priest	imam .	kuru
prince	ana' raja	raja
prisoner	orang sala	kavalali
profession	jabat-an	uthiyogam
pull	tare'	irlu–
punish	hukumkan	thandi-
purse	pundi-pundi	panappey
put	taro	vai-
quarter	suku	kal
question	sual	kelvi
quick	l'kas	shikiramana
rabbit	-	mushal

udbid

shanok; tala kela-; bajapoket; jeb

bisha

pahar-walla; polis

pukur tattu mute

dak-g'ora

dekchi alu dal–

prartona ro-; tak-

dam; mullo; bao

guru raja bondi kaj-korma

tanshaja deo-

poishar toli

rak-

shiki proshno chotpote

k'orgosh

RUSSIAN

rasteniye

taryelka igrat k'rman

yadonosni militsy'ner

prud poni

nasilshchik

imyet

pachtovaya kantora

gorshok kartoffel vlivat pros'ba bit ts'na

svyashchen'k

prints
plyenik
z'nyatiye
tyanut
nakazivat
birzha
klast

chetvort vapros skori

krolik

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ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
rain	hujan	marley
raisins	bua angor	param
rat	tikus	yeli
railway	kreta api	rel
raw	b'aru	pachaiyana
razor	pisau chukor	shavara-katti
read, to	bacha	vashi-
ready	s'dia	thayar
receipt	r'sit	rashidhu
red	mera	shivapana
relation	saudara	inathar
remember	ingat	nineyvu kur-
remove	pinda	yeduthu
repair, to	baiki	parludhu par-
reply, to	jawab	shol-
rescue, to	l'paskan	iratchi
rest (repose)	perhentian	ileyparudhal
return (go back)	pulang	thirumbu-
rice (raw)	padi ; bras	nel
rice (cooked)	nasi	shoru
rich	kaya	periya
ride, to	tungang kuda	eyripo-
rifle	snapang	raiful
right (side)	kanan	valadhu
right (correct)	b'tul	niyayamana
гіре	masak	parlutha
rise, to	nai'	yerlu-
river	sungai	aru
road	jalan	teruö
roof	atap	modu
room	bile'	arev

brishti

kishmish boro idur

rel-pot

taja k'ur por–

toiari roshid

lal; rokto sombondo mone kor-

lo-

meramotkorjobab deo-

bachabisram

p'ire ashchal; d'an

chai; d'an b'at

d'oni (g'ora) chobonduk

dok'in; dan t'ik; b'alo

paka ut'-; ot'-

nodi

rasta; shorok chal; chat

kamra; g'or

RUSSIAN

dozhd izyum krisa

zh'leznya d'roga

siroi britva ch'tat g'tof

r'spiska krasni

rodstvyennik

pomnit ud'lyat pach'nit atvyetit sp'sat otdikh

vazvr'shchatsya

ris b'gati yekh't vintovka pravi

pravilni spyeli

padn'matsya ry'ka

d'roga krisha komn'ta ENGLISH

rope rotten rough rug run MALAY

tali (b'sar) burok kasar kajang lari TAMIL

kayiru mel palmulla kambalam odu–

Back safe salt same sand sandals sauce savage 82Y scissors school screen screw sea seat second see seek sell send seven several sew

shallow

shave, to

karong s'lamat garam sama pasir trompa kua garang kata gunting skola tembo'; tabir p'ler itek laut t'mpat dudok yang k'dua nampa' chari jual kirim tujo b'brapa jahit tohor chukor

podhi pathiramana uppu orey manal sheruppu sawsu kodiya sholkathirikol palikuram shuvar ani kadal ashanam irandavadhu kan-; partheduvilanuppueru pala; anega thaiarlam-atta shavaram

dori norom korkosh galche daura-

RUSSIAN

v'ryovka gniloi grubi k'vyor b'zhat

gant; chot nirapod nun; lobon eki; shey

bali k'orom; chapli

achar nisht'ur bolkanchi pat-shala; iskul

porda iskru shomudro boshbar jaiga duir; ditio dek'-

k'onjbech-; bikri kor-

pat'ashat onek

shelai korchotan

kama-

m'shok byez'pasni sol

ad'nak'vi py'sok sandalia

sojus diki sk'zat nozh'tsi shkola shirma

vintik more myest' vt'roi sm'tret

iskat pr'dat p'slat syem

nyeskolko shit myelki

britsya

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
shawl	kain slendang	adey
sheep	domba; kambing	kapal
she	dia; bangsal	aval
sheet	slimut	duputi
ship	kapal	shimli ari
shirt	k'meja	kamis
shoe	kasut	chapat
shoot, to	temba'	kol-
shop	k'dai; togo	karey
short	pende'	kittina
shoulder	bahu	thol
shout, to	bertria'	shatham podu-
show, to	tunjo'	kattu-
side	s'bla	akkam; vila
	tanda	kurippu
sign sign, to	taro tanda tangan	kaiyoppam vai-
sign, to	sutra	pattu .
silver	pera'	velli
since	sminja'	adhu-mudal
SILCC	tuan	aiya
sister	saudara prempuan	shagodhari
sit	dudo'	utkaru-
six	anam	aru
skin	kulit	uri
skirt	(kain) sarong	paware
sky	langit	vanam
	tidor	urangu-
sleep, to slow	lambat	thamadhamana
small	k'chil	chinne
smell, a	bau	moppam
smen, a		pugey
SHIUKC	asap	L-2-1

RUSSIAN

shal

shal b'era tini; se chador

b'ran 'na or'sti

jahaj kamij juta pr'stinya k'rabl rubashka b'shmak

guli kordokan choto; k'ato vistr'lit mag'zin

kand' dakk'rotki plecho

dek'akank' krichat pak'zat star'na

namer-polok shoi kor znak padp'satsya

reshom rupa sholk ser'bro

karon; -hote sahab; babu; mia so vrem'ni kak (g'sp'din)

bogini; didi boshchoi chamra gagra; shaya

s'dyet shest kozha yubka nyeb'

sy'stra

g'uma- \
d'ima-chal

spat myedl'ni

choto pran dumpan

akash

mal'nki zap'kh dim

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
smoke, to	hisap roko'	pugey-kudi
snake	ular	pambu
snow	talji	<u>.</u>
so	b'gitu	appadi
soap	sabon	shavukaram
socks	sarong kaki	meyjoli
soft	l'mbot	mel
soil	tana	pumi
soldier	soldado	yuthashali
some	s'dikit	shila
something	satu barang	yeydho
sometimes	kadang kadang	adikkadi
son	ana' laki-laki	magan
song	lagu	pattu
soon	l'kas	shangidham
sorry	susa hati	vishanam
sort	jnis; macham	achhu
soup	kua	suppu
sour	asam ·	pulipana
south	slatan	then
speak	chakap	peyshu-
spectacles	chermin mata	kannadi
spend	blanjakan	shelvarli-
spices	r'mpa-r'mpa	milagu
spoon	sudu	karandi
spring, a	mata ayer	uttu
stable	kandang	layam
stairs	tanga	thalam
stamp (postal)		thapal-muthirey
stand, to	berdiri	nil-
star	bintang	natshathiram

tamak khao

shap

borop; tushar

emon; ey-rup shaban

moja

norom mati

shepai; shoinik

(karao); kotok-ta

kichu

kokono-kokono

putro; chele

gan; b'ajan shiggir

duk'ito

rup shurua; sup

tok dok'in

kota bolchashma

koroch kormoshla

chamoch

kuo

astabol shinri

ishtamp dara-

tara

RUSSIAN

k'rit

zmeya

snyeg tak

milo n'ski

myakhki

z'mlya s'ldat

nyesk'lko

shto-n'but in'khda

sin

pyesnya skoro

zhal (-ushchi)

sort sup

kisli yug

gav'rit achki tratit

pryan'st lozhka

r'dnik k'nyushnya lyestn'tsa

marka

st'yat zvyezda

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
starch	kanji	korluppu
start, to	jalan	shel-
station, police	ruma pasong	polisu-opis
station, railway	s'teyshin	isteyshin
stay, to	nanti	iru-
steal	churi	thirludu-
steamer	kapal api	kappal
steel	baja	irumbu
stick	kayu	kambu
sting, a	s'ngat	kodukku
stocking	sarong kaki	meyjoli
stomach	prot	vayiru
stone	batu	kal
stop, to	tutop	nil—
storm	ribot	marley
story	chrita	kadhey
straight	lurus	neyrana
stranger	orang dagang	varli-pokkan
street	jalan	teruö
strike, to	pukol	arey-
string	tali	kayiru
strong	kua'	palmulla
study, to	blajar	padi-
sugar	gula	shini
summer	musim panas	kodey-kalam
sun	mata hari	shuriyan
supper	makanan	thini
swamp	paya	yeyri
swim	bernang	nindhu

table meja meyshey

mar jatra kor-

t'ana

ishtishan t'am-

churi kor-

jahaj ishpat

chori; lat'i hul; donshon

moja

pakost'oli pat'or-

t'am-

uponesh

shorol; shoja jatri

rasta; shorok mar–

shuto boloban

od'oyon kor-

chini

gormi (kal) shuji; shurjo

rater khaoa j'il; dig'i

shatra-

mej; tebil

RUSSIAN

krakhmal nach'nat

uchast'k

v'kzal; stantsia ast'vatsva

krast

par'khod

stal palka

zhal' chulka

zheludok

kamen ast'navl'vat

burya

raskaz pryam'

in'stranets ul'tsa

bit

v'ryofka silni

iz'chat sakh'r

lyet' solntse uzhin

uzhin b'lot'

plav't

stol

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
tailor	tukang jahit	thaiyatkaran
take away	bawa p'gi	shumandhu po
take (hold of)	p'gang	pattu-
talk, to	chakap	shol-
tank (reservoir)	tase'	kulam
tea	ayer tey	they
teach	ajarkan	podhi-
teacher	guru	kuru
telegram	p'rkabran kawat	telegrammu
tell, to	bri tau	shol-
temple	kaba	kovil
ten	s'pulo	pathu
tent	k'ema	kudaram
than	deri pada	parkilum
that	itu	udhu
their	dia-orang	avar
then	k'mdian	anru
there	sana	angey
therefore	s'bab itu	adhalal
they	dia	avar
thick	t'bal	kattiyana
thief	p'nchuri	kallan
thin	nipis	melliya
thing	barang; perkara	kariyam
think	fikir	shindhi-
this	ini	indha
thousand	s'ribu	ayiram
thread	b'nang	nul
three	tiga	mu (-nu)
throw, to	lempar	yeri-
ticket	tikit	shittu

dorji

lo-

grohon korkot'a kopuk'ur cha

shikhashik'ok telegram

bolmond

mondir; debaloi dosh tombu

-cheye ki; oi; ota; je

tader tobe

shekane; sheta tai; shey-hetu

tara

puru; mota

chur

soru; roga kichu; mal chinta korey; ini; eta

hajar shuta

tin chor–

tikit .

RUSSIAN

p'rtnoi

vzyat; snimat

khvatat gav'rit rez'vwar

chai uchit uchit'l

telegrama so'bshchat khram

dyesy't p'latka chyem

tot; ta; to

t'khda tam

poet'mu 'ni

tolsti vor

kh'doi vyeshch dum't

et' tisy'cha

nitka tri br'sat

bilyet

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
tie, to	ikat	kattu-
time	waktu	kalam
tin	tima	thagaram
to	k';pada	-ukku
today	ini hari	inru
together	sama sama	kuda
tomorrow	eso'	naley
tonight	ini malam	inru iravil
too (much)	terialu	miga
tooth	gigi	pal
torch	sulo	thivatti
touch, to	jama	thodu-
towards	k'; s'bla	–ukku
towel	tuala	tuwali
tower	k'ota	koburam
town	negri	pattanam
track	jalan	aru
trade, to	berniaga	viyabaram
trail (railway)	kreta api	rel; gari
translate, to	salinkan k'basa lain	thiruppu-
travel, to	perjalan	payanam po-
traveller	orang dagang	varli-pokkan
tree	poko'	maram
tribe	bangsa	shanam
trousers	sluar	kalchattey
true	b'nar	meyyana
try, to	choba	piraishap
try, to	•	padu-
turban	s'rban	taleypa
twelve	dua blas	pann-irandhu
twenty	dua pulo	iru-badhu
	1	

band– kal

tin

-prati; -ke

aj

ekotro kal

aj-rat

boddo

dant; donto bati

sporsho kor-

-prati; -dike

twale prashad

shohor; nogor (shoru) rasta

bikri kortren

torjoma kor-

bromon korbromon-kari

gach jat

pajama; pentulen

shoto (-kar) cheshta kor-

pogri baro bish; kuri

dv

RUSSIAN

zavy'zat vremya

zhest

sevodnya v'myeste

zaftra

sevodnya nochu

slishkom zub

svet trog't

p'napr'vleniyu

pal'tentse bashnya gor'd tr'pa

torgovat poyezd

per'vod't

put'shestv'vat put'shestv'nik

dyer'va plemya bryuki verni prabovat

tyurban d'vnats't dvats't ENGLISH twice two

MALAY dua kali dua TAMIL iru tharam iru

umbrella under understand uniform up us

useful

payong bawa tau; m'ng'rti sarupa atas kita berguna kudey
-in kirl
aripeydham iladha
meyl
yen-galey
pirayoshanam-ulla

valley
value
vegetables
veil
very
village
visit, to
wages

l'mba; paha' herga sayur m'rgo' banya' kampong m'lawat gaji

maidanum
viley
kirey
mukkadu
miga
ur
shandhi—
shambalam

wait, to
wake, to
walk, to
wall
want, to
war
warm
was
wash, to
washerman
watch (clock)

nanti bangunkan berjalan tembo' mau prang panas suda baso; mandi d'obi jam

kathiruyerluppunadashuvar
theyveyai iruyutham
anal-ulla
-th-; -ndkarluvuwannan
kadiyaram

bengali dui-bar dui; du RUSSIAN dvazhdi dva

chati
-niche
bujwardi
uporer-dike
amader
kejo

zont
pod
p'nyat
mundir
naverkh
nam
polezni

upotoka dam; bao shak-shobji orna; g'omta k'ub; besh gram; polli mulakat kormaine d'lina ts'na ov'shchi vual och'n d'ryevnya pas'shchat plata

opek'a korjagaberadeyal
chajang
gorom; topto
childhod'oba; d'upi
tek-g'ari

azh'dat budit g'lyat st'na zh'lat voina tyopli bil (-o,-i) mit prachka chasi

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
watch, to	jaga	kavatka-
watchman	orang jaga	kavatkaran
water	ayer	tanir
water, drinking	ayer minum	kudika-tanir
	jalan	varli; aru
way we	kita	nan-gal
weak	l'ma	pelavina
	s'njata	ayudham
weapon week	mingo	varam
	suda	(-th-; -nd-)
were	barat	meyl
west	basa	iramana
wet	-	yenna
what?	apa roda	rodhey
wheel		yeppodhu
when?	(apa) bila mana	
where?		yengey yedhu
which?	yang mana	vel
white	putey	
who?	siapa	ar
why?	k'napa	yeyn
wide	lebar	agalamana
wife	bini	penshadhi
will (shall)	nanti; mau; buli	(-p-; -b-)
wind (air)	angin	kattu
window	j'ndela	shannal
wine	angor	rasham
winter	musim dingin	kambi .
wire	dawai	sharadu
with	d'ngan	-odu; -udan
without	d'ngan tiada	–inri
woman	prempuan	manushi

pahara dechokidar

jol

pan-jol rasta

amra durbol

jontro-pati shoptaho; hopta

chil-

poshchim b'ija

ki chokor

kokon; kobe kon-kane

ki; ke shada

snada ke

keno; kijono cho-ora stri; potni

-bo; -ben

hawa janala mod

shit-kal

-shonge

-bagair

strilok

RUSSIAN

nabl'dat storozh

v'da

pit'vaya v'da

d'roga mi slabi

aruzhie n'dyelya

bili zap'd mokri

shto kal'so k'ghda

ghdye k'koi byeli kto

pach'mu shiroki zh'na

bud (-et, -ut)

vyet'r akno v'no z'ma

provoloka

s' byez

zhenshch'na

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
wood	kayu	kambu
word	prekata'an	varthey
work (noun)	kerja	veyley
workman	tukang	veyleykaran
worse	kurang bai'	ketta
worship	s'mbayang	thorlu-
wound, a	luka	kayam
wrap up	bungkuskan	adukku
write	kulis	yerludu-
wrong	sala	ketta
year	tahun	andu
yellow	kuning	manjal
yes	ya	nalla
yesterday	s'malam; k'lmarin	neyttu
you	angkau	nir
young	muda	ila
your	angkau (punya)	un
	~ ~ ~ /	

gach; lakri

lafz kaj

mojur

boddo k'arap puja (kor-) ag'at

jora– lek–

b'ul; onejo bochor

holde ha kal

apni; apnara

kochi; torun apnar RUSSIAN

lyes; deryevo slov'

trud

rabochi khuzhe

uvazhat yazva

svertivat p'sat

ny'prav'lni god

zholti da; tak

vch'ra vi

mal'doi vash'

MALAY

Notes :

PRONUNCIATION: Words ending in k, t or an apostrophe are cut very short.

Word Order: 'The' is omitted. 'A, an' is sa or satu. Adjectives follow nouns. 'Of' is often omitted; thus' the house of the headman' would be simply 'house: headman.'

Plurals: Plurals are sometimes shown by doubling a noun; thus, orang (man): orang-orang (people). Where the context is clear, the plural is often not shown at all.

Numerative Particles: When a noun follows a number, a particle (corresponding to 'piece' in the Pidgin English phrase 'one piece house') is used between number and noun. The commonest particles are:

alai (generally used) butir (grain)
batang (trunk) ekor (tail)
biji (seed) kayu (stick)
bua (fruit) orang (man, person)
puchuk (top)

Thus 'one mango' becomes satu bua mangga.

VERBS: Verbs do not change to show person, gender, number, etc. The simple form of the verb given in the lists is used for the present and for

commands; the past is shown by adding the word suda (was), the future by adding mau or nanti (will, shall). The passive is formed by prefixing di—to the verb. The prefixes ber—and per—form intransitive verbs, the suffixes—kan and—i give transitive forms.

MALAY

Special List:

aborigines . . . orang-sakai; orang-bukit areca-nut . . . pinang attack (by a frenzied man) (meng-) amok

bamboo . . . bulu banana . . . pisang betel-leaf . . . sirih

blowpipe . . . sumpit-an
Borneo . . brunei

cassowary . . . kasuari
Ceram . . . serang
chopping-knife . . parang
civet . . . binturong
Cochin China . . kuchi

cockatoo . . kakatuwa

curry . . . lauk; sambil China . . benua china

dagger . . . kris devil . . . iblis; jin durian . . duren

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England .		. negri ingris
English .		. ingris
Europe .		. eropa
Buropo		•
farewell .		. s'lamat jalan
fish: (Lates can	lcarifer) (ikan) kakap
fruit:	•	
(lime, lemon)		. limau
(orange) .		. limau manis
(large citrus)		. pumpulmas
(pummelo)		. ,,
(jack-fruit)		. chempadak
(coconut) .		. klapa
(coconac) .	•	
gong .		. gong
gourd .	•	. labu
grandfather (also	used	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
as a title).	uscu	. dato
	•	. jambu
guava	•	. percha; geta-taban
gutta-percha	•	. s'Iamat ber-jumpa; tabek
greetings	•	
grass, long .	•	. lalang
Laura limond		. chichak; geko'
house-lizard	•	. Cinchak, geno
India .		. benua k'ling
Indian .	•	. (orang) k'ling
ilidian .	•	· (Orang) a mig
jacket		. baju
Japan		. negri jepun
Java(-nese) .		. jawa
Jara(11000) .	•	· J
Malay .		. (orang) malaiu
		224

. .

a car all a la water and a second of the sec

mango mangosteen mangrove myna (bird) . mosquito mosquito net	 (bua) mangga (bua) manggis bakau; manggi-manggi (burong) tiong nyamok klambu
paim-fronds (used as roofing)	 atap kajang; ola betik (burong) nuri (ikan) bawal udang sawah; bendang atap
sago	 geta sagu benua siam (kain) sarong pulau percha tenok trima kasi harimau
weights: one lb. and one-third	 kati pikul orang-utan; sakai; semang ubi ache; ubi gadong

TAMIL

Notes:

PRONUNCIATION: The first syllable is usually stressed.

Word Order: Verbs come at the end of sentences, dependent clauses at the beginning. Adjectives precede nouns. 'The,' 'a,' and the forms of the verb 'to be' are usually omitted. Questions are indicated by -a being added to either the last or the stressed word in the sentence. Prepositions (more properly called postpositions) follow nouns; -in-or -ttu- is often inserted between noun and postposition.

ENDINGS: Adjectives do not change, whatever their case or form. Nouns take a variety of case endings, which are given in the word-lists under the appropriate prepositions. Nouns in the accusative case take the ending -ey; in the plural, the endings -gal or -r (the latter only when the noun denotes a person). Nouns ending in -dhu drop this ending in the plural and add -nagal or -veygal.

Verbs: The personal endings for verbs are:

I you he she it we they
-eyn -ir (gal) -an -al -dhu, -om -arga
-ru, or
-(k)um

Between these endings and the root of the verb, the

following links are placed to indicate tense:

-kir— or -gir— . . present -th— or -nd— . . past -p— or -b— . . future

Imperative Forms:

rude . . Root alone mild . . Root-um oolite . . Root-ungal

polite . . Root-ungal
negative . . Root-adey-(um or ungal)

Other negative forms of the verbs are made by adding -adhilley after the tense and personal endings.

Word Forming: Adverbs are made from other words by adding -ay or -aga. Adjectives can often be used as roots for verbs. Other ways of forming new words are:

Noun - ana or -agiya; this gives an adjective.

Noun - ulla; this gives an adjective with the English ending '-ful.'

Noun - atta or -ina; this gives an adjective with English ending '-less.'

The suffixes -van, -karan, -ali correspond to the English ending '-man' and can thus be used to form such words as 'boatman,' 'gardener,' etc.

TAMIL

Special List:

Arcot . . . arkad accountant, recorder . kanakan

Brahman .			namburi
cakes			apparu
Calicut .			kolikodu
carrying-yoke			kavadi
Cauvery River			kaveri
Cochin .			kochchi
coconut fibre			kayiru
citron	•		nartey
Coleroon River			kolladam
commander (of tro	ops)		talavey
Comorin, Cape			kumari
Coorg			kodagu
Coromandel .			choromandalam
cow dung, dried a	nd u	sed	
as fuel .			varatti
curry	•	•	kari
Godavari .			godey
harvest festival			pongol
hire, wages .			kuli
inio, mager			
jasmine			narum paney
jewel akin to sappl	hire		kurundam
Tack-fruit			sakkey
jhum (hillside cu	ltivati	ion	
abandoned after	a f	few	
harvests) .		•	ponam
Konkan			konkanam
mango			mangey .

master (sahib) turai mistress, ma'm turaisani millet (jawar) . cholam mongoose mangisu mulligatawny milagu-tanir Mysore maisur Ootacamund ottagaimandu patchouli pash'shilai palm-leaf olai pumpkin kumbalam Pondicherry put'uvai; put'usheri raft katumaram rest-house shattiram rice, boiled muder pandal shed teak tekku Tinnevelly tiru-nel-veli tiruvankodu Travancore trinket, worn by married tali women tuttukkudi Tuticorin kuli wages water in which rice has been

kanji

boiled

Notes:

WORD ORDER: The verb always goes to the end of a sentence. The verb 'to be' in all its forms is usually omitted. Adjectives precede nouns. There is no equivalent for 'a', 'an' or 'the', but ek (one) is often used where in English 'a' would precede a noun, and the suffix -ta or -ti (that) serves for 'the' in many cases.

Plurals: Nouns show the plural by adding -ra or -gula (-ra is chiefly used with nouns describing people). Adjectives do not change in the plural.

VERBS: Add the following endings to the roots given in the word-lists to form the various tenses, etc:

-(ch)i1st person (I and we) Present (e.g. we eat) -(ch)en 2nd and 3rd persons (e.g. they eat) -ba,-bo ist person Future (e.g. I will eat) -benand and 3rd persons (e.g. you will eat) -lam ist person Past (e.g. we ate) -len 2nd and 3rd persons (e.g. he, she ate) Present Participle (in this form the verb is -teusually said twice) (e.g. eating). Passive Participle (e.g. eaten) -a

FORMING WORDS: More words can be formed by adding the following suffixes to words in the word-lists:

	e.g. hat (hand)	hata (sleeve)
-ai	dal (pour)	dalai (casting)
–ami, ma	chele (child)	chelemi (child-
		ishness)
-ar	cham (skin)	chamar (tanner)
-i	desh (country)	deshi (country-
		made)
	daka (Dacca)	daka'i (of Dacca)
-e	nag'r (town)	nag're (town-bred)
-0	jol (water)	jolo (watery)
-ola	gari (carriage)	gariola (driver)
-te	b'ara (rent)	b'arate (tenant;
		hired)
-ta, $-twa$	nabin' (fresh)	nabin'ta (freshness)

HAVE: There is no equivalent verb for 'have' in Bengali. 'The boy has a knife' is expressed by 'one knife is of the boy'; the Bengali order being 'boy-the-of one knife is' (chele-ti-r ek churi ache).

Numerative Particles: When a number is used with a noun, a numerative particle (similar to the word 'piece' in the Pidgin English phrase 'onc piece house') must be used. The commonest particles are:

-jan for people
 -ta for things
 -k'an for flat things
 -gach for long thin things

Thus 'ten houses' is dosh-k'an bari.

Special List:

alligator . Arakanese, Chi areca-nut art .	ittago	nian		kumir mag shupari lolito-kola
bamboo .				bash'
Bengal .				bangla-des
Bengali (person	i)		Ċ	bangali
Bengali (adject				bangla
betel leaf	. /			pan
bison (bos from	talis)			gayal; mit'an
boat, small	. ′			dingi; na
boat with roof				panshi
boatman .	•			maji; dari
brocade .	•			kingkab
buffalo		•	•	mosh
Calcutta .	•	•		kolkata
chutney				chatni; achar
corral used to tr	ap ele	phant	es	keda
cultivation,				
mountain-side	e, in a	jungl	е	
clearing which				
doned after t	wo o	r thre	e	
harvests .			•	j'um
curds (yaghourt)	•		doi
curry				torkari ; kari
			_	

elephant .		hati
elephant, rogue		san
England .		ingland
English		imriji; sahebi
European .		biliti
-		
fig-tree (banyan)		bot-gach
fish:		8
(clupea ilisha)		hilsa
(lates calcarifer)		b'ikti
foods:		
mixture of currie	ed	
veg	etables	chechki
rice cooked with	butter	
and	pulses	kichuri
boiled meat and	l rice.	
with	spices	polao
wheat wafers frie	d in gi	luchi
unleavened bread	i .	ruti
brinjal (aubergine		begun
France		fransa
fruits:		
Cape gooseberry		tipari
custard-apple .		ata; nona
coconut		narkol
jack-fruit		kat'al
mango		am
•	•	44141
Germany		jarmani
handens 1. 1		
headman, landowner		chaudri
Ianan		•
Japan	•	japan
	222	

landing-stage				g'at
lizard .				tiktiki
lotus .				poddo
				-
malaria .		•		maleria
molasses				gur
mosquito				mosha
muslin .				molmol
musician				kalwat
mystic .				moromia
,				
nationalist				shoraj-dola
2100001				•
opium .				apim
opiani				•
pardon me				k'oma korben
parrot .				tia
pepper, chilli				longka
prawn .				bagda-chingri
painter .				chitro-kor
please, (if you	1			onugro'o korc
poet .	,	•		kobi
procession	•	•	•	michil
puffed rice	•	•	•	muri
pulled rice	•	•	•	man
religion				dormo
religion . rice-milk	•	•		payesh
	•	•	•	taka
rupee .	•	•	•	tana
sacred place				tirtostan
saffron .				jafran
	•	•	•	kakra-bicha
scorpion shrine .	•	•	•	dorga
simile .	•	•	•	dorga

snake charmer shapure student . chatro sweets . met'ai; halua; misti (caseine sweet) shondesh (boiled sweet) . roshogolla sweet potatoes rangalu take care! shabd'an | hushiar ! teak shegun thank you d'ono-bad tiger bag kachim turtle university bisho-bideloi vulture shokuni veranda . baranda what's the matter? . bepar ki? lek'ok writer gudam warehouse

Salutations:

To a Hindu nomoshkar l To a Moslem . selam!



Part Four AN ANGLO-ASIATIC GLOSSARY

AN ANGLO-ASIATIC GLOSSARY

This list contains words which, although in common use among English speakers in Asia, do not correspond precisely to any word in the local languages concerned.

amah ayah . . . nursemaid (Portuguese ama, aia).

atoll . . group or ring of coral islands enclosing a shallow lagoon (Maldive atolu; Singhalese atul (inside)).

baht (tosling the) (to talk) a language (Hindustani bat).

bandana. . handkerchief of bright colours, with white spots (Hindustani bandhna (fasten)).

basha . . bamboo shed or hut (Bengali bansh (bamboo)).

bearer . . . personal servant or waiter (perhaps originally from palanquin-bearer).

beriberi. . a disease due to causes similar to those which produce scurvy (Singhalese beri, (debility)).

betel-nut . more accurately, areca-nut wrapped in a betel leaf smeared with lime (Malayalam vettila (simple-leaf)).

bobachi. a cook (Hindustani bawarchi).

bobachi-kana. a kitchen, generally separated from the house to which it belongs (Hindustani bawarchi-khana).

Bombay duck . dried bummelo fish.

bonze . Buddhist priest (Japanese bonzi, bonzo (religious person) or bo-zi

(teacher of the Law)).

bosh . . nonsense (Turkish bosh (empty)).

bottle-kana . pantry.

bo-tree . peepul-tree (Singhalese bo) or

Indian fig-tree.

boxwalla . travelling pedlar or salesman.

boy . . servant.

Brahminy bull bull dedicated to Siva and turned loose in an Indian bazaar: or, more

generally, Indian humped bull.

brain-fever bird Indian cuckoo with a maddeningly persistent cry.

brinjal . egg-plant (Portuguese bringela). bummelo . a small fish (Mahratti bombila).

bund . . embankment, often with a road along the top; or a small bank dividing one rice-field from another

(paddy-bund) (Hindustani band). bunder-boat . small boat (Persian and Hindustani

bandar (harbour)).

bungalow . European house (Hindustani ban-

gala (Bengali)).

caddy . . small box for holding tea (Malay kati (one and one-third pounds

weight)).

crystallized candy sugar; sweets general (Malayalam kandi (lump), (sugar-candy) Persian-Arabic kand). military station or garrison town cantonment in India (archaic English word canton (to quarter soldiers)). hereditary class division among caste Hindus, based on common origin, occupation and inter-marriage (Portuguesc casta (lineagc)). a weight equal to one and one-third catty pounds (Malay kati). earthen pot (Telugu chatti). chatty chawl . tenement house in an Indian slum quarter. cigar, generally with the ends cut cheroot . off (Malayalam churuttu (a roll)). Southern Indian merchant Chetty . (Malayalam chetti). chilli . dried pod of red pepper (Mexican chilli). chin-chin cheerio, so long, goodbye, or good health (Pekingese ching-ching (thank you.)). voucher given instead of cash chit; chitty payment; testimonial given to a servant, etc. (Hindustani chitt'i (letter)). chokra; chico boy, servant-boy, urchin (Hindustani ch'okra).

chop

seal-impression, stamp or mark

of authority (although now used

mostly on the China coast and in the South Seas, this word comes from the Hindustani ch'ap). Pidgin English for 'be quick' (Cantonese kap-kap). pair of small sticks used to carry food to the mouth (in Chinese they are called 'quick things,' and the Cantonese kap (quick) is presumably the origin of 'chopsticks'). a bout, or period, in polo and other (Hindustani games chakkar (circle)). coconut fibre (Malayalam kayar (cord)). district administrative officer and magistrate in parts of India (a translation of the Moghul title of tahsildar, which comes from the Arabic tahsil (to collect)). enclosure round a house, factory or group of buildings (perhaps from Malay kampong (village)). butler or steward (Portuguese comprador (purchaser)). dried kernel of the coconut, from

copra . . dried kernel of the coconut, from which oil is extracted (Malayalam

kopparu)

chop-chop

chopsticks

chukker

collector

compound

compradore

coir

country-boat country-born indicate the local origin of many things and people. (translation of Hindustani desi).

ten million (generally used of crore rupees) (Hindustani karor). spiced concoction of vegetables, curry fish, meat or eggs eaten with rice or unleavened bread (Tamil kari). half-done (Hindustani cutcha . kach'a). A 'cutcha' road is an unmetalled road; a 'cutcha' build-ing is one of mud or crude brickwork; a 'cutcha' picce of work is a shoddily done one. 'Cutcha' is in every way the opposite of 'pukka.' robber belonging to an armed gang dacoit (Hindustani dakait, daku). Hence 'dacoity.' hacking-knife short sword or dah (Burmese da). boatman; ascetic distinguished dandy by carrying a staff; hammock slung from a pole carried by two or more men, used as a conveyance in hilly country (all from Hindustani and Bengali dand (staff, pole)).

dak-bungalow rest-house maintained by the government (Hindustani dak mail, post)).

dengue. . fever marked by pain in the joints (probably a Zanzibar word; not used in the East before 1860).

dhow, dow . sailing vessel of Arab build (not an

Arabic word; possibly of Persian origin, through dav (run)).

dinghy . boat (Hindustani and small

Bengali dingi).

cooking pot (Hindustani degchi). dixie

clothes of coarse calico (Hindustani dungarees

dungri).

demon, generally inhabiting a ghoul wilderness (Arabic ghul, Persian

ghol).

warehouse (Singhalese gudama, godown

Telugu gidangi).

sacking, sacks (Hindustani goni). gunny .

gymkhana sports club or sports meeting (perhaps from Hindustani gendkhana (ballhouse) used of a rackets

court).

seat carried on an elephant's back howdah

(Arabic haudaj, more properly used

of camels).

pipe in which a mixture of tobacco hubble-bubble

and spices is smoked through water.

jack-fruit a huge and very sweet fruit (Malay-

alam chakka).

image or idol (Portuguese deos joss

Hence 'joss-house'
'joss-stick' (stick of (god)). (temple),

incense).

(Sanskrit jaganath), a name under juggernaut

which Krishna is worshipped in parts of India; also used of the massive carriage in which images of the god are drawn in public processions.

junk . . Chinese sailing-ship (Javanese

jong (large ship)).

khaki . dust-coloured (Hindustani k'aki).

kincob . . gold brocade (Persian and Hindus-

tani kamk'ab).

kukri . . curved knife used by Gurkhas

(Hindustani kukri).

kowtow to touch the forchead to the ground

in salutation (Chinese ko-tau

(knock-head)).

koi-hai . . a veteran British resident in eastern

India (from Hindustani koi hai (anyone there?), a phrase used to

call for servants).

lakh . . 100,000 (often rupees) (Hindustani

lak').

lascar . Asiatic (generally Indian) sailor.
(Persian lashkari (a common

soldier)).

mahout . . elephant-driver (Hindustani mah-

awat).

mango . . a soft and very sweet fruit (Tamil

mangey).

mangosteen . another sweet fruit (Malay manggis

or manggusta).

mangrove . dense growth found both above and below the water-line in tropical tidal estuaries (Malay manggimanggi).

maskee . Pidgin English for 'never mind' (Portuguese mas que (in spite of)).

maund. . weight varying from 28 to 82 lb. (Hindustani man; a word of great antiquity, cf. Arabic mena, Latin mina, Greek m'na, and the m'na or men found in Egyptian hiero-

glyphic inscriptions).

mem-sahib . an English lady; Mrs. (English ma'am, Hindustani sahib). In Malaya mem alone is used in the same sense.

mofussil . the countryside around an Indian city; up-country (Hindustani and Arabic mufassal adalat (a separate, i.e. provincial, court)).

the winds which bring the great yearly rains to the Far East; the rains themselves; or the time of

great rains (Arabic (season)).

monsoon

mufti . . . army slang for civilian clothes (Arabic mufti (an expounder of Moslem law); the connection is obscure. Mufti may originally have meant a loose dressing-gown which was perhaps thought to resemble a Moslem official robe).

mulligatawny. peppery soup (Tamil milagutanir (pepper water)).

mongoose . ferret-like animal (Telugu man-

gisu).

muslin . . cloth of fine texture, originally from Mosul (Mausil) in Iraq

(Arabic mausili).

mussulman . Muslim or Mahomedan (corruption from the plural forms of muslim, which are in Arabic muslimin and in Persian musliman).

must . . frenzied; applied chiefly to elephants (Persian mast (drunk)).

nabob. . corruption of Hindustani nawab
(a governor, or a rank equivalent
to a peerage); formerly used to
describe Englishmen who returned
home with fortunes made in the
East.

nerrick rate . standard rate for wages or prices, published by a local authority in India (Persian nirkh).

orang-utang . great man-like ape (from Malay orang-utan (man of the forest); but in modern Malay orang-utan now means a jungle tribesman).

paddy-bird . a kind of heron, usually white, which is commonly seen in rice-fields (Malay padi (rice)).

paddy-field rice-field, generally in its flooded state. pagoda . temple or tower (possibly from Sanskrit b'agavat (holy, divine) through Portuguese pagode). palanquin travelling litter carried by several men (Portuguese palanquin from Malay palangki, Telugu pallaki). outcaste (Tamil paraiyar, a low = pariah caste very numerous around Madras; not used by Tamil speakers to describe outcastes). pariah-dog or ownerless, generally mongrel, dog. pie-dog patchouli leaves of a plant akin to mint; used as hair-scent, or as an ingredient in smoking tobacco. (Tamil pash 'shilai). orderly (Portuguese peon messenger, peoa). pidgin corruption of 'business.' Pidgin English is a jargon developed on the China coast between Englishmen and Chinese when neither understood the other's language. The grammar was largely based Chinese, the vocabulary on English.

puggled . crazy, foolish (Hindustani pagal).

polo . form of mounted hockey (polo, in the Balti dialect found in the

pommel pumn pukka pug punch	nelo	•	western Himalayas, means a poloball); played throughout Asia for centuries, and adopted by the English in Manipur in 1854. large citrus fruit (Malay pumpulmas). ripe, well-built, genuine (Hindustani pakka); the opposite of cutcha (q.v.). spoor, track of a wild animal (Hindustani pag (foot)). Hence pagi, a tracker. drink composed of winc or spirits mixed with hot water, sugar, lemon, and spices (Hindustani panch (five); the constituents being usually five in number).
ryot	•	•	peasant (Arabic raiyat, a collective term for 'subjects').
sago	•	•	starch used as food, extracted from pith of a kind of palm (Malay sagu),
'satin	•	•	kind of silk cloth (from Zaitun, ancient port on the China coast, through Arabic zaitunia).
secunny		•	steersman or quartermaster (Persian sukkani).
seer	•	•	weight approximately equal to 2 lb. (Hindustani ser).
sepoy	•	•	Indian soldier (Hindustani and Persian sipahi).
serang	•	•	skipper or chief hand on a small

shagreen .	native vessel (Hindustani and Persian sar'ang (commander)). leather with granulated surface (Turkish and Persian saghri, meaning both the rump of a horse and the special leather originally only made from rumps).
shaman	exorciser, devil-dancer (Tunguz shaman). Hence 'shamanism.'
shampoo .	originally used to describe massage (from imperative of Hindustani champna, to press).
shroff	money-changer; man employed to check the quality of coins; to sort coins (Arabic sarraf).
squeeze	an illegal exaction.
sudder	principal, main (Arabic sadr). Used in such phrases as 'sudder bazaar.'
suttee	the rite of widow-burning (Sans-krit sati, a true woman).
syce	groom; chauffeur (Hindustani and Arabic sais).
tamarind .	(tree bearing a) fruit from whose pulp a drink is made (Persian tamar-i-Hindi, i.e. Indian date).
tank	reservoir; artificial pond or lake. (Portuguese tanque, cf. French étang).
tat	pony (Hindustani tattu).
teapoy	small tripod table (Hindustani tin pae (three feet)).

terai hat. felt hat with broad brim and double thickness (from Hindustani tarai, damp country; particularly the humid belt of jungle country just south of the Himalayas). formerly one of a gang of robbers thug noted for strangling their victims (Hindustani t'ag (a swindler). a weight of silver; in Siam, a tical silver (Hindustani coin Talaing t'ke). ticca (gharry). hired (carriage) (Hindustani t'ika (hire)). tiffin lunch (from obsolete English tiffing, i.e. taking a snack between mcals). - tindal petty officer in a lascar (Malayalam tandal); foreman of a gang of labourers. palm-wine, fermented from the toddy sap of the palmyra, date, or cocopalm (Hindustani tari); any hot swectened drink. (Malay ton-ton, Tamil tom-tom tambattam). typhoon sudden storm, hurricane (Arabic, Persian and Hindustani tufan ; Chinese tai fung (great wind)). powerful man; originally applied tycoon . to the Japanese shoguns (Japanese

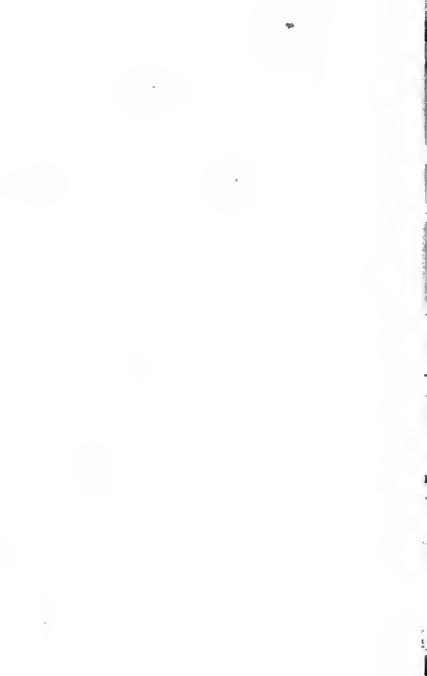
taikun (great prince)).

veranda

open gallery round or in front of a house (Bengali baranda, Sanskrit varanda).

viss

a weight equal to about 3 lb. (Tamil visai (division)).



Part Five

ASIATIC SCRIPTS

- ARABIC (USED FOR TURKISH, ARABIC, PERSIAN, HINDUSTANI (URDU), AND MALAY).
- 2. NAGRI (USED FOR HINDUSTANI).
- 3. TAMIL.
- 4. BENGALI.
- BURMESE.
- 6. SIAMESE.
- 7: CHINESE (USED FOR ALL CHINESE LANGUAGES AND FOR JAPANESE).
- 8. KANA (USED FOR JAPANESE).
- 9. RUSSIAN.

1. ARABIC

Used for Turkish (roman script is also used in Turkey), Arabic, Persian, Hindustani (Urdu), and Malay. The letters marked * are not used in Arabic itself. Arabic is written from right to left.

The final forms of Arabic letters resemble the isolated forms: medial forms resemble initial forms.

"Isolated.	Initial		Isolated.	Initial	
1		а	ہ	ظ	dh
ب	:	ь	ع	2	, ,
ب ت	:	t	غ	ż	gh
ث	:	th	غ	ŝ	ng
٤.	>	j	و و العالم لعالم	j	f
<u>د</u>	~	ch*	ث	5	p*
~	> -	h	ق	5	g
ر خ	÷	kh	ک	5	k
3		d*	کُ	5	g*
ذ		dh	J	J	1
ر		r	۴	4	7/1
ز		z	ن	i	n
v	•	\$	و		u, to
ش	ش	sh	•	A	h
ص	m	8	ي	<u>•</u>	i, y
ض	ض	dh, d	- پ	ļ	ny*
<u>_</u>	L	t	,	•	•

2. NAGRI, HINDI, OR SANSKRIT

Used (mainly by Hindus) for Hindustani (Urdu). The letters in each word are joined together by the horizontal bar.

Vowels .	
----------	--

भ	आ	₹	ŧ	8	ব্য	Ų	ý	स्रो	औ
ă,	а	i	i	11	24	e	ey	0	au

Consonants:-

ts:—				
ন	च	ટ	ন	प
k	ch	t	t	Þ
ख k'	E	ठ	च t'	ष
k'	ek'	t'	t'	p'
ग	ज	ख	द	₹ <i>b</i>
ग 8	ज j	d	₹ d	Ь
घ	झ	₹ ď'	ध	भ <i>b</i> '
g'	न्ध j'	ď'	ध d' म	ь,
च g' क	জ	\$	म	स
9	x	d, r	n	111
ख	য্	₹	स	দ্য
ख़ kh	sh	₹ 1	S	r f
₹ h	च	ग	ल !	ব
h	y	ग gh	1	v

3. TAMIL

The second column gives the forms in which vowels are most commonly found, i.e. when combined with consonants.

dis	k	<u> </u>	k'
ria .	ng	æit	ka
å	ch	8	ki
6	ny	E	ki
ů,	d, t	ரு	ku
लंग	n	Fn.	ku
ģ	th, dh	கெ	ke
ந்	n	G&	key
ů	p, b	ണക	kai
ம்	m	கொ	ko
ŵ	у	கோ	ko
άr	r	கௌ	kau
ல்	1		
வ்	v		
ιρ	l, zh		
ள்	1		
ற்	r, t		
लंग	n, nd		

4. BENGALI

The forms shown are the simplest. Any two or three Bengali consonants can be combined to make a compound letter. The form of vowels varies according to the vowel's position in a word—initial, medial, or final.

*	\boldsymbol{k}	ল্	1
য	g*	ष	s;sh
Б	ch	হ	h
ছ	ch'	জ	r
ष	j	ζ	rh
ড	d	य	k'
च	ď'	গ	g
ত	t	હ	ng
¥	d	ব	j'
ন	n	ৰো	n
क	f; p'	ঠ	t ⁱ
ৰ	ь	eţ	n
ত	<i>b</i> '	ধ	£"
7	m	स	ď'
য	j;y	প	Þ
র	rr	*1	sh

5. BURMESE

Forms given for vowels are initial ones. When a vowel follows a consonant, the symbol so is omitted and the consonant falls its place.

o	to	ယ	y
۰	ď'	လ	l
0	t, #	က	k
q	#	သ	th
o	p	ဘ	b, p
9	m	නු	ny
o	p, b	20	s
ь	Ъ	392	а
c	n, ng	99	e
•	z	જી	i
§	1	33	i
ə	ch	ક્ ર્	0
٩	y	26	u
0	d	વ્ય	и
φ	n	6883	au
œ	t'	පෞරි	210
တ	t	•	ey
ဟ	h		

6. SIAMESE

n	k	T t'	
ข	k'	u n	
ข	k'	и в	
ń	k'	ป๋	
ค	k'	ti p'	
ฆ	k'	ϵ l f	
4	ng	W p'	
1	ch	N = f	
ħ	ch	an p'	
જ	ch	u m	
ซ	s	ีย 🦅	
ល	ch	2 r	
ល្ម	y	ถ [
2	d, t	3 10	
2	t	ų t	
P	d	ត រ	
n	t	N h	-
n	t'	n indicates a	vowel
n	t*		

7. CHINESE

Used for all Chinese dialects and sometimes for Japanese (in combination with Kana).

Normally characters are written in vertical columns. It is, of course, only possible to give a few of the simplest and most useful characters.

人	person			日	sun	day		
男	male; me	n		月	moo	n; m	onth	
女	female; w	romen		山	mou	ntain		
入口	entrance			水	wate	r		
出口	exit			火	fire			
注 意	be careful			田	land	; pad	dy-field	i
止	stop			M	dish	plate	C	
危險	danger			禾	rice (grain)		
大	big; great			*	rice (polish A	ed); merica	
小	small; you	ng		竹	bamb	00		
- :	= = 2 3	四 4	五 5	六 6	七7	八 8	九 9	+
		F	,	_		~	7	10

8. KANA

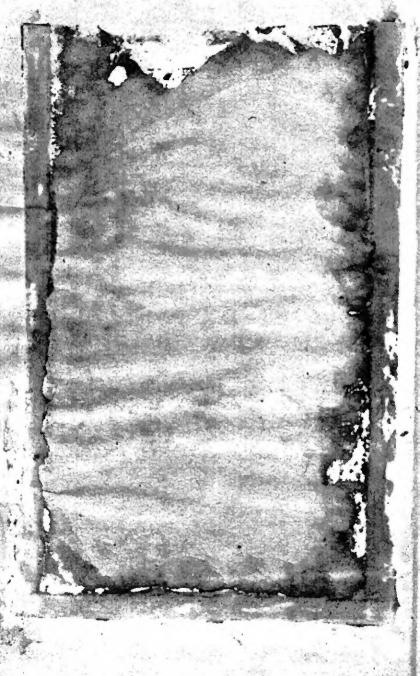
Used for Japanese (sometimes in combination with Chinese characters).

	Katakana	Hiragana		Katakana	Hiragana
a	7	あ	ha	- 1	12
ī	イ	S	hi	t	Z
22	ゥ	う	fu	フ	2
	工	6	he	~	~
0	オ	お	ho	गेर	独
ka	カ	カン	ma	~	#
ki	*	\$	mi	3	み
ku	7	<	mu	4	T
ke	ケ	if	me	х	B
ko	3	2	mo	=E	8
sa	サ	*	ya	*	P
shi	5/	L	yu	2	ιφ
su	ス	す	yo	9	1
se	+:	th.	ra	ラ	_
50	ソ	Z	ri	y	5 5
ta	31	た	ru	יט ער	りで
chi	F	5	re	-	3 3
tsu	ッ	2	70	V	れき
te	Ť	T		TI CI	ろ該
to	ŀ	સ	tva	ワ	D 5
na	ナ	な	(v)i	中 井	お野
ni	=	12	(w)e	7	為支
7111	女	sa v	(w)o	7	老 战
ne	净 予	オム	72	~	L
no		0)	ช	ウ *	

9. RUSSIAN

		,		
A	a	a (Italian)	пп	Þ
Б	Ó	Ъ	Рр	r
д	д	d	Сс	\$
Э	а	e	Тт	t
E	e	ye (as in yes)	Уу	u (in " put ")
Ф	ф	f	ю о	yu (as " you ")
Г	P	g	B n	v
Ы	11	i (in " is ")	3 в	ಜ
H	и	i (in "machine")	x X	kh (as ch in loch)
И	A	y (in "boy", "grey" etc.)	Цц	ts
к	tc	k	y y	ch
Л	п	l	III m	sh
M	М	221	M ut	shch
н	n	n	ne 2K	zh
0	0	0	Яя	ya (as in Yarrow)
Ë	ë	yo (as in "yoke")	Ьь	y (as in yes, young, etc.)





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